AUG 29 1921

GET IT
The New Price List of Cycles, accessories, will be sent post free on request
Wellington Cycle and Motor Company,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FREE TO CYCLISTS.
The New copy of our Price List will be sent post free on application.
Wellington Cycle and Motor Company,
Tamarind Lane, Fort BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

EDITED BY B. G. HORNIMAN, 1913—19.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

CONDUCTED BY MARMADUKE PICKTHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI.

VOL. IV NO. 152 BOMBAY: MONDAY, AUGUST 29, 1921. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES
All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date	Steamer	Tons.
1921		
3rd September	"MERKARA" ..	
10th "	"DONGOLA" ..	8,285
17th "	"PLASSY" ..	7,346
24th "	"NALDERA" ..	15,826
1st October,	"SOUDAN" ..	6,696
8th "	"MOREA" ..	10,890
15th "	"EGYPT" ..	7,941
22nd "	"CHINA" ..	7,952
29th "	"MALWA" ..	10,941

"NALDERA" } Through steamers from
"MALWA" } Australia.

P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN.
A special train leaves Marseilles for London, via Boulogne, shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

P. & O. SAILINGS FOR THE STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

Date.	Steamer.	Remarks.
18th Sept.	KASHGAR	To Colombo and Calcutta
23rd "	NARKUNDA	Colombo, Fremantle, Adelaide
21st October	"MANTUA"	Melbourne and Sydney.

(Through steamer from London.)"

REDUCED FARES BETWEEN BOMBAY AND COLOMBO.
First Saloon single ticket £10
Second Saloon single ticket £7

A Special three-months holiday return ticket, first saloon only, will now be issued at £13. All these fares are payable only in Rupees at the current rate of exchange with a minimum of 1s. 4d.

SAILING TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamer	
8th Sept.	BAVO A ..	Karachi P and Gulf
2nd "	LHASA ..	Karachi direct.
7th "	KARAGOLA ..	E & S Africa noon
30th "	VARSOVA ..	Busra direct

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
P. O. Box 129.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE.
CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.
Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
16, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 163.
Telephone No. 1336.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer	Captain	Arrival	Departure.
Kadsu Maru	G. Matsuzaki	14th Aug.	29th Aug.
Malay Maru	T. Shimazaki	25th "	5th Sept.
Saigon Maru	T. Seto	10th Sept	22nd Sept
Ganges Maru	R. Yamanoi	19th "	1st Oct.
Peking Maru	K. Yamaguchi	7th Oct	19th Oct

For Freight and passages, etc., apply to
K. SHIMA,
Manager.
Wallace Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan).
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Totomi Maru	J. Fukaura.	3352	6th Aug	27th Aug
Wakasa Maru	B. Tsuda.	8074	15th "	1st Sept
Hakata Maru	Y. Tomioka	5970	30th "	12th "
Morioka Maru	B. Takiguchi	4469	10th Sep	25th "
Tamba Maru	D Aoshiwa	5845	25th "	8th Oct.

For freight and passage apply to
T. TAGAMI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED,
(REGISTERED IN JAPAN).
(ESTABLISHED, 1880.)
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen. 100,000,000
Paid Up Capital ..... Yen. 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen. 53,992,866
HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES.

Batavia.	Kobe.	Saigon.
Bombay.	London.	San Francisco.
Buenos Aires.	Los Angeles.	Seattle
Calcutta.	Lyons.	Shanghai
Changchun.	Manila.	Shimonoseki.
Dairen.	Nagasaki.	Singapore.
Fengtian	Newchwang.	Surabaya
Hamburg	New York.	Sydney
Hankow.	Nagoya.	Tientsin.
Harbin	Osaka.	Tokyo.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Tsinan.
Honolulu.	Rangoon.	Tsingtau.
Kai Yuan.	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
N. OTSUKA.
Manager.
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 887

THE INDUSTRIAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA, LD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL 62,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 40,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL 3,996,320
DIRECTORS:
1. Hon. Mr. Purshotamdas Thakordas, C.I.E, M.B.E.
2. Mangaldas G Parekh, Esq.
3. Chamanlal G. Parekh, Esq.
4. Hormasji Manekji Mehta, Esq.
5. Surji Vallabhdas, Esq.
6. S. F. Mulla, Esq.
7. Jeshinghbai Ujamshi, Esq.
HEAD OFFICE—AHMEDABAD.
Local Sub-Branch—Station Branch.
Bombay Branch.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 3 per cent. per annum from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 special arrangements are to be made.
DEPOSITS for long and short periods are received on favourable terms.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed 4 per cent.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities.
For further information and rules of business apply to the Bank's Manager in charge of the Bombay Branch. Mr. Tricumlal N. Mody, No. 50-52, Churchgate Street.
GIRDHARDAS & SONS,
Managing Agents.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital £1,800,000
Paid-up Capital £1,050,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..... £ 750,000
Reserve Fund £1,050,000
HEAD OFFICE.
14, Gracechurch Street London, N. C.
LONDON BANKERS.
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah (Calcutta)	Madras
Bombay	Kandy	Mauritius
Calcutta	Karachi	New York
Colombo	Kota Bhru	Penang
Delhi	(Kalantan)	Rangoon
Galle		Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.
J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.
CONSTITUTED UNDER THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA ACT 1920.
For the purpose of taking over the undertakings and business of the Bank of Bengal the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Madras.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL.
2,25,000 share of Rs. 500 each ... 11,25,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL AS ON 25TH MARCH 1921.
75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each Fully Paid 3,75,00,000
72,376 shares of Rs. 500 each Rs. 125 Paid 90,47,000
Total 4,65,47,000
RESERVE FUND as on 25th March 1921 3,54,52,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS as on 25th March 1921 ... 2,71,91,000
MANAGING GOVERNORS.
Sir Norcot Warren; N. M. Murray, Esq. (Offg)

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES.
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras.

LONDON OFFICE.
No. 5, WHITTINGTON AVENUE, E.C. 3.
Sir Bernard Hunter, Manager.

BRANCHES.

Agra	Hyderabad Sind
Ahmedabad	Indore
Ahmedabad City	Jalgaon (East Khandesh)
Akola	Jalpaiguri
Allahabad	Jubbulpore
Alleppy	Karachi
Amraoti	Lahore
Bangalore	Lucknow
Bellary	Madras (Mount Road)
Benares	Madura
Bezwada	Mangalore
Berhampore	Masulipatam
Bimlipatam	Moulmein
Bombay (Byculla)	Mandalay
Bombay (Mandvi)	Nagpore
Bombay (Sandhurst Road)	Narayangunge
Broach	Negapatam
Calcutta (Clive St.)	Ootacamund
Calcutta (Harrison Road)	Patna
Calcutta (Park St.)	Poona
Calicut	Palacole (sub out station to Cocanada)
Cawnpore	Vuotta
Chandpore (Pay Office)	Rajahmundry
Chittagong	Rajkot (Kathiawar)
Cocanada (Outstation Narsapur)	Rangoon
Cochin	Salem
Coimbatore	Secunderabad
Colombo	Soraigunj (Pay Office)
Dacca	Simla
Delhi	Sholapur
Erode	Sukkur
Guntur	Surat
Hyderabad Deccan (Sub-Agency Parbhani)	Tellicherry
	Trichinopoly
	Trivandrum
	Tuticorin

CURRENT ACCOUNTS Opened free of charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at interest.
SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and Interest allowed.
GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.—Received for safe custody, purchase and Sales effected. Interest and Dividend collected and credited to account or omitted in accordance with instructions.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.
Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorneys etc., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.
R. A. DON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay.

THE PUNJAB-NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorised	50,00,000	0	
Capital Issued	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	20,13,801	15	2
Reserve Funds	15,80,351	15	10

Dividend at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum has been declared by the Bank on paid-up capital.
HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES.

Amritsar	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Montgomery
Bombay	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Calcutta	Jhelum City	Quetta
Delhi	Karachi	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Rahon
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Sialkot
Gojra	Ludhiana	Srinagar
Hapur	Multan City	Umballa City
Hoshiarpur		Umballa Cantt

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to.—
DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

INSURANCE.

INSURE
YOUR
MOTOR
(CAR, CYCLE, LORRY)
WITH THE
BRITISH INDIA GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LD.
Head Offices: 123, Esplanade Road, Fort Bombay.
Agency Applications Invited

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY. LTD.
HEAD OFFICE.
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.
This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.
Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India Liberal Policy terms.
"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India.
For all forms of Assurance please apply to
P BANERJEA,
Secretary
EAM & CO.
Managing Agents
or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS.
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency, C. P. Berar and C.I.
988, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO LTD.
125, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY
CHAIRMAN:
Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, B.A., LL.B.
Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Goorji & Co).
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq., Advocate.
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P., (Mooljee Jetha Co.), (Ex-Officio.)
Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely safe without any vexatious restrictions.
Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies—a boon to Policy-holders.
Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.
For particulars apply to:—
JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers

BANKING.

THE BANK OF MORVI, LTD
(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)
HEAD OFFICE:—Fort, Bombay.
BRANCHES:—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS:—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Rs. 40,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls ... Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds Rs. 2,63,000
CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Interest at 3 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.
STERLINGS DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.
GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.
STOCKS and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.
All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
C. I. PAREKH & Co.,
Agents.

THE BANK OF INDIA LTD
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH AHMEDABAD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,50,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	70,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 3½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGH OUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK Accounts opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
H. A. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE NATIONAL INDIAN
HEAD OFFICE.
6/7, Clive St., Calcutta
MARTIN & CO.
Managing Agents.
Incorporated in India 1907.
INSURE UNDER AN ENDOWMENT POLICY.
The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums—
The Company pays you on maturity or your heirs if death occurs
NO VEXATIOUS CONDITIONS—A SIMPLE CONTRACT—PROMPT PAYMENT.
For all particulars and forms apply to
BHUGWANDAS NIRMALDAS,
Branch Secretary.
Bunder Road, Karachi.
M. S. HOOSAIN, Chief Agent.
Residency Main Road, Hyderabad (Deccan).
Branch Secretary,
LIPTON'S BUILDING,
83, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
W. ST. JOHN CHURCH,
Resident Manager, Calcutta.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.
SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK
5%
Investments mainly in or against Terminable: Government Securities and in securities admitted by the Insurance and the Trust Acts, thus Eliminating altogether, or Minimising to the lowest degree the danger of Loss or of Depreciation of Assets.
It is not the bulk of Assets, but the Quality of Assets that counts for the Investor seeking a place for his unemployed balances
CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3% FIXED DEPOSITS 5% to 6½%
Apply Dr. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, Managing-Director.

REMEMBER
"Inkotine Inks"
Are the recognised Standard Inks of India.
Brightness Permanency
Non corrosiveness
Guaranteed
G. S. RANADE & CO.
BOMBAY, No. 4.

Mr. Merchant
If you want to select your requirements from a big assortment and buy at cheapest prices, saving all middlemen's profits,
GO TO—
The Bombay Commercial Museum
It is the place
Where Manufacturers and Wholesale Distributors display samples of their commodities on payment of fees for such display.
Where orders are booked for you at exhibitor's standard prices without the least addition of any profits.
Where any business information you need is yours for the mere asking.
A VISIT WILL POSITIVELY PROFIT YOU.
Open Daily from 4 to 8 p.m. (S. T.) except on Fridays.
ADMISSION FREE.
THE BOMBAY COMMERCIAL MUSEUM BUILDING
Opera House Tram Road, Girgaum, BOMBAY.

INSURANCE.

THE MERIDIAN PROVIDENT INSURANCE CO LTD
24 CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, 2ND FLOOR.
WANTED
WANTED—INFLUENTIAL PERSONS to act as canvassing agents for the above Company.
The Company issues 1st and 2nd class policies at a monthly premium of Rs. and Re. 1 respectively payable for 10 years. The maximum amount payable under the policies being Rs. 500 and Rs. 250 respectively.
Terms on application.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
TOTAL FUNDS .. .. Rs. 1,76,00,000
LOW PREMIUMS
LIBERAL CONDITIONS
WORLD-WIDE POLICIES.
Prospectus and all information may be obtained from Head Office, BOMBAY.
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.
Managers

HOTEL.

EASTERN HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.
131, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.
Under European Management. Board and Lodging Rs. 5 and upwards per day. Home comforts and excellent cuisine. Large and Airy rooms. Hot meals can be supplied at any time between 9-30 a.m. to 9-30 p.m. Outside meals supplied. Special rates for monthly residents. Office and business people are invited to take advantage your prompt service at table.
Catering speciality.

GREAT FACTORY OF PETROL DRUMS.
In our factory, Galvanised petrol-drums of double seam, Anchor Brand Buckets, etc. etc. are manufactured by machinery worked by Electricity.
RATES MODERATE.
Trial order is earnestly solicited.
MUSAJI VALIBHOY PATRAWALA
Oppe Police Chowkie, Null Bazar
BOMBAY No. 2.

The Bombay Chronicle

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ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing MS. for the Press, correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

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The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.,) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

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Monthly	,, 3	,, 3-8

Single Copy Two Annas

SUNDAY EDITION.

Yearly	Rs. 5 Rs. 6

PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—OVERSEERS with experience in roads and buildings on consolidated salary of Rs. 75 rising to Rs. 100 per month. HUZUR SECRETARY, Gondal, Kathiawad.
A C10644

WANTED.—An ADVERTISEMENT CANVASSER. Salary Rs. 100 and commission. Also a bill collector, Rs. 40. Apply personally to the UNITED PRESS, 74, Bomji Street, Fort.
A R1199

WANTED.—AGENTS for Moffisil, for Permanent Brass Name-plates, good commission given. THE FAVOURITE NAME-PLATE Co., 130, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay No. 1.
A R1171

WANTED—An ASSISTANT SECRETARY for Anjuman-i-Islam, Bombay. Must be a good accountant and correspondent. Knowledge of Urdu essential. Apply stating terms and enclosing copies of testimonials HONORARY SECRETARIES.
A R1190

WANTED—An experienced UPPER SUBORDINATE with at least 8 years' experience in P. W. Department as Sub-Divisional Officer on a consolidated salary of Rs. 150 rising to Rs. 200 per month. Apply HUZUR SECRETARY, Gondal, Kathiawad.
A C10645

WANTED—A young competent experienced English-knowing CANVASSER to secure orders of Steam coal and Mill store. Apply stating lowest pay with copies of testimonials to the MACHINERY & COAL SYNDICATE, AMBALA (Panjab). We supply hand-made hand-spun woollen blankets. Price Rs. 5 to Rs. 25 each. Apply to above advertiser.
A C10652

WANTED—FEMALE SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON for the Lady Dufferin Hospital, Alwar. Pay Rs. 70 per month. Conveyance Allowance, Rs. 25 per month. House rent Rs. 10 per month and free practice. Apply to DR. C. D. PANDE, State-Surgeon, Alwar.
A C10635

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SOLE AGENCY WORKS of some good firm by an energetic, young Indian, well-up in business, proceeding to America. Apply sharp Box No. 7045, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

BALLARD ESTATE—*Ground floor, suitable for show rooms and offices on upper floors in one of the best situated buildings with an all sea frontage on Ballard Road opposite Ballard Bunder near Mail Station entrance in AMARCHAND BUILDING* are to let immediately in parts or whole floors at revised rents. For particulars apply to the owner on the premises in writing or personally daily between 12.30 p.m and 1-30 p.m. and 5 p.m. and 6 p.m.
C R 1022

TO LET IN SIMLA.—GRANDVILLE LODGE, *till December. Lower flat, 2 good rooms, one dressing room, and one kitchen. Tap water in the premises. Healthy locality and respectable society. Rent Rs. 3 for the season. Immediate entry.* Apply MR. P. SINHA, Bingham Cottage, Simla.

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

MOTOR GARAGES—TO LET at 426, Girgaum Road, Thakurdwar, facilities for E. L., water, telephone and pit; lock-up and independent.
C R1163B

TO LET.—A BUNGALOW at Poona Naylor Road No. 1, Mangaldas Road, situation good. Apply to BIRLA BROTHERS, No. 11-13 Curchgate Street, Bombay.
A R10662

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

FOR SALE or RENT.—A LABORATORY, fully equipped with chemicals, apparatus water, Gas and Electric connections. Apply to Box No. 7121, Advt Dept "Bombay Chronicle."
G R1178

FOR SALE.—In Mussoorie Hills, Desirable Residential and Business places also a few villages in the plains, also houses to let. For full particulars please apply to SANON BROS, Oxford House, Mussorrie U. P.
G R1179

MACHINERY, TOOLS, Etc

FOR SALE—One STEAM JACKETED PAN complete. Size 6ft. by 12 ft. Brand new and tested to 60 lbs. pressure. Apply for terms Box No. 7124, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K C10655

WANTED—Second-hand but in perfect condition—1 10 N.H.P. PORTABLE ENGINE, either single or double cylinder, preferably with fire box suitable for burning wood refuse; 1 30 or 36 inches BANDSAW with tilting table; 1 Single Spindle Moulding Machine with fence and countershaft, complete with reversing motion; 1 18 inches PANEL PLAINER and THICKNESSER; 1 OVERHAND PLAINER and EDGAR 15 inches; 1 TENORING MACHINE for stock up to 6 by 2 inches; 2 HAND MORTISING MACHINES with boring attachment; 1 42 inches CIRCULAR SAW BENCH with rising and falling table; 1 SAW GRINDING and SHARPENING MACHINE; 1 PLAIN IRON GRINDING MACHINE for Cutters up to 24 inches. Apply stating full particulars, time used, makers and lowest price to Messrs. MD. YAKOOB KHAN & SONS, Cabinet Makers, BAREILLY.
K C10622

EDUCATIONAL.

C. C. EDUCATION OFFICE, Poona City, coaches up students in Book-keeping for L. C. C. Ex., in Rs. 5. Enlist to-day.
M C1120

ENROLMENTS for London Chamber's 1922 Examination. General Commerce Course will soon close. Apply immediately PRINCIPAL, DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, Great Western Hotel Buildings, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
M R1175

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1893. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects—"Book-keeping and Accountancy. Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.
M

FINANCIAL.

WANTED.—A CAPITALIST to invest running Rs. 10,000 to the limit of Rs. 15,000 in a well established business firm at handsome rate of interest. Security, Influence, Status and Integrity of present proprietors. Please write to Box No. 7130, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R 1201

WANTED.—A PARTNER with capital to finance two of the largest most profitable agencies ever brought to the East. Advertiser is a man of influence and standing in India and has extensive business connections in Europe and America. A very large and quick return may be expected. Reply stating capital available and giving full details. Only men of undoubted standing negotiated with. Apply Box No. 7129, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R R1197

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ENGLISH DESSERT APPLES, 9-LBS., net for Rs. 5 all charges included by V. P. Parcel post—CAPTAIN BANON, Duff Dunbar P. O.—Kulu, Punjab.
T R1088

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE TIME—250 only purely SWADESHI WOOLLEN RUGS, light weight. Size 84in. by 54in. Price Rs. 5-12 each. THE UNIVERSAL TEXTILE STORES, Avenue Road, Bangalore City.
T C10647

AN Indian firm of good repute and influence is willing to have the Buying and selling rights of Swadeshi and Hand-made cloth of any description. Apply Box. No. 7123, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C10654

CITY SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING STUDIO.—Opposite Whiteaway's, Fort, Bombay. The leading Institution in the East, pronounced by Commercial Experts to be the BEST. Mang. Props. A. B. KAPADIA and F. J. DAVAR.

WANTED.—BUYERS for Charkhas—We carry a great stock of Charkhas and Handlooms at moderate prices. Write your inquiries JETHALAL SANGHJI & CO., 5—7 Islampura Lane Golpitha, Bombay.
T R1177

BE A PATRIOTIC—Buy our well-known purely SWADESHI WOOLLEN RUGS, made in India by Indian labour with Indian wool in choicest designs with fringed ends. Size 84in. by 54in. Price Rs. 5-12 each. THE UNIVERSAL TEXTILE STORES, Avenue Road, Bangalore City.
T C10646

MAHATMA GANDHI PARISRAMAJAYAM." Bezwada-Krishna District, Andhra Province, sells all sorts of pure hand-spun and hand-woven shirtings, coatings, Dhoties, towels, turban-cloths, saries, etc., at moderate rates. Has extensive dealings in Swadeshi Cloth with all parts of India. Trial solicited.
T R1181

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ARMY & NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England.)
of 105 VICTORIA STREET WESTMINSTER, LONDON, S.W.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS.

THE BOMBAY BRANCH of the Society will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 31st instant for Stocktaking.
C10625

FOR SALE

BUILDING STONES such as Copry Khank, Bubble Corner Stones, Metal Header etc.

Also machine extracted "Sissl Hemp on Agreve Fifre." For samples and rates apply to the AGENT, the Powai Estate, 50 Medows Street, Fort.

THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD.

ISSUE OF 7,00,000 SECOND PREFERENCE SHARES OF RS. 100 EACH AT PAR.

FOURTH CALL.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a Meeting of the Directors of this Company held here on the 11th August, 1921, a call of Rs. 15 per share on the Second Preference Shares of the Company was made, and it was determined that such call should be paid to the Company's Agents at the Registered Office, Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, on the 3rd October, 1921, and that from such date interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum will be charged until payment.

The payment in respect of this call will only be accepted if the amount paid covers the call due on all the shares registered against shareholders' name on 14th September, 1921.

All remittances must be made payable in Bombay free of charge.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED on 16th September and 17th September, 1921.

By order of the Directors,
Tata Sons Limited, Agents,
R. D. TATA.
Director.

Navsari Buildings, Fort,
Bombay, 17th August, 1921.

P. S.—1. Shareholders' attention is particularly drawn to the fact that as all the Second Preference Shares will carry dividend at the rate of 7½ per cent. per annum from 3rd October, 1921, on Rs. 70 the ammount then paid up, interest at the rate of nine per cent. per annum will therefore be strictly charged to all persons who do not pay up the amount of the FOURTH CALL on the due date, that is, 3rd October, 1921.

2. As the FOURTH CALL on Second Preference Shares is payable by those persons whose names stand on the register of the Company on 14th September, 1921, no transfer of Second Preference Shares will be accepted, after 14th September, 1921, if the FOURTH CALL is not paid by the shareholder whose name is on the register, on the 14th September, 1921.
C10589

ANGLO-INDIA AND COLONIAL NAVIGATION CO. LTD.
(In Liquidation).

S. S. "NAGPUR" AND S. S. "RAMPUR."

FOR SALE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the sale of the above steamers.

The steamers are lying in Bombay in Stream off Mazagoan.

SPECIFICATIONS OF S. S. "NAGPUR."
Built in URAGA Docks Company, Japan in 1918.

Official No. 133366.
Length 228'
Breadth 33'
Depth 18-7'
Registered Tonnage 692 99/100.
Gross Tonnage 1277-29.
Dead Weight Tonnage 1937.
Water Ballast Tank about 340 tons.
Capacity of Bunkers 215 tons.
Coal Consumption about 14½ tons with a speed of 8 knots.
Cubic Capacity about 1923 tons.
Certificate of Classification of Bureau Varitas.

SPECIFICATIONS OF S. S. "RAMPUR."
Built in Uraga Docks Company, Japan in 1918.

Official No. 133367.
Length 200'
Breadth 32'
Depth 22'
Registered Tonnage 747-65 tons.
Gross Tonnage 1274-31 tons.
Dead Weight Tonnage 1938 tons.
Cubic Capacity 1938 tons.
Water Ballast Capacity 104 tons.
Capacity of Bunkers 360 tons.
Coal Consumption about 15 tons with a speed of 10 knots.

Certificate of Classification of Bureau Varitas.

The Tenders must be in writing addressed to *the Liquidator of the above Company and* must be received at the Office of the Liquidator at 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, or his *attorneys Messrs. Bhaishankar, Kanga and* Girdharlal Albert Buildings, Fort, Bombay, *before 15th September, 1921, accompanied with* a cheque for 5 per cent. of the amount offered.

The acceptance of Tenders by the Liquidator *will be subject to the sanction of the Court* and a deposit of 25 per cent. of the purchase price of the same will be required to be made on the acceptance of the Tender in respect thereof.

The purchase must be *completed within one* month of the acceptance of the Tender and in this respect time will be of the essence of the *Contract.*

Further particulars and forms of Contracts which will be required to be signed by the *purchasers of the said Steamers may be* obtained from the Liquidator at his office *aforesaid or at the office of Messrs. Bhai-*shankar, Kanga and Girdharlal, his attorneys, Albert Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

Dated, this 16th day of August, 1921.

Per Pro N. H. Moos,
GIRDHARLAL H MEHTA,
R Official Liquidator. C10567

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO., LTD

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 12th day of September to 26th day of September, 1921 (both days inclusive).

By order of the Board,
R. J. DUFF,
Manager.
C10653

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S. S. "MALAY MARU" having arrived from Japan via Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Colombo, the Consignees of her Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition, unless a written application is received by the undersigned within seven days after the cargo has been discharged. Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's appointed surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to survey. No bag cargo in single gunny will be surveyed. The bills for claims for short delivery and damage, etc., are to be sent to this office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

Osaka Shosen Kaisha,
K. SHIMA,
Manager.

Bombay, 27th August, 1921.

TENDERS.

PRESS NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of the Temporary (War) Buildings which are erected outside the Cantonment Boundary between Kirkee Station and Government House.

Tender Forms may be obtained from the Garrison Engineer, Kirkee on payment of Re. 1 for each form.

All Tenders must be received by the D.A.D.M.W., Poona not later than 1st September 1921.

The D.A.D.M.W., Poona reserves the right to reject any tender, or accept the whole or part of any tender.

Tenders submitted must be accompanied by Rs. 100 as earnest money, returnable to unsuccessful Tenderers.

The following information is a brief specification of the buildings offered for sale:—

Original value.

Buildings with roofs of Mangalore tiles on planks Rs. 50,627.
Buildings with roofs of Mangalore tiles on C. I. Sheets Rs. 19,839.
Buildings with roofs of Mangalore tiles on battens Rs. 1,46,821.
Buildings with thatch, brick etc., Rs. 5,105.
TA C10478

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Re. ESTATE OF EDITH ROSALIE DAWSON-LIGHT ..... Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts and liabilities affecting the estate of Edith Rosalie Dawson-Light, formerly of the Chaplaincy Trivandrum, Travancore, but late of the Parsonage Jhelum, Punjaub (wife of the Reverend William Light), European, deceased, who died at the Parsonage, Jhelum, Punjaub, on the 12th day of April, 1920, and Letters of Administration with copy of the Will annexed of whose estate having effect throughout the whole of British India were granted on the 22nd day of August, 1921, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to Framjee Rustomjee Wadia and Maneckshaw Nusserwanjee Pochkhanawalla, two of the duly constituted attorneys of (Reverend) William Light, the widower of the said deceased, the residuary legatee named in the said Will, are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Administrators at 123, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within one calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the said Administrators will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

Dated this 27th day of August, 1921.

WADIA GHANDHY & CO.,
Attorneys for the Administrators.
C10661

NOTICE.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MUNSIFF OF CUDDAPAH.

Between O. S. No. 222 of 1921.)
GIRDHARILAL ROOPCHAND ... Plaintiff.
and
BHAGEERADH, trading in the name of Raghunadh Bhaguradhu. ..... Defendant.

TAKE NOTICE that the above-named Plaintiff has filed the above suit against the defendant for the recovery of Rs. 154-2-9 and the above suit stands posted to 16-9-21 and if the defendant fails to appear on that day and answer the claim the suit will be decided *exparte.*

C. SRINIVASA RAO,
Pleader for the Plaintiff.

Cuddapah, 25-8-21.
C10665

AUCTION SALE.

MESSRS. MUSSAJI JAFFERJI.

Under the kind instruction received from the Chief Ordnance Officer Kirkee Arsenal, Messrs. Mussajee Jafferjee, Government Auctioneer *will hold a public auction at Kirkee* Arsenal on TUESDAY, 30th August, 1921, at 2 p.m of the following Army woollen and cotton UNSERVICEABLE CLOTHING:—

A large quantity of warm and cotton Blankets, Razais, Masquitonets, *greatcoats*, coats warm, Boots ankle, Flannel and cotton shirts, Mittens woollen, waistcoats warm, woollen *Jackets, trousers and shorts khaki drill*, Pyjamas warm, suttrinees, Kurtah flannel, gunny, Jerseys, Towels, Puttics and etc.

Condition of sale will be read over on the spot.

Messrs. MUSSAJEE JAFFERJEE.
R Government Auctioneers. R1187

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.
129, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF HOSIERY SHOP AT CHAKLA STREET TOGETHER WITH ITS GOOD WILL, STOCK IN TRADE AND RIGHT OF OCCUPANCY OF THE SHOP.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esqr., receiver in suit No. 1148 of 1921 (Fatmabai and another v. Ahmed Jusub and others), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on FRIDAY *the 2nd September 1921, sell by Public* Auction at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Chakla Street the stock-in-trade, goodwill and the right of occupancy of the shop. The stock in trade consists of socks, underwears, breaches, stockings, gunjis, mufflers, caps, show cases writing tables, chairs, safe, cash boxes, etc., etc.

The above will either be sold in one lot or in separate lots.

Catalogues are published and the goods on view.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF TALLOW TINS, SCALES, SAFES, ETC., ETC.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos Esqr., Receiver in suit No. 2943 of 1921 Meriambai v. Abdoolkader)

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 31st instant sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Bhindi Bazar Gujer Street next to Parsi Fire Temple, the following:

One lot Tallow tins, scales, iron safe, writing tables, chairs etc., etc.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR LORRIES.

Under instructions from Mr. C. Cumming, who is going home Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SATURDAY, the 3rd proximo, sell by Public Auction at their rooms at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) the following:—

Three motor trollies each 40 H P 4 cylinder and 5 tons capacity worked by Kerosine oil or petrol in good running order.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 48,000 SERVICEABLE EMPTY GUNNY BAGS.

On THURSDAY, the 8th day of September 1921 at 3-30 p.m. (S T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at S and T Crops, Manufacturing Section F Shed grain depot—Sewree Reclamation by order of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, Agents to the Controller of Contracts.

About 48,000 serviceable empty gunny bags of assorted size to be sold in separate lots.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 29th August, 1921.

J. S. MODY & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
89, Apollo Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 3409.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS. AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT TARDEO OPPOSITE THE ALLIANCE MILLS OUTSIDE THE FORT.

TO-MORROW TUESDAY the 30th day of Aug. 1921 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the second Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Odhavji Dhanjibhoy Engineer and in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the Second Mortgagee under the Indenture of 2nd Mortgage dated the 23rd day of January 1920 and made between the Mortgagor of the one part and the Second Mortgagee of the other part and subject to the First Mortgage, the undermentioned property, viz.:—

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras freehold land or ground together with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses built and to be erected thereon situate lying and being on the East side of Tardeo Road, outside the Fort and in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 3023 square yards or thereabout and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 8 New Survey No. 13483 and Old Survey No. 457 and New Survey No. 1/3391 and are bounded as follows that is to say on the East by the property of the Alliance Manufacturing Co., Ld., on the West by Tardeo Road, on the North partly by the property of Sorabji Dadabhoy Dubash and partly by the property of Hormusji Nowroji Daver and on the South by the public road of Municipality and old branch of B. B. and C. I. Railway and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward Nos. 3816 (1), 3816 (1A), 3816 (1B), 3816 (1C), 3816 (1D) and 3816 (1E) and Street Nos. 665, 667, 675A, 675B, 675C, 675D and 675E and which said premises are now in the possession and occupation of the Mortgagor and his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned at their office in Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 PACKAGES WHITE NAINSOOKS.

On WEDNESDAY, the 31st day of August, 1921, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms in Apollo Street next to the Post Office, by order of Messrs. Edgelow Gulabchand Wadia and Co. Attorneys for Messrs. Salleh Mahomed Oomer Dossal and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Ramdas Govindji, the following 25 packages of white nainsooks.

Bales Nos. 3666/75—10 bales, each containing 150 pieces Nos. 696 to 698.

Bales Nos. 3626/35—10 bales, each containing 150 pieces Nos. D 109 D 119 and D 129.

Cases Nos. 1314/18—5 cases each containing 150 pieces Nos. 6582, 8872 and 7716.

A deposit of 25 per cent delivery must be taken within 8 days on payment.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 29th August, 1921.

MESSRS MENESSE & CO.
No. 35, Hummum Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4079.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction the following *unclaimed bags of grain, etc., on WEDNESDAY,* the 31st August, 1921, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), at the Carnac Bridge Goods Shed.

Unclaimed bags of wheat, gram, linseed, gram, toor, gram dall, C. P. goods, wooden casks, gunny bags, iron sheets, jeera seed, fenal seed, poppy seed, toor chuni, ghee, wool, flour, khasta, kismis, hose pipe, coal, jagree, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF 28 CASES FLINT PAPER.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 1st September, 1921, at 3 p.m., at their Rooms, by order of the office concerned and on account and at the risk of Hakimudin Abdoolhoossein:—

W. V. 624 B. S. 1/28—28 cases Flint Paper, size 13½ by 16½.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers

Bombay, 29th August, 1921.

AUCTION SALE.

MESSRS MEHTA & CO.
On Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO CONTRACTORS HOUSE BUILDERS TIMBER MERCHANTS AND FURNITURE MAKERS.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 50 TO 55 TONS MOULMEIN TEAK SCANTALINGS AND PATLIS.

On THURSDAY, the 8th September, 1921, at 4 p.m. Messrs MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction by order of Seth Hiralal Badrinarayan at his godown at Tank Bunder and on account and at the risk of (1) Vully Mahomed Joosab (2) Mahomed Ebrahim and (3) Adam Hamid who were trading in the name of Bava Mahomed Guljar.

About 50 to 55 Moulmein teak scantalings and patlis

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO CONTRACTORS HOUSE BUILDERS TIMBER MERCHANTS AND FURNITURE MAKERS.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 2 TONS RANGOON TEAK SCANTLINGS.

On THURSDAY, the 8th September, 1921, at 4 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction by order of Seth Hiralal Badrinarayan at his godown at Tank Bunder and on account and at the risk of Vully Mahomed Joosab Geoljar.

About 2 tons Rangcon teak scantlings.

NOTICE

The Auction Sale of the remaining unclaimed parcels etc. at Bori Bunder will be proceeded with TODAY at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.).

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO CONTRACTORS HOUSE BUILDERS, TIMBER MERCHANTS AND FURNITURE MAKERS

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 300 TONS RANGOON MOULMEIN SELECTED FIRST CLASS TEAK SQUARES.

On THURSDAY, the 1st September at 4-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Sewree Bunder by order of Seth Gangabrai Rukmanand and on account of the constituent.

About 300 tons Rangoon Moulmein selected first class teak squares short and long

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 29th August, 1921

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EMPRESS

A Week's Repertoire of
INDIAN PRODUCTION.
by
MADAN THEATRES, LTD.

MONDAY 29th at 4; 6; 8 and 10 p. m.
BILWA MANGAL
or Bhagat Soorbas

TUESDAY 30th at 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.
SHIVARATRI
The great Hindoo Festival offering

WEDNESDAY 31st at 4; 6; 8 and 10 p.m.
DHRUVA CHARITRA
The Pole Star

THURSDAY 1st Sept. at 4; 6; 8 & 10 p. m.
NALA DAMYANTI
The love story of the Ages from Mahabharat

FRIDAY 2nd at 5-5; 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p.m.
MACISTE
The Strongest man in the World.

TO-NIGHT and THIS WEEK.
HERE'S ANOTHER BROAD-WEST GEM!

Messrs. K. D. and BROTHERS are happy to announce to their West-End Patrons the advent of a wonderfully sublime Screen-Poem, the charming Photo-drama a Love —dream!

"A daughter of Eve"

(5 Reels — 5,000 ft.)

A typical British Love-Story with a big surprise at the end, featuring

VIOLET HOPSON & STEWART ROME.

Jessica Bond is in love with Sydney Strangeway. Her hero is a happy—go—lucky fellow; and his uncle at last dismisses him from business. Matters assume an ugly look, when Jessica is hustled into a marriage of convenience with a middle aged Earl. Yet she is true to her old love. *She help him out of his financial* scrape. Complications arise with dire results. *But the awakening is indeed a big* surprise Come and see!

JUST THE DELIGHTFUL SOCIAL SUBJECT YOU WANT!

A Comedy in the Programme.

Four Shows To-day at 5-30, 7; 8-45 and 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)

West-End Cinema,
(NEW CHURNEY ROAD).

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 10 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

Mr. MAURICE E. BANDMAN

presents the

Bandman Comedy Company

To-night at 9-30 p. m.

THE SUCCESS FROM THE GLOBE THEATRE

"THE VOICE FROM THE MINARET"

Booking at ROSE & Co., after 7 p. m. at the Theatre.

AT THE

EMPIRE

TO-NIGHT !

AT 10 P. M.

AT 10 P. M.

AT 10 P. M.

The greatest Boxing Event of the age.

DEMPSEY

DEMPSEY

Versus.

CARPENTIER

CARPENTIER

For the Heavy-weight Championship of the world

DEMPSEY KNOCKS OUT CARPENTIER

Four Rounds of fierce fighting

The champion's smashing body blows

Carpentier finished spreadeagle

The Frenchman's Pluck no Match for Dempsey. Carpentier to Dempsey.

"You are the best man in the World.'

THE FIGHT OF THE CENTURY

Sole Right controlled for India :

By Messrs. PATHE CINEMA.

Sole Distributors in India :

MADAN THEATRES LTD.

Plans open at Messrs. S. ROSE & Co.

PRICES : Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2, 1.

BOOK EARLY.

AND AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT.

EMPIRE CINEMATINEE.

Direction : Madan Theatres, Ltd.

TO-DAY AT 6-30 and 8-15 p. m.

JIMMY Doyle, Jail Bird!

The quickest coolest, best looking, most romantic crook, was going straight

H. B. WARNER,

goes through many strange, suspenseful dramatic and merry adventures in

DICE OF DESTINY.

A romance greater in human depth, action and colour than H. B. Warner's great stage success

— Alias "Jimmy Valentine."

Pathe Gazette ; Pathe Sunbeam

And a New

POLLARD COMEDY.

THE FIRST WEEK!

THE SERIAL SUPREME!

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present

TO-NIGHT

their mighty Mystery—Adventure Serial

"The Carter Case"

"The Carter Case"

"The Carter Case"

Opening 7 Chapters—7,000 feet—This First Week.

Here's a Photo-novel full of thrilling hair-raising stunts from beginning to end the Chapter-play that makes you gape with wonder and mystery, and makes your spine tingle at the unusual turn of events every 3 minutes.

"The Carter Case"

"The Carter Case"

"The Carter Case"

starring

MARGARET MARSH

and

BERBERT RAWLINSON

a fascinating CRAIG KENNEDY SERIAL with a Charming Love Story entwined round it and punctuated with suspense, Romance and dare devilry, in almost every foot of the reels

A Comedy in the Programme

Four Shows To-day at: 5-30, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S.T.)

GLOBE CINEMA

(SANDHURST ROAD)

COMMERCIAL

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

Liverpool 24th August 1921.

	Bales
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool, ...	12,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp. ..	—
" " Sales of East Indian ..	800
" " Imports	—
EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES :—	
Mid Americans cotton spot — ..	9.30
EgyptianF. G. F. Sakels. — —	5.50
New York, 11 a.m. Oct. ..	13 84
(As known in Liverpool at— Jan. ..	14 18
closing time.) May ..	14 42
Oct. ..	13 54
New Orleans 10 a.m. — —	
Jan. ..	13 94

CLOSING PRICES

Liverpool, 24th August, 1921.

Months	To-day's Prices.
August	9 20
September	9 21
October	9 25
November	9 26
December	9 30
January	9 29
February	9 31
March	9 35
April	9 35
May	9 35
June	9 32
July	9 33

Tone:—Steady.

EGYTIAN COTTON

Liverpool 24th August 1921.

Months	To-days Prices.
Aug.	14 90
Sept.	14 95
Oct.	15 00
Nov.	15 10
Dec.	15 10
Jan.	15 10
Feb.	15 10
Mar.	15 10

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, 24th August 1921.

M. G. Bengal, Good	5.58
" " Fully Good	6.06
" " Fine	6.31
" " No. 1 Oomra, Good	6.41
" " " Fully Good	6.91
" " " Fine	7.16
" M.G. Broach, Good	7.71
" " Fully Good	7.96
" " Fine	8.21
" Scinde, Good	5.44
" " " Fully Good	5.94
" " Fine	6.19

DISCOUNTS.

London. 25th August, 1921.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	4 3/4
" Indian Bank Bills 3 m/st ..	5 3/16
" Fine Trade Bill 2 m/st ..	5 1/2
" " " 6 " ..	6 1/8

METAL REPORT.

Tin Block 148

LINSEED.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags Aug. Sept. Buyers .. .. £ 22

" Tone .. .. —

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net Aug. Sept. sellers 36

" Buyers, etc, Sept, Dec. Paid .. 37 1/2

New York, 25th August, 1921.

Demand Bills 3.70.25

EXCHANGE.

London, 25th August 1921.

Exchange on London in Paris	47 58
In Germany	309.25
In Italy	86 80

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

Stockholm	16 98
Christiania	27 68
Amsterdam	11 83
Switzerland	21 75
Belgium	43 65
Petrograde	—
Athens	66 00

Liverpool 25th August 1921

Mid American Cotton spot	9 63
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakels	16 20

CLOSING QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

Bombay, 27th August 1921.

New Fully Good Broach April-May,	411
Fully Good Bengal, September ..	300
Fine Oomra's,—September ..	380
" " Dec.-Jany. ..	365

IMPERIAL

TO-NIGHT

(A PATHE PHOTOPLAY)

The struggle of a man who fought himself and world for half a chance to justify his honest love for a good woman, Its the Season's Stupendous Sensation. So powerful it will leave an Indelible Impresion on your Heart but don't miss the great action in.——

"HALF A HANGE

Adopted from the famous novel by FREDERIC ISHAM.

PATHE GAZETTE

Latest News

Coming Shortly.

DETECTIVE NICK WINTER

TIME

Daily 7, 8 45 & 10-30 p. m.

Saturday & Bank Holiday at 5 p. m.

Sunday at 3-30 & 5-15 p. m.

PRICES AS USUAL

ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on 26th August, 1921

Cotton	2068	Bales.
Wheat	6476	Cwts.
Linseed	8046	"
Rapeseed	2920	"
Gingellyseed	505	"
Popyseed	816	"
Groundnuts	2564	"
Castorseed	1783	"
Rice	2722	"
Myrabollams	Nil	"
Cottonseed	2330	"
Mowraseed	Nil.	"
Gram	600	"
Jawar	Nil	"
Masur	Nil	"
Barley	Nil	"
Bajra	247	"
Coal	5229	Tons.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

(From our Correspondent.)

August 27.

Owing to continued bullish advices from New York the Marwari Bazar opened this morning steady at Rs 373 for Oomra September and after touching Rs. 371½ advanced till Rs. 379 Fine M G Oomra December-January opened at Rs. 345 and advanced till Rs. 360 declining again to Rs. 358 at 4 p.m. Fully Good M G Broach April/May opened at Rs 385 and steadily advanced till Rs. 408 dropping to Rs. 405 at 4 p.m. New Bengal for December-January delivery was quoted today at Rs. 300/305 nominal. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 106 for Oomra September. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 411 and closed at Rs. 411.

Our market for ready cotton remains quiet and the inquiry is limited. We do not look forward for any decline in the near future. High class fine ready Oomra is demanded here at higher prices.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay 27th August 1921.

	Market Rates. 1-0 p. m.
Bank Telegraphic ..	1-4 11 16
Bank Demand ..	1 4 23 32
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s ..	1-8 3/8
Fcs. Demand ..	350
American Dollars ..	399
Honkong Dollars ..	198
Shanghai ..	270
Japan ..	188
Singapore ..	167

Market :—Steady.

THE METAL MERCHANTS CO.

Issued rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations.

27th August, 1921.

	Per Maund.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass	3/4	79	8	0
Do.	1	79	8	0
Do.	1 1/4	79	8	0
Do.	1 1/2	79	8	0
Do.	1 3/4	80	0	0
Do.	2	80	0	0

COPPER RATES.

Bombay, 27th August, 1921.

	per Maund,	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper	3/4	83	0	0
Do.	1	84	8	0
Do.	1/4	86	0	0
Do.	1 1/2	86	0	0
Do.	1 3/4	86	0	0
Do.	2	86	0	0
Japanese Copper Bars ..	..	62	0	0
Panch teka joint ..	..	83	8	0
Copper English Bars ..	..	60	0	0
Brass Bars	..	38	4	0
Lead	..	45	0	0

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BULLION.

BOMBAY, Aug. 27.

Bars gold ready Rs. 29-2 0
Bars gold forward Rs. 29-2-0
Bars gold 2nd settlement
Bars silver ready Rs. 93-0-0
Bars silver 1st settlement Rs. 93-0-0
Bars silver 2nd settlement Rs.

EXCHANGE.

On London Bank's selling T T 1/4 3/4
On London Bank's selling D D 1/4 25/32
On London Bank's buying T T 1/4 7/8
On London Bank's buying D D 1/4 15/16
Tone of Exchange. Easy.
On Paris. Bank's selling D D Frcs 324
On Paris Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs 344
On Paris Bank's buying D D Frcs 334
On Japan Bank's selling T T Rs. 188
On Japan Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 192
London gold ready s 111-6
London silver ready d 38
London silver forward d 37 5/8
Tone of Silver. Dull.
American Cross rate on London S 3.70 per £
French Cross rate on London Frcs 47.60 per £
Italian Cross rate on London 86.10 per £
Swiss Cross rate on London 21.70 per £
Belgium Cross rate on London 48.90 per £
German Cross rate on London Mrks. 309 per £

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper Rs. 60
5 per cent War Loan 84
4 per cent Terminable Loan 97
4 per cent Conversion Loan 76
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1922 100/10
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928 100/6
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974 65
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930 96
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974 65 to 49 96
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1999 to 49 96
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 65
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 109/12

Share market was closed today.

COLOUR MARKET.

Aug. 27.

The market for all colours continues weak and in absence of actual business the prices in some cases are nominal. Alizarine and Directs had some fair demand. Sulphurs had no healthy demand. The prices are maintained, but limited business passed in a few important colours only. The indenting business is almost standstill. The tone is steady and the market is more in favour of buyers.

Quotations :—
Congo Red, Rs. 3-4 to 3-12 per lb.
Magenta Crystals, Rs. 13/14 per lb
Benzo Purpurine, Rs. 4-8 per lb.
Delta Purpurine, Rs. 7 per lb
Alizarine 20 per cent, Rs. 125/150 per cwt
Metanil Yellow (Con), Rs. 6 per lb
Malachite Green, Rs. 8 per lb.
Methyl Violet, Rs. 7-8 per lb.
Sulphur Black, Rs. 2-12 per lb.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Names & Amount paid up.	Face	Div. Paid	Last quotation Div. Next to Exp., buyer
INDIAN BANKS.	Rs.		Rs.
Allahabad	100	Feb-Aug. 13%	230
Alliance Rs. 50 ..	100	Jan-Aug. 17½	200
Baroda, Rs. 59 ..	100	Jan-July. 14%	80
Imperial	500	Jan-July 16%	1,280
Bank of India, Rs. 50	100	do 14%	122
Morvi	25	Feb-Oct. 9%	26
Central Rs. 25 ..	50	,, 14%	28 xd.
Central Co-op. Rs. 50	50	,, 7%	45
Tata, Rs. 22½ ..	75	,, As. 12%	25-8
Union, 7½	50	,, Rs.	5
EXCHANGE BANKS.			
Chartered .. ..£	5	April-Oct. 12%	£5 14
Eastern £5 .. ..£	10	,, 7%	Rs. 69
Hongkong & Shanghai £	125	,, 83%	£ 95
Mercantel A £ 125 .. £	25	June-Dec. 15%	251
Mercantel B £1251 £	25	,, 15%	251
Mercantel C £5 ..	£101	,, 15%	101
National, £ 12½ ..	25	,, £20½	27
PRESS COMPANIES.			
	Rs.		Last Div. Rs.
Akbar	50	May.	37 500
Fort	475	Nov.	250 1,389
Harvey & Sabapathy	500	July	70 625
Indian Cotton ..	125	Oct.	15 117½
Manmad Mig	250	Aug.	15 205
New Berar	500	Oct.	50 480
New Mofussil ..	400	Nov.	110 675xd
New Prince of Wales	500	Oct.	90 650xd
Volkart B. P. ..	500	Sept.	50 525
RAILWAY COMPANIES.			
Ahmedabad Dholka	100	May-Aug.	11½ 118
Ahmedabad Prantej	500	,,	12½ 500
Amritsar Patty ..	100	Mar-Aug.	9% 102xd
Central Provinces ..	100	June-Jan.	6% 94xd
Chaparmukh-Silghat	100	Mar-Sept	4½ 75
Dhond Baramati ..		Jan-July	5½ 60
Futwah-Islampur, Rs. 50 ..	100	Mar-Sept	5% 52
Guzerat	100	June-Jan	5% 75/8
Hoshiarpur Doab ..	100	Jan-July	4% 67
Khulna Bhagirghat ..	100	..	4½ 100
Larkhana	100	..	4% 70
Mandra Bhoa, Rs. 90	100	April-Oct.	5% 61
Mymensingh ..	100	..	5% 70xd
Pachora Jamner ..	100	Jan-July	5% 71
Sana Sirajganj ..	100	May-Nov.	4% 61
Shalkot Narowal ..	100	April-Oct.	5% 70
Sind Light	100	July-Dec	10% 120
Tapti Valley	500	Jan-June	11% 399
Upper Sind Light ..	100	..	5% 69
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.			
Ahmedabad Electricity	100	..	10% 200
Andhra Valley O. ..	1,000	..	4% 840
Andhra Valley P. ..	1,000	..	4% 700
B. E. S. & T. Coy. P.	Rs.50	..	7½ 55
B. E. S. & T. Coy. O.	Rs. 50	..	Rs. 6 148-/12
Karachi E. S. ..	100	May-Oct.	3% 103
Surat Elect. ..	100	..	— 4 Prim
Tata Hydro. Elec.O....	1,000	Jan	35 870
,, ,, P.....	1,000	Jan	35 870
Telephone	50	..	2 168
SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.			
			Half Year Div.
Ahmedabad Advance	500	April-Oct.	120 2,700
Alliance Cotton ..	100	..	— 410
Apollo	50	..	— 110
Asar Virji 75 ..	100	..	30 140
Bhiwani	100	Dec. 12	12½ 125
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	500	..	25 1,870
Bombay Dyeing ..	950	Mar-Sept.	120 1,232/8
Bombay Industrials ..	100	..	— 115
Bradbury Mills ..	950	..	35 1,225
Century	100	Mar.-Sept.	90 1,130
Central India O. ..	500	May-Nov.	140 4,750
Central India P. ..	500	May-Nov.	5% 370
Colaba Land & Mill	700	..	260 2,275
Coorla	1,000	Mar-Sept.	350 2,150
Crescent	100	..	60 740
Currimbhoy	950	..	100 2,052/8
David	950	..	140 1,797-8
Dawn	950	June-Dec.	250 1,685
E. D. Sassoon United 7½	10	..	As. 3 Rs. 6
Edward Sassoon ..	500	May-Nov.	100 635 xd
Elphinstone	100	Feb-Aug.	15 360
Emperor Edward ..	100	..	100 1,600
Fazulbhoy	500	..	500 1,660
Finlay Mills	950	April-Oct.	120 1,307/8
Framji Petit	1,000	May	150 2,212
Globe	100	..	20 238
Gokak Mills	100	June	25 227 1/2
Gold Mohar	100	..	50 300
Hindustan	1,000	..	150 2,650
Hyderabad	1,000	April-Oct.	200 1,600
Ind. Dyeing & Bleaching	100	..	10 212/8
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	..	250 2,188
Maiwa	100	April-Oct.	50 715
Imahed Mfg. ..	250	Mar-Sept.	150 600
Jivraj Balo	1,000	April-Oct.	140 2,500
Custoorchand ..	500	Mar- Sept.	50 1,665
Khandesh	1,000	June-Dec.	500 2,500
Khatao	100	..	85 640 xd
Kohinoor	100	..	275 3,175
Lakshmi Cotton ..	1,000	Mar. Aug.	500 4,500
Madhavrao Scindhia	100	..	25 400
Madhowji Dharamshi	500	Mar. Sept.	200 3,600
Madras United ..	1,000	June-Dec.	300 2,700
Maneckji Petit ..	1,000	Mar. Sept.	300 3,500
Mathuradas Mills ..	500	..	100 1,360
Mayer Sassoon ..	150	Mar-Sep.	25 350 xd
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1,000	..	350 7,100
Mysore Spinning ..	250	Feb. Aug.	50% 700
New City of Bombay	100	April-Oct.	100 850
New Great Eastern ..	500	..	60 1,130
Pabaney	950	..	100 1,075
Pearl	950	..	100 1,410
Phoenix	100	Mar-Sept.	170 1,800 xd
Planet Mill	100	..	200
Premier Mills ..	100	..	245
Presidency Mills ..	125	Jan-July	886
Sassoon Cotton ..	100	April-Oct.	10 125
Sassoon Silk	500	April	20 600
Sholapore	1,000	..	1,000 17,500
Simplex	250	June-Dec.	35 1,085
Sir S. Broacha Mills	100	July	20 506
Standard Mills ..	500	Mar-Sept.	80 2,880
Swadeshi	500	Mar.-Oct.	250 5,155
Swan .. .. O.	950	Oct.	100 1,520 xd
P.	500	..	15 1,652
Tata P.	500	..	51 950
Union Mill .. O.	250	..	6 756
P.	500	..	200 2,160
Vishnu Cotton ..	500	..	75 502
Eastern India ..	1,000	..	12 5 1,700
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.			
Alcock Ashdown ..	20	..	100 40
Back Bay Bath ..	50	..	6 48
Badam Pile	70	..	100
Balapur Sugar Co., ..	100	..	.. 15 Dis.
B. Borna T. Corpora tion	100	..	Rs. 38 850 xd
Burma Corporation New Issue 50 ..	125	..	6 100 xd
Flour Mill	500	Jan-Aug.	125 1,650
Bombay Ice Manufg.	25	..	2 20
Bombay Steam Navigation. O.	250	Mar-Sept.	7 317/8
P.	250	Oct.	3% 103
Bombay Uganda 30 ..	100	..	815 Dec
Bombay Cycle & Motor Agency 75 ..	125	July	2625 75
British Burmah Petroleum .. .. O.	5	Mar-Oct.	As. 6 14/4
Eastern Chemical D.	15	..	12½ 15
Empire of L. Life Rs.50	11	..	Nil. 23
Gobhai Karsanjis 50	500	..	40% 3881
George Gahagan & Co.	100	..	— 60
Indian Cotton Oil O.	100	..	Rs. 5 5 dis
P.	100	Dec-July.	7% 7½nom
John Roberts	250	..	7% 215nom
Lister's Engineering ..	100	Oct. July	15 220
Lyall	50	Feb-Aug.	50% 155
Kemp	500	July	20 1471
Parekh	100	July	12 156
Marsland Price Ord	100	..	4% 99
Marsland Price P. ..	100	..	7% 80
McKenzies	100	..	20% 200
New India Insurance	25	..	.. 25/12
New Union Flour Mills	100	..	20 140
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance ..	250	May	30% 250
Phillips	40	July	10% 60
Port Canning	1,000	Sept.	33 600
Scindhia Steam 20 ..	75	..	Nil. 12
Sirdar Carbonic Gas	100	Mar. Aug.	35% 152
Stewart Jack ..	15	30	.. par
Tata Iron and Steel .. O.	51	Sept.	12 197/8 110
D.	25	..	.. 61 670
P.	100	Mar.-Sept.	5% 195-8
Tata Iron. Ord.(Nil) ..	75	..	.. 100
,, ,, Def. (..) ..	405	..	.. 580
Tata Iron Pref. (2nd) 55	100	..	.. 92
Tata Oil Mills	100	..	.. 132-9
Thacker	20	June	1 60% 520
Western India Chemical Co., ..	20	100	.. 5 dis.
D—Cum Div.			N—Nominal.
B—Buy.			E—Ex. Div.

Lala Goverdhandas arrived at Rewari on the 20th and was received by the congress and Khilafat office-bearers and prominent workers. Consultative meetings were held to carry on effective political propaganda in whole district.

THE WEATHER.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

SEASONS.	24 hrs. ending 8 a.m. of 27 Aug. 1921	Total since 1st June 1921.	June 1st to Aug. 27th 1919.		1920.	
	In. Ct.	In Ct.	In.	Ct.	In.	Ct.
Colaba (Observatory)	0 05	72 48	36	32	34	76
Fort (St. Gs. Hpl.)			62	28	40	39
Esplanade (Gok. Tej Hospital ..			59	54	39	58
Byculla (J. J. Hpl.)			64	89	39	43
Kamp & Co. (C. Hill)						

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 27th August 1921, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Delhi reports 0.11 in. of rain and skies are heavily clouded there. Skies are clear or only lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at Lahore and Hissar. Day temperature is slightly above normal at Rawalpindi but slightly below it at Delhi.

The United Provinces.—There has been nearly general rain; Mainpuri reports 0.48 in. Jhansi 1.19 in. and Cawnpore 2.76 in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and humidity and temperature are nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind and Rajputana and moderately or heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect in Northern and Central Districts of Rajputana and day temperature is lower than usual at Jacobabad and Jodhpur.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Light rain has fallen nearly generally in Central India West; Neemuch reporting 0.14 in. and Indore 0.18 in. Skies are heavily clouded there and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at Dwarka and Bhavnagar-Para and day temperature is lower than usual at Neemuch.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are moderately clouded and at Akola and Nagpur humidity is in defect. Day temperature is lower than usual at Saugor and Hoshangabad but above it at Chanda.

The Konkan.—Karwar reports 0.17 in. of rain. Skies are heavily clouded at Mormugao and lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity and temperature are nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Poona reports 0.12 in. of rain and skies are heavily clouded there. Skies are lightly clouded generally over the rest of the division. Humidity is nearly normal or in defect and at most stations day temperature is higher than usual.

General Remarks.—The monsoon is active in the United Provinces but is very weak over the rest of the reporting area. Rain has fallen nearly generally in the United Provinces and Central India West and locally in Malabar, South-East Madras and on the North Madras coast. A few falls have occurred in the Konkan, the North Bombay Deccan and the South-East Punjab. Cawnpore and Jhansi record falls exceeding an inch, the amounts reported being 2.76 in. and 1.19 in. respectively. The sea has become rough at Colombo and Trivandrum.

Forecast.—Local rain is likely in the Southern half of the Peninsula and in the United Provinces and a few falls in the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, the North Central Provinces and the South-East Punjab. An increase of rain is probable in Malabar and a decrease in the United Provinces.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 26th August 1921.

There has been an increase of rain in Upper Burma and the Southern half of Madras, but the monsoon continues very weak in the Peninsula and North-West India. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Orissa, the Konkan, Mysore and the Madras Deccan and local in the Bay Islands, Upper Burma, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, the United Provinces, Central India and South-East Madras. A few falls have also occurred in Bihar, the East Punjab, Gujarat, the Central Provinces and Malabar.

Chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are :—Tavoy, Diamond Island, Toungoo, Akyab two inches; Bhamo three; Sibsagar one; Dhubri, Cox's Bazar four; Calcutta three; Balasore, Cuttack one and a half; False Point two; Bareily one; Dehra Dun three and Salem two.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 29th August, 1921.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10. p. m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	in.	29,750
Temperature of Air	deg.	80 3
Wet Bulb Thermometer		76 3
Dew Point		74 7
Relative humidity of Air		0 833
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky	cloudy—10)	8:4
Maximum temperature of Air degrees		84 9
Minimum do do		77 4
General direction of Wind		WSW, SW, SSW. W.
From Midnight to Midnight		
Movement of Wind do.	miles	112
Fall of Rain	inches	0 12
Total fall during month	"	10 02
do. year	"	72 48
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 27th		0 0

SUN MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

HIGH WATER

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Stil.
		h. m.	ft. in.
Fri.	2nd Sept.	m11 20	29 5
		11 36a	29 0

LOW WATER

Day of Week	Day of Month	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Still.
		h. m	ft. in.
Fri.	2nd Sept	m4 5	15 6
		5 28a	15 1

Shirw (neglige Sets) .. Re. 1-8 per doz

" (Dress) .. .. " 8 " "

" (New) .. .. " 8 " "

LAUNDERED READY FOR WEAR at the

Diamond Jubilee Washing Co.

Hamam Street, Fort,

BOMBAY. 1

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 27.

S. S. Ferdinand, Hollingsworth, Basra.
S. S. Malwa, Thomson, London.
S. S. Chakla Fitt, Karachi.
S. S. Treglisson, Stephens, New Castle on Tyne.
S. S. Umsinga, Richerd, Port Natal.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 27.

S. S. Devanha, Potter, London.
S. S. Banka, Hanson, Bangkok.
S. S. Gutenfels, Stewart, Calcutta.
S. S. Malwa, Thompson, Sydney, etc.
S. S. Lahsa, Woollatt, Karachi.
S. S. Tanfields, Porttinger, Calcutta.

Aug. 28.

S. S. Kerigsmere, Warlinston, Australia.

The following vessels obtained their Port Clearances on Saturday :—

S. S. Totomi Maru, Fakawa, Kobe.
S. S. Homefield, Warden, Calcutta.
S. S. Ozarda, Wilkinson, Calcutta.

The following vessel began to load on Saturday :—

Steamer Swedagon (to arrive) for Rangoon.

S. S. Malwa :—The P. & O. steamer Malwa, 5,935 tons, Captain A. Thompson arrived in Bombay harbour on 27th instant, from London, with the mails of 11th instant a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Chakla :—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Chakla, 1,727 tons, Captain Fitt, arrived in Bombay, harbour on 27th instant from Karachi with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Umsinga :—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Umsinga, 2,956 tons, Captain J. W. Richards arrived in Bombay harbour on 27th instant from Port Natal, with a cargo of coal.

S. S. Treglisson :—The steamer Treglisson 2,737 tons, Captain W. N. Stephens arrived in Bombay harbour on 27th instant, from New Castle on Tyne, with a cargo of coal.

S. S. Malwa :—The P. & O. Co.'s steamer Malwa, 5,935 tons, Captain A. Thomson sailed on Soturday from Bombay harbour for Sydney, etc., with mail a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Devanha :—The P. & O. Co.'s steamer Devanha, 4,785 tons, Captain H. W. Potter, sailed on Saturday from Bombay harbour for London, with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Banka :—The steamer Banka, 1,049 tons, Captain J. Hanson, sailed from Bombay harbour on Saturday for Bangkok with a general cargo.

S. S. Lahsa :—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Lhasa, 958 tons, Captain A. E. Wollatt, sailed on Saturday from Bombay harbour for Karachi, with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Totomi Maru :—The Japan Line steamer Totomi Maru, 2,004 tons, Captain Fakawa will sail to-day for Kobe, with a general cargo.

S. S. Homefield :—The steamer Homefield 3,228 tons, Captain Carden, will sail to-day for Calcutta with ballast.

S. S. Ozarda :—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Ozarda, 3,037 tons, Captain Wilkinson, will sail to-day for Calcutta with a general cargo.

IMPORTS

Aug. 27.

S. S. Jalavihar from Cardiff. Agents Scindia Steam Navigation Co :—7,027 tons coal.

S. S. Vasana from Karachi, agents, B. I. S. N. Co. :—742 basket wet dates, 72 bags linseed, 631 bags almond, 72 bags tobacco, 31 bundles carpet, 22 bales carpet, 71 bags m. roots, 211 bags gall, 119 bundles ollari, 88 bundles salted fish, 50 bundles dry-fish, 166 bags oil-cake.

S. S. Tamora from Hamburg, Agents, E. D. Sassoon & Co. :—1,052 cases beer, 150 cases broken earthenware, 35 cases lamps, 10 cases haricane lantern, 46 casks dyes, 44 cases

FRESH STOCK OF
WATERPROOF HOOD CLOTH AND REXINE
has just arrived. For Rates and Samples write to:—
H. A. KADIR & Co.
Telegrams:—"MOTORSTORE." Sandhurst Road, BOMBAY.

"LIBERTY"
FOR
AUTO-ACCESSORIES AND SPARE PARTS
Nothing but the Best
Telegram— "WIREWHEEL." The Liberty Motor Co.,
Sandhurst Bridge,
Bombay, No. 4.

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Shipchandler, Contractor and Hardware Merchant
Direct Importer under European Management of Ship Stores;—
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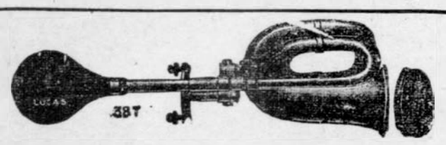
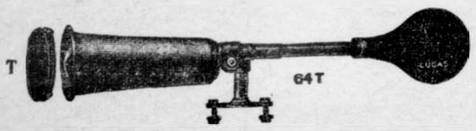
Telephone 2457

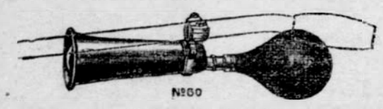
SENSATIONAL REDUCTION IN PRICES FOR AUGUST.
HORNS FITTED WITH CANVAS BULB
LUCAS
LUCAS' ARE MOST POPULAR HORNS.
MOTOR HORNS.
THESE PRICES ARE GOOD FOR AUGUST ONLY.

KING OF HORNS

HORN OF KINGS.

No. 38 T—Motor Car Horn. Double turn as sketch. (7 in. Stiff Tubular Extension.) The most popular of Lucas Horns. Fitted with canvas Bulb. Usually Rs. 75-0 each. Black and Nickel or all Nickel Plated.
Rs. 57-8 Rs. 57-8
August Price, Rs. 57-8 Nett.

No. 34 T—Motor Car Horn, Single turn. Has 7 in. Stiff Tubular Extension. Fitted with Canvas Bulb. A powerful horn. Usually Rs. 57-8 each. Black and Nickel or all Nickel.
August Price, Rs. 45-0 Nett.

No. 64 T

August Price, Rs. 35-0 Nett.
Motor Car Horn—Straight Pattern. Has 7 in. Stiff Tubular Extension. Gives a good tone. Fitted with Canvas Bulb. Usually Rs. 45-0 each. Black and Nickel.
August Price Rs. 35-0 Nett.

No. 60.

August Price, Rs. 25-0 Nett.
Motor-Cycle Horn. For small Cars, Taxies, Commercial Vehicles. With 4 in. Stiff Tubular Extension. Fitted with Canvas Bulb. A satisfactory horn at this low price. Usually Rs. 37-8. Black and Nickel.
August Price Rs. 25-0 Nett.

Lucas' Spare Horn Bulbs, Rs. 12-8 each.
Lucas Spare Horn Reeds 38 T. Rs. 8-8 each.
THESE BARGAINS ARE HARD TO BEAT.
THE ADVANCE MOTOR CO.,
THE HOUSE YOU HEAR SO MUCH ABOUT!
CHOWPATI, BOMBAY.
"AUTOMOTIVE." Telephone: No. 5121.

FOOTBALL NOTES

(BY SPHINX.)

The games in the concluding stages of the Rovers football tournament produced very keen and decent football, though it cannot be said to be quite classy. Sound defence with dashing forward movements characterised the operations both in the Shropshires (K. S. L. I.)—R. A. and R. A. M. C. match as well as the final game between the Shropshires v. Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders. It was a cruel irony of fate that the Committee of management in their wisdom appointed Mr. E. Harwood to supervise these two games. That the worst of referees should be appointed to supervise the best of the games in local football shows the most perverse state of mind of the Committee of the W. I. F. A.—an association of mutual backstratchers who care more for personal advertisement among other things than interest of sport. I have not known another referee so hopelessly deficient in the knowledge of offside rules. Obstinacy and perversity of official mind is a notorious fact but that such rank stupidity or disregard of public feeling is carried even into the field of sport is most to be regretted. Self-sufficiency of prompters has been the undoing of many honest institutions and no one will be surprised if in future years the number of entrants for the competition becomes less and less. However the patrons of Mr. Harwood may rest assured that this selection of referee was very unpopular both among players as well as spectators. There were available Messrs. Tarbottan, McGrath, Sgt.-Major Elkins and Mr. walters—any one of whom might have been chosen and would have done ten times better than their protege. However their obstinacy had its way to the enjoyment of themselves and their protege, whose ignorance of football rules has now become notorious.

The Shropshires—R. A. and R. A. M. C. game on Monday produced a very close and keen encounter resulting in a four-goals victory for the former team. The combined team of the R. A. and R. A. M. C. worked quite soundly in defence but their forwards fumbled, hesitated and shot wide. The margin of victory does by no means indicate the true balance of exchanges, of which the beaten team had quite a fair share. Whereas the Shropshire forwards took full advantage of the opportunities presented to them, the combined military team's forward fumbled at the last moment and missed chances galore.

The meeting in the final tie between the Shropshires and the Argyle and Sutherland's Highlanders from Poona, was a ding-dong affair from start to finish, the result being a victory for the local League Champions of unbeaten record, by the narrowest of margin. It was quite an exciting encounter and the Argylles had a gruelling time in not being able at least to draw level. Determined defence, quick and recourceful to a degree, always neutralised free chances of scoring on either side. The halves and backs on either played up quite well and once at least this season the spectators were entertained to an exhibition of really good and exhilarating football. There was hardly a dull moment throughout the sixty minutes' play. The Shropshires scored early in the opening period, but thereafter began a keen and strenuous fight with dogged tenacity which was really inspiriting. Try as they would, the Argylles failed to get on equal and thus had to admit defeat in an international encounter. Considering the balance of exchanges taken over both period the beaten team had a bigger share in attack than the Shropshires, inspite of the sad injury to Sgt. Brown's knee, which proved a great handicap to the Argylls. Both sides played gamely to the end and a game, keplete with interesting episodes—brilliant passes tricky dodges and resolute defence—ended in a victory for Shropshires by a goal to nil.

BOXING IN BOMBAY.

SOME EXCITING FINALS.

There was again a good attendance at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Saturday night for the finals of the Boxing Tournament, and those as well as two contests provided some really excellent sport as all were honest triers and most were well matched. We are promised some more boxing next month and there is now a distinctly better atmosphere than has of late been the case, when the management of these affairs has left much to be desired and has caused not a little disatisfaction amongst the men,

It was a distinctly "muggy" night and there were those who quite approved of the two intervals. At the close of the fighting the prizes were given away by Mrs. Lavie, who had taken a very keen interest in the proceedings throughout, with the usual cheers to follow. there was excellent spirit shewn all the way, and this is an admirable sign for the future success of such ventures.

BANTAM SEMI FINALS.

The first fight was the first of the semi-finals of the Bantams' and as we expected little Edgar Bright gained the verdict over Pte Collins and well deserved it. Collins as before was very wild with his right but has a left he will do well to exploit more. He did rather the more pressing, but Bright got home four really fine lefts. Opening the second Bright got home with another left, following with a left and right with another left which floored Collins.

Collins then began to rush but though he landed with the left his right was again far too wide. Collins got a good left home early in the third, but was then rushed to the ropes where two heavy rights had him groggy: He was again punched to the ropes, and the going came in time to save him from a knock-out.

In the second, Carey had rather an easy time of it against a lighter lad in Oomrigar, but the latter put up a splendid game fight and took all there was to come after making most of the pace in the first two rounds. Carey landed a right rather low and then scored to the head, sending Oomrigar down. He stood off in the second and Oomrigar kept after him... rather a tame round. Opening the third Carey got there with two good lefts and then a right to the body sent Oomrigar down, to save himself. He was bleeding freely, and when rushed again had to go down to save himself again. Carey punched him at will and he was very game to stick it out.

WEETER SEMI FINALS.

Judge had the advantage of reach in the first semi-final of the Welters, but sergt Beal had the rmore experience behind him. Beal with superior ach to face fought as before wading in consistantually to close quarters. His blows were nice and snapp and Judge also landed with two nice lefts but missed a heavy right. The later was warned for holding but one could sympathise with him as he has not yet learnt to deal with a man who comes right in close. Beal came in again in the second and they indulged in some pushing chest to chest, and it was noticed for the time the referee took to speak to them no time was taken off. Judge opened the third well with two rights to the head, then when Beal came in the former was undoubtedly guilty of holding with his right and was disqualified.

The other saw an easy win for Evans, as though Jackson started well the former put across some telling right cross counters. Jackson missing a right lunge ran right into a right flush to the face, which not only cut him under the eye but dazed him. He was then rushed to the ropes and badly punished, so much so that he was wise to give in.

BANTAM WEIGHT FINAL.

Carey had the advantage in the weight, but had a damaged left bandaged. Bright started making the pace, and when Carey started to come in the former got home some nice rights. Bright came in again in the next but Carey brought his right across nicely following his left. Bright, however, seems to be a glutton for fight, and kept after his man. In the last Bright did some clever guarding but Carey put on good points at close quarters. Bright fought back very gamely when formed, and at the end of a good fight was given the verdict. In view of all he did in the last, carey was distinctly unlucky to do worse than draw.

WELTERS FINAL.

In the final of the Welters, though 6lbs heavier, Evans had a great respect for Beal and covered when the latter began to adopt his usual tactics. He emerged from his smother to lash out with his right, and though some missed he landed with three in the first round. In the second he carried the smother to excess and Beal rushed him to the ropes, where he piled on points though rightly warned for pushing. As a result he began to hold off more, Beal opened the third well by rushing his man to the ropes, and the latter response with his right was rather half-hearted and lacked any confidence. He got four home, but generally found Beal going away from them, and the latter would not be denied, eventually winning with a good deal to spare.

THE TWO CONTES.

There were two contests in which the couple were not evenly enough matched to make the fight really good, but nevertheless they were well worth seeing. The first saw D. F. Saher matched against a well known performer in Sergt. Carmichael of the D. Yorks, the latter was recently seen putting up a plucky fight against Kubes, but he was then under the name of Ryan. Carmichael started with some scoring over-head lifts and rights to the body. Saher rushed him to the ropes, but the soldier ducked cleverly and was too hard a hitter, In the second the latter made all the pace and scored, varying his lefts and rights to the head and body in a manner which beat his opponent. He had Saher groggy on the ropes when the gong went. In the third he again rushed Saher to the ropes with a succession of lefts and rights, and the latter was wise to give in.

Some splendid milling was seen when Sergt. Crook met Shoeing Smith McCabe, the latter with a slight pull in weight. Crook started off very fast, first with his right foot forward and then changing to let loose some very heavy left swings. At last McCabe landed with a heavy right and sent his man back to the ropes. This he also did later with a very fine straight left, which he should undoubtedly use more. Crook recovering rushed in his turn and actually hit out when the other had his chest outside the ropes. McCabe was bleeding from the nose as well as from a cut on the cheek. Crook was again steadied by a fine straight left in the second and became a bit wild with his swings. It was then McCabe's turn to rush, and in doing so he scored. The third opened with a great mill, and both went to the boards from a rush, Crook was then forced to the ropes and had to smother whilst McCabe banged at the side of his ribs. In doing, so, however, he caught his man on the elbow and damaged his wrist, having to retire. One would have liked to have seen such a good fight to go to the end.

At the prize distribution one was glad to see Kubes awarded the cup for the best loser, as well as another cup given by Mr. Geddes for the fine fight he put up. There has been some talk about the decision given to Beal over him, and as both are willing there is a good chance of seeing them matched again.

THE FILM INDUSTRY.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Under the heading "Film Industry in India" in your last Sunday Edition Mr. M. K. Joshi has attempted to review the present condition of this industry. The information vouchsafed by him in the article is precious little and hardly anybody would be much the wiser—I mean any body at all interested in Indian Films—for reading that article. The singling out of "Bhakta Vidur" for praise and commendation at a time when it is on at the Majestic, is particularly noteworthy. It smells more of advertisement than of fair comment. Also the faint praise with which Mr. Patankar cannot altogether escape attention. However with these I have no quarrel. But two or three remarks of his cannot be allowed to pass unchallenged. First with reference to the increasing popularity of the Indian Films it is alleged "The Government have seen its importance and are of opinion that encouragement should be given to Indian pictures." May I respectfully enquire from Mr. Joshi where he got this valuable information from and what specific action of the Government he can point to in support of this statement? Is it not a fact that the duty on the raw film has been increased simultaneously with that on the developed positive prints imported from abroad? Is Mr. Joshi aware that this has been persisted in inspite of the Kodak Co's representation to the authorities that it almost meant strangling the industry in its baby-stage?

Secondly Mr. Joshi observes "the business in Foreign Films is done only in Serials and comics." This is stupendous ignorance indeed in a writer who ventures to enlighten the public on the subject. If the relative numbers of serials, dramas and comics imported be any indication of the business done in them, I should think the dramas have easily the lead. Certainly for one serial at least ten dramas find their way into thiscountry. This remark is followed by another "it has been investigated by the authorities regarding the number of theatres in India and the taste of the people for what kind of films?" I must confess it is rather difficult to follow the syntax of this sentence, but in any case I shall feel deeply obliged to Mr. Joshi for information as to his "the authorities" and the definite results of their alleged "investigations."

Lastly I must say a word regarding Mr. Joshi's closing remarks "in short it is our opinion that it would have been better if Mr. Dwarkadas as a proprietor had not taken this part." But his "in short" is really so short that it is preceded by not even a trace of an argument to justify his dictum. But the real sting lies in the phrase "as a proprietor." Exactly the same remark was made the other day by another, a valued friend of mine, who—questioned as to why he thought so—added that another character in the play handled Vidur rather roughly in one of the scenes to meet the requirements of the plot, and that such treatment of the proprietor by one of his employees must be considered infra dig. I then and there explained to my friend that such silly notions of the relations between the Employer and Employed should not be countenanced for one moment and that atleast in the film Industry—distinctly a democratic artindustry created and fostered by the most democratic people on Earth the Americans—such foolish old world sentiments, ought to find no place. For myself I cannot help feeling genuine regard for Mr. Dwarkadas for having ventured to throw all such considerations to the winds. Of course if Mr. Joshi had any objection about the acting he was welcome to have his say, but in that case how on earth could the fact of Mr. Dwarkadas being the proprietor be relevant.—Yours, etc.
TRIBHUWAN MUTTOO.
22nd August, 1921.

MEETING OF PAREL WORKSHOPMEN.

THEIR GRIEVANCES.

The following resolutions among others were passed by the Parel Workshop-men at their meeting held on Sunday last at the New Workmen's Institute. Mr. F. J. Ginvala, the Vice-President, of the G. I. P. Railway Union presided.

This meeting of the Parel Workshopmen strongly condemns the acts of violence committed by a few lawless men who set fire to the time-keeper's office and did damage to the Works Manager's Office, and deeply deplores the incident and the resulting damage.

In the interests of the smooth and harmonious working of the Works this meeting earnestly requests the Agent to transfer the Works Manager Mr. Platt who has rendered himself highly unpopular by his unsympathetic and high-handed action.

This meeting earnestly requests the Loco Superintendent and the Agent to urgently look into the following long-standing grievances of the men:—

(a) Latrines should be the same as before. (b) Smoking should be permitted near latrines as before. (c) Wages of absentees should be paid on the 11th of each month instead of 25th. (d) Increases should be given to all men instead of half the men receiving at present and should be paid in time according to the Agent's Circular.

This meeting exhorts the Agent to formally recognise the Union so as to bring about harmonious relations between the employers and the men.

LABOUR TROUBLES.

JACOB SASSOON MILL STRIKE CONTINUES.

Honorary Secretary of the Bombay Central Labour Federation writes:—

Mr. J. Baptista and Mr. Chaman Lall went to the Jacob Sassoon Mill this morning. There was a large police force outside the mill, both foot and mounted. The whole mill was closed down to-day. Mr. Baptista saw the Manager and had a long interview with him. It has been arranged to call a meeting of Sassoon Workers on Friday, at 3 p.m. at Munji Shet's Wadi, Chinchpokli Meanwhile, the management have put up a notice stating that if the men do not return to work by Sunday morning the mill will be closed down for a month.

It is rumoured that the Century Mill workers have gone on strike. Up to the present no further news is available.

On the advice of Mr. Baptista, the Rachel Sassoon strikers have resumed work.

T. U. C. AND JAMSEDPUR LABOUR ASSOCIATION.

Mr. M. D. Dalvi, the Assistant Secretary of the T. U. C. left for Jamsedpur, yesterday afternoon, as several wires have been received asking for advice from T. U. officials.

Lala Goverdhandas addressed a large meeting at Hissar on Swadeshi. Hissar cloth merchants have pledged not to order foreign cloth. 80 per cent of Hissar pleaders attended the courts dressed in khaddar.

A Madras, Message of August 24th Says:—"There was a fresh development yesterday in Pulianthope in connection with the mill strike. At one time there was a strong fusilade of stones directed against the police, who, thereupon, immediately opened fire. Eight revolver shots were fired which dispersed the strikers, but there was no casualties.

The Secretary of the Saraswat Vidyarthi Sahayak Mandali informs that the Vithal Balkrishna Korgaonkar Scholarship has been awarded to Miss Sulabha Gopalrao Panandikar for standing highest among the Saraswat lady students at the S. L. Examination, and that Messrs. Pandurang Bhaskar Rege and Pandurang Ravalnath Chitnis have become the life members of the Mandali by paying Rs. 101/- and Rs. 100/- respectively.

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The King Motor Taxi-Cab Co.
AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERS AND SPECIALISTS.
Direct importers of Motor accessories and spare parts. Dealers in all makes of tyres, tubes, lubricating oil, etc., Repairs and overhauling of Motor Cars under expert supervision. Motor Cars on hire, bought and sold on commission.
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Our tailoring department is under an Expert cutter and able workmen. Orders executed promptly and carefully. Please Phone up 4008 for our representative
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THE FIVE FRIENDS OF THE FAMILY IN INDIA.
They serve when the need is sorest.
SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC
For all Fevers be it Malaria, Influenza, Plague, etc., etc. Commands the confidence of the country which looks upon it as a national cure in fever seasons and epidemics. No home should be without this truly marvellous remedy.
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The popular Indian Cough and Cold Cure. So effective, so harmless and so agreeable to taste! What mother readily gives and children readily take. Remember is absolutely harmless and gives tone to the chest and lungs.
LAOCOON PAIN RUB.
For all pains of the body. A boon to sufferers from Gout, Rheumatism, Arthritis, Neuralgia, Headache, Stiff and Painful Joints, Lumbago, Pain in the Back and all other Painful Affections of the Body. Pain-Rub has often turned despair into delight.
HEALO (SKIN OINTMENT.)
Works wonders in all diseases of the skin, Unquestionably the absolute cure for Bad Legs, Eczema, Burns, Cuts, Wounds, Sores, Boils, Eruptions, Chaps and all other troubles of the skin. Do not say your case is hopeless, Healo has achieved popularity in weeks what other like preparations have taken ages to do. The use of Healo Skin Soap prevents Skin troubles. Unsurpassed for Dry Skins.
ANGEL'S BABY BALM.
For all troubles Infants and children are heir to. Surely a boon to mothers who invariably employ it when children are suffering from Colic, Diarrhœa, Acidity, Rickets, Restlessness, Crying without any apparent cause, Peevishness, Clay Coloured Stools, Indigestion, Difficult Breathing, Cold in the Chest, Sleeplessness, etc. "It has saved me many a Doctor's bill" writes an enthusiast.
Madan Sons & Co.
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The Bombay Chronicle

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An Everyday Necessity. IF you want a clerk, an engineer, a doctor, a legal adviser, a secretary, a cook or a khitmutgar just advertise in a few short lines for a few days and you will be able to make your selection from a wide field in a very short time without subjecting yourself to obligation to other ople.

The Housing Problem. IF you want a room, apartment, flat or a house the classified short advertisement column will help you to secure one without difficulty. Similarly those who have any such to spare can as well secure tenants or boarders through advertising what they have to offer.

Your Own Master. IF you desire not to disclose your identity you should advertise through our "Box" system which is specially meant to help business without necessitating the advertiser to unavoidable onslaughts from middle-men and interlopers.

No Middlemen MANY gentlemen are averse to appear in print in advertisements: traders and merchants sometime use the "Box" system when they do not want to be worried with vexatious enquiries from all possible quarters but who want to know the parties themselves and make a free selection uninfluenced by any consideration.

Special service. THE replies to Box advertisements received are all sorted out in our office and despatched daily at our own cost but those who desire special deliveries should arrange with the office for the special service on payment of a small charge which is a very nominal sum or arrange to obtain to receive the replies direct from the "Chronicle" office.

As Interesting as News. THE classified short advertisements have in themselves an importance which equal the interest taken for the news columns. While the news keep you informed of the affairs of the world, the short advertisement columns afford you an opportunity to pick up and secure things for your everyday life to your advantage—and who knows not—at a bargain price as well? There is nothing like publicity.

Advantages. IN these days of pre-occupation, and struggle for life people can ill afford to wait and waste time for getting informations *re* their particular subject of interest. Competition is so keen and the struggle for existence so widespread that we all want things handy and cannot afford to wait on the sweet will or convenience of others. This is a necessity. To disseminate such information public should make a very liberal use of our short advertisement columns for any information they want and we assure them that such advertisements will always appear in their proper places.

For particulars apply to the Manager,

The Bombay Chronicle

GUJRANWALA BOMB CASE.

CONVICTIONS UPHELD.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, August 27.

In the appeal in the Gujranwala bomb case, in which, Khan Bahadur Alias Ahmad and Abdul Rauf were convicted for offence of participating in the conspiracy as well for offence of possessing and concealing bombs and firearms, Justice Martineau has dismissed the appeal of the Khan Bahadur and upheld the conviction of Abdul Rauf for both offences and maintained the sentences of 4 years' rigorous imprisonment and fine passed on him, but directed that the sentences of imprisonment should run concurrently.

MILL STRIKES IN BOMBAY.

MORE MILLS CLOSED.

The weavers of the Jacob Sassoon Mill were expected to resume their work yesterday (Sunday) according to the notice of the mill authorities dated the 26th instant, but as the mill was opened in the morning the spinners began to resume work, and the weavers with a view to desist them from working went inside the yard of the mill and asked them to lay down their tools at once. The spinners, being aware of this precarious position, immediately laid down their tools and joined with the weavers, as a result of which the mill had to be closed.

The weavers being not content with that action proceeded immediately to the Rachael Sassoon Mill and thence to the Alexandra Mill and asked the workmen to strike work. As all the workmen working in those mills struck work, they (the mills) were also closed by their respective managements.

A notice has been put up by the management of Jacab Sassoon Mill informing the workmen that the mill will be reopened on the 6th of September and that the workmen will be admitted to resume duty.

COW CONFERENCE AT BRINDABAN.

(Associated Press.)

BRINDABAN, Aug. 27.

At a special Hindu conference presided over by Pandit Malaviya the Moslem leaders were thanked for their efforts in the stoppage of cow-sacrifice and a resolution asking Hindus to continue to support the Khilafat movement was passed.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Women suffragette movement has spread to the interior of Bengal. Reports have been received from many districts in Bengal that at ladies meetings resolutions supporting enfranchisement of women were passed. Mrs. K. N. Roy, Mrs Mrinalini Sen, Mrs. Kumudini Bose and other pioneers of the movement in Bengal have received support from several members of the Council and public men.

The Calcutta University has appointed Mr. Abanindranath Tagore as Professor of Indian Fine Arts for five years on Rs. 500 monthly. This is the first appointment of the kind in any Indian University.

The Punjab Government state they have, for some time, been aware that there exists in the province a feeling that corruption exists among Government servants in many departments and a general enquiry is being undertaken with a view to the intiation of measures to remove this blot upon administration. (—A.P.).

Dr. Saji G. H. Kassim has resigned the secretaryship of the Swadeshi Board of the Karachi District Congress Committee as "a protest against the irresponsible expenditure of public money and lack of properly organised work. (A. P.)

Immediately the Planters' conference reassembled at Bangalore, on August 25th Mr. A. S. Dennison referring to the Mopla rebellion, in Malabar, said the planters Eaton and Brown were reported missing and the gathering would like to be assured that Government was giving every attention to the seriousness of the situation He thought they should demand immediate information what steps Government had taken and are it taking with a view to protect planters and families in disturbed areas as also air assurance that Government had taken due precaution to keep Vunaad—Ooty road open. Conference resolved to communicate with Government on the subject immediately.

The outstanding feature of the third day's proceeding of the Planters Conference was a discussion on Mr. Godfrey's resolution bearing on Indian politics and the Reformed Councils. It urged that the United Planters Association of South India should communicate with other purely mofussil bodies representing the Anglo-Saxon communities with a view to obtaining direct representation in the Imperial Legislative Assembly and the Council of State. The resolution which was carried.

RASH MOTOR DRIVING

At the Girgaon Police Court, before Mr. B. N. Athavle, acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, one Dorik Mahadeo, a motor driver was charged under Section 304A with causing death by a rash and negligent act.

Mr. Bowen, Public Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution, while Mr. Khurshed F. Nariman, pleader, defended the accused.

The case for the prosecution was that on the 16th August the accused was in a "Studebaker" car at Bhuleshwar. As the car was standing near the middle of the road, a police seppy asked him to move towards one side. The car was started and the accused drove it so rashly that within a short space of about 10 yards, he knocked down one and injured three other pedestrians. The man who was knocked down was an old Marwari who was extricated from under the car and died subsequently in hospital.

The defence as he pleaded was that he was usually a driver of a "Ford" car. On

PARSI ATHLETES.

REMARKABLE DISPLAY.

If there was any occasion on which some of the best Parsi acrobats and gymnasts had displayed the most commendable and creditable exhibition of their physical culture, it was yesterday at the Empire Theatre when under the auspices of the Zoroastrian Physical Culture and Health League, a long and varied programme was successfully gone through in the presence of a large and cosmoplitan gathering. Though the Exhibition of Physical Culture was the fifth of its kind, it must be said, to all intents and purposes, it surpassed all the previous exhibitions.

Among the various kinds of Indian feats performed by the members of the League, mention must be made of a somewhat difficult and courageous display of fire-works by Mr. Rao, the professional acrobat. Acrobatics and stone-breaking on the chest of Professor Kapadia and his pupils were also highly successful. One of the most funny, though rather risky, performances was the breaking of cocoanuts on the abdomen of Mr. Kanga—the Parsi Sandow. This commendable performance evoked great applause from the spectators. The feats of Jiu-Jitsu of some pupils, of Mr. Moegamwala in supporting a humanload of 630 pounds on the chest, and of breaking the handcuffs by Mr. A. B. Hakim, were also appreciated.

After the physical culture exhibition was over, Dr. Kavasji Edulji Dadachanji, who presided, said that from the highly successful feats performed by the members of the Zoroastrian Physical Culture League, he could assert, without any hesitation, that the Parsi Community was progressing very steadily in the field of physical culture. It was a great pleasure to him to witness the various kinds of Indian feats performed by some of the best Parsi professional acrobats. He advised all young Parsis gathered there to join the League and help in its rapid progress. He was glad to learn that the members of the League were being trained by professional Hindoo and Japanese acrobats; and he hoped that in due course they (the members) would try to stand on their own legs. (cheers).

Concluding the president observed that the League deserved every encouragement and support from the Parsi Community. They were told very often that the Parsis were selfish, but the fact that they made considerable progress in the field of physical culture in cooperation with some of the best qualified professional Hindoo and Japanese acrobats, controverted that sort of view. He on behalf of those present, heartily thanked Mr. R. K. Dadachanji for devoting his precious time, energy and money to the betterment of the League.

After Mr. R. K. Dadachanji had been garlanded and a hearty vote of thanks to the Chairman proposed by Mr. J. J. Vimadalal, the function of the morning came to a close with the singing of the "National Anthem."

INDIA'S SCOUTS TO ENGLAND.

"From the Director of Information, Bombay).

In His Excellency the Governor's recent appeal on behalf of the Boy Scouts Fund it was mentioned that six young Indians were to be sent to England for special training as Scout masters with a view to their being able to take charge of a training as Scout masters with a view to their being able to take charge of a training camp for Scoutmasters on their return to this Presidency. The names of those selected are as follows and they have already sailed for England.

Mr. P. H. Walvekar, M.A., a lecturer in the Secondary Training College, Bombay, and Mr. S. B. Potdar, B.A., a master in the Belgaum High School, Mr. D. T. Thadani B.A., who has acted as Hony. Secretary of the Boy Scouts Organization in Karachi and Hyderabad, Mr. G. M. Suryawanshi, B.A., Assistant Master Belgaum High School, Mr. D. P. Joshi who has had charge of a troop in Poona for three years. Mr. B. Ramabrahma, B.A., nature study expert at the Training College for men, Dharwar.

As His Excellency pointed out, the expenses of the trip will amount to over Rs. 21,000, while the annual cost of the training camp for Scout-masters of which they will have charge will be a like amount. Funds, however, are urgently needed, and it is hoped that sympathisers will send their subscriptions without delay to Capt. T. Todd, 5 Sassoon Road, Poona.

DADABHAI'S JAYANTI AT BOMBAY.

IN AID OF KHULNA AND PUNJAB RELIEF FUND

Under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeya Subha there will be a Public Meeting at the Excelsior Theatre on Saturday, the 3rd September, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) to celebrate the Jayanti of India's G. O. M. Dadabhai Navroji, when Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Mrs. Naidu, Messrs. Patel, Jaykar, Pickthall, Mehta, Nariman and others will address the Meeting. Mrs. Naidu will recite some of her poems, and Messrs. Lalit, Raichura and others will give some patriotic songs. Full proceeds will be given away equally in aid of Khulna and Punjab Relief Funds. Tickets can be had from Mr. Barjorji Framji Bharucha, Opp. Lipton's, Apollo Street between 2 and 6 p.m.

DADABHAI'S JAYANTI AT POONA

It is understood that under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeya Subha there will be a Public Meeting at the Ghandi Maidan, Char Bauri, Poona, on Sunday, the 4th September at 5 p.m. (S. T.) to celebrate the Jayanti of Dadabhai Navroji, when Messrs. Kelkar, Paranjpe, Moulvi Saheb, Ghaswalla, Poothe, Dhanjisha and Bharucha will address the Meeting.

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POONA RACES.

SIXTH EXTRA MEETING.

BRENDAN WINS THE HARRIS PLATE.

A long card of nine events and a hot afternoon to see it through was one's on Saturday. On the whole the general public were well satisfied with their days outing, for in five races hot favourites duly delivered the goods and in three others we fancied ones got home.

The outstanding exception was Fretwork tipped by this paper, which paid the very acceptable dividend of over 99 to 1 in the 1st enclosure and 77 to 1 in the 2nd, the latter perhaps constituting a record.

There was one objection during the day, again against Huxley, but long before th official decision was made known the rema was made by more than one that it had little hope of being upheld as Mr. Goculdass, the big man this side, was concerned.

The other day when Not Much's offence was of perhaps lesser consequence to th result of the race than on the two occasions in which the Huxley—Goculdass combination were the subject of enquiry, the objection was upheld. The apparent partiality shown to Mr. Goculdass is making the public wonder whether any motives underlie these decision!

The first four races in which the favourites got home need little comment. In the fifth, a very hot one in Flight Errant was never in the hunt and but for the big following he had Dialect would have paid very little more than 6 to 4 the most, wheras he gave a return of 4 to 1. Th sixth event gave Jockey Harrison his first win of the season when on Balira he made every post a winning post.

The Hams Plate the principal event the day saw out a classy field of 21. From my observations of the race, Bell Metal, First Flier, Good Health and Cally will each in turn be heard of in the Big Meetings.

The official timing for this race is given as 2 min. 3 4/5 secs. I would suggest that the official timekeeper keep by him in future some table to guide him as to the approximate timings of Horses and Arabs, separately for Poona and Bombay so that on those occasions on which he doesn't actually catch the gate, he could make fairly near guess provided he doesn't wan to make a laughing stock of himself. If however the timekeeper's ticker actuall recorded this phenomeual performance, would do well to have if seen to before th next meeting. The record for Poona especially is too absurd for words.

The eighth event which was won with great ease by Fretwork makes one wonder where this mare was during her two previous outings when she was regarded to be running in her home distances. Thi raises the question whether it is not time that some action were contemplated against horses being entered in distances over which they have no pretentions to winning and then by giving the impression that they are outclassed to suddenly spring up unexpectedly and of course return big dividends.

In this event Mr. Goculdass had four candidates which again might have bee left in their boxes for all the show they made.

I am sure the public would think mor of Mr. Goculdass if he started only a coupl at the most and not leave them to follo his colours in a bracket when they are a quandry as to which is the stable fancy.

The closing event saw the failure of pretty big favourite in Trade Mark who certainly should have finished closer to th winner than he did. Golshan had an unfortunate passage and did remarkably well in finishing where he did.

Details:—

THE CHINCHWAD PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; and third Rs 200.

The Uvaraja of Kolhapur's KUSRA 9/3 Townsend 1
Mr M M Patel's GOOD STAR 9/4 Herbert 2
Mr S R A Wahab's LAMINGTON 9/4 Barnett 3
Mr S N Mahomed's HERO 9/7 McPherson 4

Also ran:—Compliment 9/7; Isonomy 9/4, Manek 9/3; Model 9/3; Amir Aswad 9/3; Imkin 8/13; Leopold 8/7.

The race:—Lamington dwelt and lost considerable ground. After going a furlong Amir Aswad and Model led the field with Good Star close up, Isonomy and Imkin last together with Kusra third last. This order was maintained for two furlongs when Good Star got in front with Amir Aswad, Compliment and Hero being prominent. Nearing the bend Lamington displaced Amir Aswad and Kusra came along very fast from the rear to catch the leaders, Good Star, Lamington and Hero at the distance. Townsend judging his run to a nicety won a good race by.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 25. Places Rs. 16, Rs. 49/8 and Rs. 36/8
2nd Tote paid.—Win Rs. 18. Places Rs. 9, Rs. 22 and Rs. 20/8
Time:—2 minutes 24 3/5 seconds.

THE CHINCHWAD PLATE. Division II.—Distance 1¼ miles

Mr M Goculdass' TYRANT 9/4 W Huxley 1
Mr Mahmood Shirazee's SHUMS 9/0 Morris 2
Mr Noble's BRINDISI 9/3 Barnett 3
Mr Jarulla bin Talib's KING PALACE 9/0 Bowley 4

Also ran:—Ayr Laddie 9/7; Bahadurjung 9/7; Zainulmuluk 9/7; Sher Khan 9/3; Tankard 9/3; Kingcraft 9/0; Paleface 8/13; Rud digore 8/13; Referee 8/13; Field Officer 8/1 Rurun 8/7.

The race:—From a perfect start they ran together in a bunch for a time when Shums and Paleface got out together with Brindisi, Field Officer and Tyrant at the head of the rest. This order was practically kept till the bend when Tyrant moved up Zainulmuluk also from the rear moving fast, but not finding a clear passage, tried to get out and lost ground. Coming into the straight Tyrant and his race won there being hardly any competition won by

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 14. Places Rs. 12; Rs. 16 and Rs. 19.
2nd Tote paid:—Win Rs. 10. Places Rs. 48; Rs 10 and Rs. 16
Time:—2 minutes 25 seconds.

THE PARVATI PLATE. Division I.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Winner Rs 2,500; second Rs. 750 and third Rs. 500.

Mr S Basheer Ali's DOUBLE WIN 9/12 Morris 1
Mr W King's LARANJA 7/0 Stokes 2
Mr N Begmahomed's VERY LITTLE 7/6 F Huxley 3
Aga Coochick Shah's BINFIELD GROVE 7/8 Townsend 4

Also ran:—Drop Scene 9/6; Huon River 9/0; Ensay 9/0; South Notts 8/7; Zea 8/1; Robina 7/13; Binfield Grove 7/8; Undies 7/7; Ho Ho 7/6; Mynder Chief 7/5; Lady Changeful 7/5; Milk Maid 7/2.

The race:—From a fair start, Laranja hopped off first with Double Win, Milk Maid, Very Little and Zea close behind. As they got to the bend the order was Saranja, Double Win, Very Little, Zea. As they turned into the straight Double Win on the rails got to the bend the order was Laranja, Dou tance just got in front by 1/2 a length and keeping about this difference won all out by.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 30/8; Places Rs. 16/8; Rs. 43/8 and Rs. 15.
2nd Tote paid:—Win Rs. 24 Places Rs. 11/8 Rs. 45/8 and Rs. 9/8.
Time:—1 minute 2 4/5 seconds.

THE PARVATI PLATE. Division II.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr M Goculdass' THE COUNT 8/8 W Huxley 1
Mr M A Chotani's DESLIN 7/1 Purtoosingh 2
Mr T M Thaddeus' VICTORIA CROSS 7/1 J G Meekings 3
Mr J P C De Souza's DUET 7/5 Pitchie ... 4

Also ran:—Larry Quin 9/12; Lwow 9/7; Nerissa 9/3; Chauntress 9/0; Sunline 8/12; Greenfield 8/10; Bathurst 8/5; Pine Box 8/2 Marbby 7/13; Peach Melba 7/11; Bohea 7/9; Ragazzo 7/8; Fine Trout 7/7; Rock Ferry 7/6, Quiver 7/6; Land Lady 7/2.

The race:—Bohea was left. From a straggling start Nerissa led them to the bend with Deslin and Victoria Cross just behind leading the bunch. Coming into the straight Nerissa vanished and The Count came up. From the distance The Count came away to win easily by.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 19/8; Places Rs. 13; Rs. 62/8 and Rs. 24.
2nd Tote paid.—Win Rs. 10; Places Rs. 7; Rs. 19/8 and Rs 12.
Time:—1 minute 3 4/5 seconds.

THE PARVATI PLATE. Division III.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr M Goculdass DIALECT 9/3 Huxley 1
Mr F A Tarrant's SOFT NOTE 7/11 Northmore 2
Mr A S Tyebjee's SOUTH STAR 7/11 Morris 3
H H the Maharaja of Mysore's CERAGO 9/12 Easton 4

Also ran:—Pin Money 9/12; Blackwater 9/0; Mexican Eagle 9/0; Renette 9/0; Gold Quartz 8/10; Mirabelle 8/7; Allinsmore 8/5; Whit Poppy 7/13; Flight Errant 7/12; Old Sport 7/9; Pilgrim's Pass 7/4; Hibernia 7/1; Magnificence 7/0; Vengeance 7/0.

The race:—South Star was first away with Gold Quartz, Dialect and Flight Errant on the outside close up. They kept in this order till the bend when Dialect ran up to South Star, Flight Errant falling away and Old Sport showing up. From the distance Dialect got in front and was taking it easy when Northmore on Soft Note came with a tremendous rush and made Huxley go for all he was worth to win by

An objection against the winner was overruled.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 53; Places Rs. 19/8 Rs. 64; and Rs. 45/8
2nd Tote paid:—Win Rs. 34/8; Places Rs. 16/8; Rs. 58; and Rs. 22/8
Time:—1 minute 3 seconds.

THE CHATTIS HILL PLATE.—Distance furlongs.

Winner Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,250; and third Rs 750.

Mr W P Pechey's BALIRA 7/12 Harrison
Mr Sangidas Jesiram's WOORALI 9/6 Riley 2
Messrs Vernon and T Harrison's PENNY PIE 8/2 Lambert .....
Mr T Tejpal's GLASS ROCK 7/9 Townsend 4

Also ran:—Cahir Lass 8/8; Belle Voyageuse II 8/7; Stellite 8/7; Merion 8/7; Sospello 8/2; Lady Ard 8/1; Summer's Joy 7/12; Beggar Prince 7/9; She She 7/4; Gentle Saxon 7/4; Warburton 7/0; Vauelere 6/12

The race:—Merion got left. The others went away fairly well together and Balira at once was taken to the front with Sospello and Cahir Lass on the outside following and heading the rest. This was the order till the bend when Glass Rock and Penny Pie joined the latter two Belira still well in front. From the distance Woorali challenged but could make no impression on Balira. A close thing between the 3rd and fourth won by

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 81; Places Rs. 26/8 Rs. 61; and Rs. 23/8
2nd Tote paid:—Win Rs. 31/8. Places Rs. 13; Rs. 19/8 and Rs. 16/8.
Time:—1 minute 15 seconds

THE HARRIS PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Winner Rs. 7,500; second Rs. 2,500; and third Rs. 1,250.

Mr Frank's BRENDAN 8/6 Morris .....
Mr T M Thaddeus' MISRI LAL 8/2 J G Meekings .....
Mr W King's LOVE GLASS 7/11 Townsend 3
Mr T M Thaddeus' FIRST FLIER 9/3 Barden 4

Also ran:—William the Beau 9/7; Unitoi 9/2; Our Stephen 8/12; Senparison 8/10; Monteith 8/7; Double or Quits 8/7; Violinist 8/6; Good Health 8/6, Cally 8/4; Charlie's Smile 8/4; Bell Metal 8/2; Silver Saint 7/13; Gudtuna 7/9; Madmoiselle Foch 7/9; Thunder 7/9; Plaxtol 7/6; Cyanite 7/2.

The race:—This big field were sent off fairly well but owing to their numbers several were squeezed out. Brendan led from the beginning and was never headed others following on parts of the journey were Love Glass, Misri Lall, Bell Metal, Good Health and Cally These were always in the fore and from the bend the race become a trial between Brendan, Misri Lall and Love Glass with First Flier finishing well.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 37 Places Rs. 13; Rs. 22 and Rs. 15
2nd Tote paid:—Win Rs 29; Places Rs. 8; Rs. 10/8 and Rs. 9.
Time:—2 minutes 3 4/5 seconds.

THE MAGDALA PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 5,000; second, Rs. 1,500; third, Rs. 1,000.

H H the Maharaja of Cooch Behar's FRETWORK, 8-13, Ritchie 1
Mr A M S Mahomed's MURMANSK, 8-4, J G Meekings 2
Mrs J L Ainsworth's VERNA, 7-0, Bona ... 3
Mr C Vaz's MIMI, 8-5, Morris 4

Also ran:—Treddle 9-10, Caraway 9-6, Divide 9-3, Antie 9-0, La Hogue 8-7, Christmas Holiday 8-6, Piccolo 8-3, Treasury 8-3, Eager To 8-2, Reciprocity 8-0, Anthracite 8-0, My Merrities 7-13, Marmion 7-10, Pharpar 7-10, Cracknell 7-10.

The race:—Pharpar was left. Christmas Holiday, Mimi, were just behind Marmion who led the field till the bend. Here Murmansk, Verna and what looked at first like Treddle caught up well the leaders. Coming to the distance Mimi got going and Fretwork came along and won very easily though Murmansk tried to get up to her.

1st Tote paid:—Rs. 1,003-8 for win and Rs. 196, 240 and 42 for places.
2nd Tote paid:—Rs. 889-8 for win and Rs. 97-8, 129-8 and 22-8 for places.
Time:—1 min. 29 3/5 secs.

THE TIGRIS PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner, Rs. 4,000; second, Rs. 1,250; third, Rs. 750.

Mr Jarulla bin Talib's ANDOLIS, 8-12, Harrison 1
Mr M Shaffi's GOLSHAN, 7-12, Morris ... 2
Mr A S Fezi's NEVERMIND, 7-13, ... 3
Mr Noble's DUBLIN, 7-8, Stokes 4

Also ran:—Khundil 9-6, Trade Mark 9-2, Warminster 9-0, Ferry Boat 8-12, Arvil 7-7, Arthur 7-3, Beadmaker 7-2, Magdala 7-0.

The race:—Golshan dwelt and lost some ground. Warminster got going first and led his field with Beadmaker till the bend. Here Andolis moved up with Trade Mark and Golshan working his way up. Coming into the straight the leaders were displaced by Andolis and Nevermind. At the distance Golshan made his effort after a different passage, but couldn't catch Andolis.

1st Tote paid:—Rs. 74-8 for win and Rs. 31-8, 18-8 and 36 for places.
2nd Tote paid:—Rs. 40-8 for win and Rs. 15, 16 and 18 for places.
Time:—1 min. 53 1/5 secs.

CALCUTTA MONSOON MEETING

SECOND DAY'S RESULT.

THE VISIAORS PLATE Div. II. Distance 5 fur.

POMMERY 1
SMOKE WREATH 2
URMILA 3

THE CHARNOCK PLATE. Div. I Distance 8 fur.

SALOON 1
STAPLES 2
WEDDING RING 3

THE NOVICE PLATE. Distance 7 fur.

SILVER GIFT 1
ANGARI 2
SANS MERCI 3

THE VISITORS PLATE. Div. II. Distance 5 fur.

HUSSKER 1
ROXA 2
STRANGE LIKENESS 3

THE CHARNOCK PLATE. Div. II. Distance 6 fur.

SHAPELEY 1
VERLAND 2
LITTLE TAG 3

THE EDEN PLATE. Distance 1 Mile 1 fur.

ROYAL SIGN 1
SIMPLE SIMON 2
JACK 3

THE VISITORS PLATE. Div. I. Distance 5 fur.

KING OF BEES 1
QUEEN MARY 2
MERCURY 3

ENGLISH RACING.

BETTING IN GREAT EBOR HANDICAP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LODON, Aug., 24.
Recd. 2 p.m., Aug. 26.

The betting in the Great Ebor Handicap was:—

100/7 against March Along
100/9 Flint Jack
7/1 Holbeach.
Twenty ran.

March Along won by a short head and there was three quarters of a length between the second and the third.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

AUSTRALIANS. VS. SOMERSET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Aug. 27.

A match between the Australians and Somerset was continued today at Taunton. The weather was fine and wicket in good condition when six thousand spectators witnessed Somerset's first innings. Somerset's batting display was not brilliant their innings coming to a close for 123 runs of which Considine contributed 47 not out. For the Australians McDonald took 7 wickets for 31 runs. Following on Somerset's second only amounted to 150. Lowry by some splendid hitting scored 56 of which 2 hits were sixes and seven fours. Armstrong took 7 wickets for 55 runs. Australians won by innings and 58 runs.

AUSTRALIANS V. SOMERSET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 24.
Recd. 10 a.m., Aug. 27.

The match between the Australians and Somerset began at Taunton to-day in dull weather before six thousand spectators. The Australians batted first on excellent wicket and at the close of the play had been dismissed for 331. Collins made 101 which included twelve fours, but he should have been caught on four occasions. Ryder scored 124 not-out. He hit seven fours and gave no chance.

COUNTY CRICKET RESULTS.

LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 7-30 p.m. Aug. 28.

Middlesex beat Kent by five wickets.
Hampshire beat Warwickshire by five wickets.
Gloucester beat Glamorgan by seven wickets.
Lancashire beat Sussex by nine wickets.
Surrey beat Leicestershire by 88 runs.
Yorkshire drew with Essex but were leading on first innings.

CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

BARONET C. C. VS HINDU GYMKHANA.

A very interesting match was played on Sunday between the Baronet Cricket Club and the Hindu Gymkhana, on the latter's ground in the presence of a large number of spectators. The weather was fine all throughout the game. Both the parties were decidedly strong.

From among the visitors, mention must be made, of the excellent wicket-keeping of Bahadur Kapadia of the 'Quadrangular fame.' He is undoubtedly a good and reliable wicket-keeper. In the match between Hindus and Parsis, in the last Quadrangular Tournament it was Mr. Bahadur Kapadia who had made a commendable display of wicket-keeping. The bowling power of the visitors was, weaker than that of the home team. For example, Jai of the Gymkhana exhibited a remarkable display of bowling by capturing 6 wickets in 8 overs. Of course Chandarana also fared well in bowling. In batting, Pardeshi of the home team once again distinguished himself.

In the end the Gymkhana won the match by 47 runs.

The score:—

THE BARONET C. C.

	Runs.
Mr. Badshaw	6
Mr. Bahadur Kapadia	1
Mr. Langrana	0
Mr. Boman Kalapesi	12
Mr. K. Irani	23
Mr Nagaprewalla (Capt.)	21
Mr. J. Hawaiwalla (not out)	13
Mr. Umrigar	17
Mr. N. Davar	0
Mr. J Parekh	0
Mr. F. Davar	2
Extras	33
Total	131

HINDU GYMKHANA C. C.

	Runs.
Mr. M. Chandarana	15
Mr. K. Swamy	35
Mr. L. P. Jai	21
Mr. V. A. Dalvi	32
Mr. K. Pardeshi	36
Mr. P. Vithal	25
Mr. D. K Telang (Capt.)	11
Mr B. Jog (not out)	2
Mr H. Mahale	0
Mr. C. Rana (Jr.)	*
Mr. H. Parekh	0
Extras	4
Total	181

DAVIS CUP FINAL.

SHIMIDZU'S GREAT VICTORY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Aug. 25.

Newport (Rhode Island)—In the final of the Davis Cup the first match was won by Shimidzu (Japan) who beat Anderson (Australasia) 6/4; 7/5; 6/4.

AUSTRALASIA ELIMINATED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

NEWPORT, Aug. 26.

In the second match of the Davis Cup contest Kumagae (Japan) beat Hawkes (Australasia) 3/6; 2/6; 8/6; 6/2; 6/3. The outstanding feature was Kumagae's steadiness once he got into his stride.

Australasia has been eliminated from the Davis Cup by Japan.

PLAY DESCRIBED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, August 26.

In his singles match in the Davis Cup with Kumagae, Hawkes at the beginning showed remarkable control of ball and whipped it to all parts of the court with irresistible pace. He took the first and second sets in a convincing fashion, but Kumagae like Shimidzu went plugging along into what became a contest of endurance. His steadiness was the winning factor in third set and he showed renewed vigour in the fourth and won four straight games with loss of only five points before Hawkes could check him. The Australian, however, was unable to control the ball and Kumagao won scoring in all 29 points to eight.

Kumagae developed wrist cramp at the beginning of fifth set and lost three games in succession. He then ran out with five straight games, of which only one went to deuce.

MATCH BETWEEN SHIMIDZU AND ANDERSON.

FORMER WINS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Aug. 27.

Newport.—Several hundreds of spectators were present in perfect weather at the commencement of the match between Shimidzu and Anderson. The diminutive Japanese profited in the first set from the errors of his six foot Australian opponent who steadied down in the second set making a perfect side-line drives and killing tosses at the net. Shimidzu later again forced pace and kept up a continuous bombardment on Anderson's backhand. Pressure unsteadied him and latterly he double-faulted several times. Shimidzu owed his victory to the speed of his foot-work and his extraordinary steadiness.

A correspondent from Ajmer refutes the unfounded alligations against Mr. Pattrik that appeared in the Press some time ago. He says that the Alligations were out of personal Malice with a view to make Mr. Pattrik suffer degradation in the estimation of the people. Mr. Pattrik has been doing great services to the poor peasantry of Rajputana for the last fifteen years

Maulana also laid tress on the fact that the Volunteers were the soldiers of the country but that their weapon was not brute force and iron but of love and humanity. As soon as they showed anger or made violence or answered violence with violence they would then destroy the dignity of that uniform.

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In obedience to the tremendous demand of the public the management repeats this week for the third time
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Never has the Indian Screen witnessed such a brilliant array of histrionic talent as displayed in this
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"DRY" AMERICA.
AN OBJECT LESSON TO INDIA.

A timely publication under the above title from the facile pen of Mr. St. Nihal Singh, the well-known journalist, has just now come out in which the Author has given a succinct and interesting narrative of how the prohibition movement succeeded in America, describing in detail the Rise and Victory of the movement, the effect on Capital, the improvement of labour conditions, Social effects, health under prohibition, decrease in crime, saving to the community, and the Indian problem.
This book is written to indicate how the United States overcame the difficulties standing in the way of prohibition, and the results which are already visible, in the hope that it may prove useful to us in effectively dealing with our own problem. The present is the right moment for us to undertake such a task, because Indians irrespective of their political differences, are determined to seize every opportunity to regain for India the primacy of position which she once occupied in the comity of nations.
Though conditions in India differ from those in America yet there is no reason why the American experience may not be repeated in our country. It is true of India as of the United States that the State derives only a small amount of the money actually spent on drink. The extinction of the liquor traffic may mean the extinction of the revenue derived from liquor, but it cannot mean that the money now paid for liquor will be destroyed. On the contrary, the banishment of liquor will mean that the money, instead of being wasted, will be available for productive purposes, and will help to improve the general condition of the people, who will not be able to spend it upon intoxicants. General improvement of living conditions must favourably react upon the State Exchequer.
The book is published by Messrs. Ganesh and Co., Madras, printed on Antique paper and bound in cloth, priced Rs. 3.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Reforms Conference at Empire Theatre at 12 noon, Mrs. Besant presiding.
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

TUESDAY, Aug. 30.

Bombay Reforms Conference at Empire Theatre at 12 noon, Mrs. Besant presiding
The Sholapur S. and W. Co., Ltd., Ord. Genl Meeting, Tamarind Lane, 12 noon

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 31.

Poona Races: Big Meeting: First Day.

THURSDAY, Sept. 1

Preliminary Scientific Course begins at the National Medical College, 2nd Victoria Cross Lane, Byculla.
Garden Party, Govt. House, Ganeshkhind, 5 p.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

RAILWAY TIMINGS.

G. I. P. TRAINS TO AND FROM BOMBAY

The following are the hours of arrivals and departures of the principal mail and express trains at and from Victoria Terminus station daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

	Arr. H. M.	Dep H. M.
Punjab Mail	17 0	13 [illegible]
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)...	13 15	21 [illegible]
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	8 0	15 2[illegible]
Madras Mail	8 40	21 1[illegible]
Poona Mail	11 30	14 4[illegible]
Inter & 3rd Poona Express	12 5	14 1[illegible]
Poona Express	19 40	7 5[illegible]
Delhi & Lucknow Express	9 0	22 [illegible]

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the hours of arrivals and departures of the principal mail and express trains at and from Colaba station daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

	Arr. H. M.	Dep H. M.
Bombay-Peshawar Mail	14 0	15 [illegible]
Gujarat Mail	11 10	20 2[illegible]
Kathiawar Express	7 45	20 4[illegible]
Fast Passenger	21 30	7 1[illegible]

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The first annual thanksgiving Mass by the Catholic Staff of the Imperial Bank of India (42nd Mass of the late Bank of Bombay) will be held on 13th September 1921 at the Mount Mary's Church, Bandra at 10 a.m. (S. T.).

INDIAN EDUCATION SOCIETY.

Mr. T. Welsh, the manager of the Standard Mill, Elphinstone Road, and his clerical staff have been pleased to donate Rs. 211-3-0 to the building fund of the Indian Education Society's King George English School at Dadar.

ARCHITECTURAL STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION.

The fourth general meeting of this Association will be held at the Sir J. J. School of Art, Fort, Bombay, on Thursday, the 1st September, at 6-30 p.m., when Mr. L. R. Date will open a general discussion on "The Degradation of Indian Architecture." Members and all others interested are invited to attend.

NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE BOMBAY.

The entrance examination of the National Medical College Bombay, will be held today (Monday) at 10 45 a.m. at the Marwadi Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon. The students will be supplied with ink and answer papers.

Examiners are warned to be present 15 minutes before the appointed time. The personal interview with the Superintendent will be from 2-30 to 5-30 p.m.

DRAMA IN AID OF S. S. VOLUNTEER CORPS

A dramatic performance in aid of the Swarajya Sabha Volunteer Corps was given last evening by the proprietors of the Vijaya Nattam Natak Samaj, when the historical play of Anar-Lakshmi was staged at the Bombay Theatre, Falkland Road under the presidency of Mrs. Naidu. Atiya Begum Sahiba was one of the audience which was fairly good. The plot of the play is laid in the time of Akbar the Great who is depicted therein as having done his best in promoting the Hindu-Moslem unity in these days in the true interests of Bharatmata. The value of this distinguishing trait of the great Mogul cannot be overestimated and its portrayal in these days of Hindu-Moslem unity is quite opportune. It may be noted the proprietors of the above stated theatrical company had recently given a charity performance in aid of the Khulna Relief Fund through this Corps.

Mr. V. A. Desai, on behalf of the Swaraj Sabha Volunteer Corps, thanked the Company for giving it two performances in a short time and thanked the audience for their extending the patronage. Mrs. Naidu, referring to the aid of the Theatrical Co. said in England and in Europe generally the stage was doing its best in going to the succour of public institutions, by giving charity performances, such as hospitals, educational institutions, etc. She then advised the audience to put on Khadi dress and take to Swadeshi for it was the key to Swaraj.

A PEON'S SUICIDE

At the Coroner's Court, Mr. A. R. King, the Coroner, held an inquest on Saturday morning touching the death of one Jarunpa Dooma, aged 35 years, who died on the 27th instant, by his having hanged himself by the neck.

Dogu Dooma, a peon in an office in the Fort, said that the deceased was his nephew. He lived with him and he last saw him alive at 1 a.m. on the 27th instant. He was suffering for three days from fever and was treated by a doctor at Girgaon. After some time he was able to move about. He was a widower. He had no other trouble and never said that he was tired of life. He had no enemies so far as he knew. He left the house at 1 a.m. saying that he would return soon. He, however, did not return and he subsequently saw his dead body at the morgue. He did not suspect any foul play.

At this stage, a towel was produced in the Court and about which the witness said that it belonged to the deceased. He did not know to whom the rope belonged.

Ramappa Lakma, a peon in Alice Building, Hornby Row, said that the deceased was his friend. On the 27th instant at 7 a.m. he went out of his room and saw the deceased hanging from a pillar near the water-closet. A towel was tied round the pillar and one end of the rope was round his neck. He was dead. His feet were two feet above the ground. There was no disturbance early in the morning. He did not know to whom the towel and the rope belonged, nor did he know of any reason why the deceased should have hanged himself. He subsequently brought the incident to the notice of the police, who after having called a Punch, had the body removed to the morgue.

The Coroner's Surgeon who had examined the body of the deceased said that the cause of his death was suffocation due to hanging.

After the evidence had been recorded, the jury returned a verdict that the death of Jarupna was caused by his having hanged himself by the neck.

WELCOME TO MRS. BESANT.

"THE PROMISE OF INDIA'S HERITAGE"

Members of the Theosophical Society presented an address to Mrs. Annie Besant, President of the Society, at the Empress Cinema Theatre on Sunday at 10 a.m.

After a programme of musical recitations was gone through, Mr. Ratansi D. Morarji, read the address, in the course of which it was stated as follows:—

"We believe that it is not without significance that your re-election to the Presidency of the Theosophical Society should synchronise with the opening of a new chapter in the progress of India. Looking back over the history of the last seven years, one cannot help realising how closely your tireless efforts on behalf of the people of India have been linked with the progress of the Country. The year that marked the beginning of your second term of office as President of the Theosophical Society witnessed the birth of a new National Consciousness not only amongst the educated Indians but also amongst the masses.

Your internment and all the sacrifice that it meant laid the foundation of a New India, full of hopes and aspiration, with an eye enthusiastically fixed upon a noble goal, intimately connected with the future destiny of humanity itself.

You have helped, as no one else has perhaps done, to open the gateway of India's freedom. Standing sentinel over that gateway, you are guarding that precious and hard-won liberty. There is yet another chapter to be written in the history of India's long struggle. It is the gaining and recognition of her place among the nations of the world; the giving to a world at war the Wisdom that India alone can give, the soothing balm which alone can heal the wounded heart of humanity. When that final triumph shall come, when India shall be hailed as the bringer of Light, then shall the Motherland crown her faithful and devoted servant who wrought so nobly, so bravely, and we who loved you, honoured you and followed you, no matter where you led us, we too shall have our share of that benediction and of that triumph. Lead us then, dear and revered President, to that final victory and many the blessing of Rishis be upon you and all of us."

MRS. BESANT'S REPLY.

Mrs. Besant in reply thanked the members with all her heart for according her the welcome once more on her coming home. Since she left, she said, as they knew the Society had elected her for the third time as President of that great movement. When the question came of her second candidature for that office it was suggested that the election should be held for life. She asked the Socity not to elect a President for life. Because for a democratic society like theirs the members should have a right at the end of the term of the office to have a new election.

Referring to the spiritual condition of India she said the Aryans of yore had given a splendid heritage of wisdom and duty which unfortunately was in slaving condition at the time the Society inaugurated its work in India. Fortunately, the ancient rishis sent messengers to revive and awaken the spiritual lethargey of the East. In spie of her sufferings and domination of years India was not yet old In her to-day she saw the promise of the future and never let it be forgotten by us. she said that in the youth of the country lies its promises of heritage and a day of triumph will soon come. Unless the youth of the country all feel and agree in the hope and passinate aspirations, the would not preserve the spirit of a mighty nation. There lay India's real strength and her real heritape.

Referring to the future she said that the evolution of mankind as a whole is to be planked and made a real deal of the future. The new civilization would consist in the duty and the obligation of man to man as a part of fabric erected on the right of the individual strange. She then referred to the great teachings of Buddha, the Zoroaster and the Prophet Mahomed and said that they must not forget in their political excitement in the struggle for commercial prosperity the greatest efforts of science as shown by Sir J. C. Bore and Mr. P. C. Roy. She said: Do not let us forget that beyond and above all this there stands a Maintainer of all.

Continuing, Mrs. Besant said they should not forget that India has not only borne great patriots and great scientists but also great spiritual teachers.

Finally she exhorted the audience that to uplift India they should struggle for higher education because through its medium only they would acheive material prosperity and political freedom. She concluded amidst applause saying "I bid you greeting and welcome you to the new heritage, for yours is the labour, yours is the duty and yours is the triumph for the coming future."

The meeting then dispersed.

REQUEST OF PROVINCIAL CONGRESS SECRETARY.

UNSYMPATHETIC GOVERNMENT REPLY

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, August 27.

The following telegrams are published for general information:—

To Private Secretary to H. E. the Governor of Madras,—"As soon as physically practicable I desire going to affected area, Malabar, with a reliable Malayalam knowing friend. His Excellency is probably aware of my views. I feel it my duty to reach the area and press for cessation of violence. Please request his Excellency and inform if I can go. I am ignorant of the nature of orders passed regarding ingress and movement in area. I would like to obey lawful orders. (Sd.) C. Rajagopalachari, General Secretary, Tanjore."

The following telegram was sent in reply:—"Reference your telegram to Private Secretary of today, I am to say that the affected area is under Martial Law. Government can give you no advice as to the possibility of proceeding. (Sd.) Chief Secretary to Government of Madras."

'PROSECUTE GANDHI AND ALI BROTHERS"

COL GIDNEY ON WAR PATH.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Aug. 27.

An anti-non-cooperation meeting this evening resolved to form a Simla Moderate Association. Col. Gidney, presiding, accused Government of weakness and giving enough rope to non-cooperation and asked that immediate steps be taken against Messrs. Gandhi and Ali brothers.

"MAHATMA GANDHIKA UPADESH."

PROSCRIBED BY U. P. GOVERNMENT.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, August 27.

The Government of the U.P. declares forfeiture under the Indian Press Act 1910 of all copies of Hindi pamphlets (or of their translation) named "Mahatma Gandhika Upadesh" by Desabakta Ramananda Sharma and printed in Lucknow and of "Gandhi Yash Holi" by Bisweshar Prasad Bansari Das printed at Benares.

GERMANY AND U. S.

PEACE TREATY SIGNED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 7 p.m., Aug. 27.

Berlin.—The Peace Treaty between the United States and Germany has been signed. The Treaty consists of three articles and reproduces the United States' Congressional resolution adopted on July 2nd, 1921. Germany undertakes to grant all rights of reparations indicated in the resolution while America is not bound by part one of the Treaty of Versailles nor its reference to the League of Nations.

GERMAN-AMERICAN PEACE TREATY

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 3 p.m. Aug. 28.

The proceedings at the signature in Berlin of the peace agreement between Germany and America lasted scarcely ten minutes. The American Charge d'Affaires and the Foreign Minister were the signatories.

THE BUTTER AND THE BREAD.

FRENCH CRITICISM ON GERMAN-AMERICAN PEACE TREATY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 8 p.m. Aug. 28.

Paris.—Newspapers generally criticise Peace Treaty which has been signed by America and Germany. They point out that France started with a World Alliance and ended in quasi-isolation, and say that the Americans have taken all the butter in the Versailles Treaty and rejected the bread on which it is spread.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN TREATY OF PEACE SIGNED.

PROVISIONS NOT KNOWN.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON Aug. 25.
5 Recd. 1-30 p.m., Aug. 27.

Vienna.—The Austro-American treaty of peace has been signed. The negotiations were confidential and the provisions of the treaty are not known.

SCOTTISH IRON WORKS.

A GOOD TIME COMING

(Reuter's Telegram)

LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 7-30 p.m. Aug. 28.

The Scottish Iron and Steel Works are increasing their working staffs preparatory to a speedy re-opening as substantial orders have already been received.

"REFORMS CONFERENCE."

SESSION IN BOMBAY.

The Second Reforms Conference, to be held under the auspices of the Bombay Branch of the National Home Rule League, meets to-day at 12 noon at the Empire Theatre, Fort, with Mrs. Annie Besant as President. Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas M.L.A., Chairman of the Reception Committee, will deliver his address. After the formal election of Mrs. Besant as the President, Mrs. Besant will deliver her Presidential address. The day's proceedings are not expected to last long.

The conference will then adjourn and the Subjects Committee will meet at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, 72 Apollo Street, Fort to consider the draft resolutions.

To morrow the Conference will begin work at 11. 30 a.m. and will sit throughout the day till all the resolutions are disposed of.

Reception Committee Members' Tickets, Delegates' Tickets and Visitors' Tickets can be had to-day at the Empire Theatre

DINNER TO MR. PUSSYFOOT JOHNSON,

It is arranged to give a public dinner to Mr. W. S. (Pussyfoot) Johnson, the great apostle of prohibition, at the Taj on the night of Thursday, the 1st September, under the auspices of the Bombay Temperance Council. Ladies and gentlemen desiring to attend the function should send their names and addresses to Mr. D. D. Gilder, Hon. Secretary, Bombay Temperance Council, at Gazder Mansion, Princess Street. Those requiring vegetarian dinner should state accordingly.

DEFYING HIGH COURT ORDERS.

BIJAPUR MAGISTRATE'S AMAZING CONDUCT.

(Associated Press.)

BIJAPUR, August 27.

One Khadir implicated in an alleged picketting encounter was hauled up before Mr. Hiremath, Sub-Divisional Magistrate and the case was reported in the press as transferred by the High Court to the Bijapur Resident's court. Accused was informed by his pleader of the transfer. The Magistrate also was accordingly informed, still he hastily finished the case, convicting accused and sentencing him to two months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 25.

KABUL NEWS.

(Associated Press.)

PESHAWAR, Aug. 27.

Sirdar Abdul Jan, son of the Afghan Foreign Minister, Sirdar Iam Mahmud Beg Tarzi, passed through Peshawar on the 16th August. It is understood that he is proceeding to England as a courier with despatches for the Afghan Mission to Europe, which is now in London.

Cholera, which is usually present in Kabul in the summer months has, from accounts, taken a serious turn lately. It is said that as many as 50 deaths a day are occurring. This may be the reason for the postponement of the Independent Day Celebrations which were to have commenced on August 17th and for which great preparation had been made both in Paghman and in provincial capitals.

Sarwar Din, a Khukikel Afridi who was concerned in the dastardly outrage of last December in which Col. and Mrs. Foukles lost their lives was arrested and has been executed at Kohat after due trial.

KING CONSTATINE ILL.

SUFFERING FROM GASTRIC TROUBLE

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON Aug. 25.
5 Recd. 1-30 p.m., Aug. 27.

Athens.—Two doctors have been despatched to Eski Shehr to attend King Constantine, who is suffering from gastric trouble. He had yesterday vomiting attacks following fainting lasting twenty minutes.

WESTMINSTER (ABBEY) BYE-ELECTION.

CANDIDATE REPUDIATING CONNECTION WITH COALITION.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON. Aug. 25.
5 Recd. 1-30 p.m., Aug. 27.

After a very active campaign polling took place today in the bye-election in the Abbey Division of Westminster. There are three candidates, Brigadier-General J. S. Nicholson Colonel Applin and Arnold Lupton all of whom have been advocating policy of anti-Waste as the main plank in their programmes. The candidates are unanimous in repudiating connection with the Coalition, which is not represented in a traditionally Tory constituency.

LONDON, Aug. 26.

The following is the result of the bye-election in Abbey Division of Westminster:

Brig.-General Nicholson (Independent Conservative and Anti-Waste)	6204
Colonel Applin (Anti-Waste) ...	4970
Arnold Lupton (Independent Liberal and Anti-Waste)	3773

GLAMORGANSHIRE BYE-ELECTION.

A LABOUR VICTORY.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON Aug. 25.
5 Recd. 1-30 p.m., Aug. 27.

The following is the result of the bye election in Glamorganshire (Caerphilly Division):—

Mr. Morgan Jones (Labour)	13699
Mr. Rees Edmunds (Liberal)	8958
Mr. Stewart (Communist)	2592

The vacancy was caused by the death of Mr. Alfred Onions.

EGYPTIAN NEGOTIATIONS SUSPENDED.

NEGOTIATORS TAKE A MONTH'S HOLIDAY!

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 2 p.m. Aug. 28.

Reuter learns that the negotiations between Lord Curzon and Adly Pasha have been suspended for a month, while the leading negotiators are on a holiday. It is understood that the Egyptians will take vacation in Paris.

TURKISH MINISTRY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 2 p.m. Aug. 28.

Constantinople.—Kiazim Bey has been appointed Minister of Justice and Tewfik Bey President of the Council of State.

SILVER MARKET.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, August 25.
Recd. 3 p.m. Aug. 28.

Messrs. Montagu's report ascribes the fall in silver to the advance in the sterling value of the rupee, which is probably connected with the Indian balance of trade. It states that in view of the erratic speculative tendency of the exchange generally the prospects of the silver market are obscure. The report quotes an American report that more silver was produced last year in Chihcahua than in any year since 1910, namely over nine million ounces Troy.

SCINDIA S. N. CO.

SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

REDUCTION OF CAPITAL.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company Ltd., was held on Saturday afternoon at the Morarji Gokuldas Hall, Cavel, Mr. Khurshid F. Nariman, Pleader, presiding. It must be said that the shareholders did not evince that evening as much interest in the affairs of the Company as they did at the previous Saturday's meeting by mustering strong It would have been far better if the organisers of the meeting had previously arranged with regard to the resolutions that they intended to move in the meeting. As it was, in the meeting considerable disturbance was created, as some of the shareholders did not approve of the procedure of the meeting. Most of the shareholders had not the patience to pay heed to the speakers and thus, they created very often unnecessary disturbance by abruptly putting irrelevant questions to them.

It must be noted that the meeting was held with a view to appoint a reliable committee of shareholders to look after the present affairs of the Scindia Company.

At the outset Mr. Vallimohomed proposed that Mr. Khurshid F. Nariman should take the chair.

A shareholder seconded the proposition.

MR. NARIMAN'S SPEECH.

Mr. Nariman, in the course of his speech said he thanked them for having proposed him to the chair. It was his intention to hold a meeting of the shareholders before the meeting of the Directors. He suggested to them to safeguard the interests of the Company in the first place. They should cooperate with their fellowmen and carry out the work successfully. They should not appoint a committee as they did at the time of the Anglo-India affair but they were going to appoint a committee of persons in whom the shareholders should have full faith and trust.

They should divide the shares into two parts of Rs. 30 and Rs. 75. The members of the committee would from time to time interview the Directors of the Committee, and he was sure they would fulfill their task successfully. Their main business was to appoint a committee of shareholders. He, then, called upon Mr. Chhatarpaty to move the first resolution. (Cheers.).

Mr. Chhatrapaty in the course of his speech said they had to consider under what circumstances this Company was formed. The Directors had no doubt, the power of passing their contemplated resolution, they might pass it by the help of proxies; but he was sure the Directors would not take that sort of action without consulting them. The main question was whether the shareholders were willing to reduce the capital of the Company.

A POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. Paymaster, at this stage rose to a point of order and said that he was not aware of the resolution of Mr. Chhatarpaty.

Chairman:—I now ask Mr. Chhatarpaty to put forth his resolution.

Thereupon, the speaker, said that their shares should be divided into two parts. The shares of Rs 75 should be kept as fully paid up and the remaining shares of Rs. 30 also should kept as such.

The question whether they were going to reduce the capital or not was to be decided first by the shareholders. (Cries of "Yes" and "No.")

The Chairman, then, got up and said that whether it was possible to reduce the capital or not would depend upon the opinion of their counsel.

Mr. Chhartarpaty, then, moved the following resolution.

FIRST RESOLUTION.

"That this meeting of shareholders is of opinion that the capital of the Company be reduced by extinguishing liability in respect of uncalled for capital."

Mr. Parulkur seconded the above resolution.

A shareholder, at this stage got up and said that the shareholders were entirely ignorant of the present situation of the Scindia Company. The resolution, to his mind, was quite irrelevant. They were not informed whether the Company was working in a loss or not. They were kept entirely in the dark with regard to all those points, and before clearing their doubts, it was no use passing the resolution. All that they wanted to know of was the "ins and outs" of the Company. (Hear, hear.).

Another shareholder got up, at this stage, and said that the previous speaker wanted to know of the present situation of the Company. They were, no doubt, not in a position to know now as to what had become of the "Loyalty" steamer. Some shareholders were of the opinion that their interests were going to be disparaged by the Directors. They should not entertain that idea for the present. What they had got to consider was to appoint a committee and decide the question under discussion once and for all.

Mr. B. H. Daroowalla, then, said that their resolution would not be binding on the shareholders. The one question was whether the capital should be reduced or not, because they had to compete with many old established firms. It was a well-known fact that many of the shipping concerns were working in huge loss; so by reducing the capital they would be limiting the powers of the Company. Further, instead of refunding let a committee limit the rights of the Directors to call out further calls of shares. In his opinion the goodwill of the Company rested in the goodwill of the shareholders. (Cheers.).

Mr. B. F. Bharucha, then said that he feared that they were mixing up the issues. The Directors themselves had said that they were going to reduce the capital of the Company. What they had to consider was that in view of the mismanagement of the Company was it advisable for the shareholders to retain their present liability. As the resolution went it was not. It was very important to know whether the Scindia Steam Ship Company could or could not stand the competition with other steamship companies. All that they wanted to know was whether the persons whose advice they sought had any expert shipping knowledge. He was sorry to maintain that the management of the Company was no credit either to the Agents or to the Directors. It was the duty of the Company, therefore, to give them the proper explanation they wanted at the earliest possible opportunity. For the present they should allow the capital to be reduced; but in no case should they repay them (the Company authorities) in cash. (Loud cheers.).

The resolution was, then, put to the vote and passed four voting against it.

SECOND RESOLUTION.

Mr. R. B. Paymaster, then, put forth the following resolution:—

"That this meeting of shareholders is of opinion that no payment as proposed by the Directors should be made in cash under any circumstances and in no form in respect of 16,666 fully paid-up shares."

Mr. Paymaster in support of his resolution said the resolution that was placed before them at the last Saturday's meeting was not explicit. The directors did not, in the first place, explain to them the position of the Company. If they (the directors) had explained to them what they wanted, they would not have gathered again in that hall. They (the shareholders) were ready to reduce the capital of the Company. All the shareholders before attending the Company's meeting on the 24th proximo should determine to divide the shares into two parts, viz., of Rs. 75 and Rs. 30.

The largest number of shares was in the hands of rich persons, and thus their position became quite awkward. They should, therefore, appoint a Committee and allow the shares to be divided into two parts. (Cheers.)

Mr. Vallimohomed seconded the above resolution.

The Chairman, then, put the resolution to the vote and was passed one voting against it.

Mr. Parulkar, then, moved the following third resolution:—

THIRD RESOLUTION.

"That a Committee consisting of the following gentlemen be appointed to take all steps to carry out the above resolutions such as to meet the Directors. Auditors and others, and to get full information and look into the affairs of the Company and make suitable suggestions in the best interests of the shareholders and to report after a fortnight the result of their investigations:—Mr. K. F. Nariman (Chairman); Mr. Chhatrapaty and Mr. Parulkar (Secretaries); Mr. B. F. Bharucha, Mr. R. B. Paymaster, Mr. Rahim Vally, Mr. Hassanally Nanji, Mr. M. Subedar, Dr. D. S. Postwalla, Mr. K. Joseph, Mr. F. Ginwalla and Mr. Liladhar Thar."

Mr. F. Ginwalla, in seconding the resolution, said that as the resolution was quite explicit, there was no need for him to say anything on the matter in question.

The resolution was, then, put to the vote and passed unanimously.

Mr. Vallimohomed proposed a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. K. F. Nariman for having ably and commendably conducted the meeting.

The meeting was, then, dissolved.

An Extraordinary Gazette notifies the extension for a further period of one year from 2nd September 1921 of the Rouble Note Act 1920 and also extension of the application of Martial Law to the taluks of Wynaad and Kurumbranad in Malabar Districts.

THE MUNITIONS MUDDLE.

ANOTHER COMMUNIQUE.

The Government of India (Industries Department) have issued a long press communiqué touching the Munitions case. After referring to the history of the Board of Industries and Munitions, it goes into details of the case, of the part played therein by Mr. Holland, and the appeal, for the withdrawal of the case, made in the Court. The communiqué proceeds to say:—The prosecution cannot be treated as the result of a considered decision by the Governor-General in Council. Sir Thomas Holland has from the outset unreservedly accepted full responsibility for the action taken, and has, in particular, expressed his deep regret at the omission to invite the attention of the Governor-General to the case during the period of its reconsideration or to take his instructions before issuing orders in modification of the previous decision. The circumstances in which Sir Thomas Holland was constrained to come to an urgent decision in the absence of the Chief Controller, Surplus Stores, have been already explained and it must be added in justice that he was seriously overtaxed with urgent work. Pending a re-allocation of the departmental duties attached to the old Commerce Department and the new Industries Department he had borne the undivided burden of both the departments since the departure of Sir George Barnes. The necessary re-allocation of duties has since been carried out.

Full publication of the communiqué will be given in the next issue.

BOYCOTT OF FOREIGN CLOTH

ACTIVITIES OF VOLUNTEERS IN CALCUTTA.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, August 27.

Khilafat volunteers today began with some show the campaign of boycott of foreign cloth. A procession of a number of volunteers carrying flags and beating drums paraded the streets in the Burrabazar section of the town singing Urdu songs and urging shopkeepers and buyers not to sell or purchase foreign clothes. There was no interference and nothing untoward happened.

A leaflet in different languages is freely circulated enjoining upon Hindus and Mahomedans not to wear foreign clothes from 1st September next. Shopkeepers fear the movement will seriously affect the coming puja sale. Khilafat workers are organising parties for mofussil boycott.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Monday, August 29, 1921.

GOOD RESOLUTIONS.

Our attention has been called to a resolution passed by the Bengal Khilafat Conference recommending that an army of ten thousand Muslim volunteers should be raised at once in India for service with the Turks in Anatolia. The motive of that resolution has our heartfelt sympathy, but we seriously doubt the feasibility of the project. It would be easy to raise the volunteers, but impossible, as things now are, adequately to equip them. Even if the Government of India allowed them to proceed to Anatolia, their arrival untrained, unarmed and without artillery and commissariat would be an embarrassment rather than a help ot the Angora Government. The Turks are not in need of men to beat the Greeks but of munitions; therefor, it is munitions rather than men that Indian Muslims should resolve to send to them. The British Government having declared that both belligerents are at liberty to buy munitions from private traders in the Allied countries, and it being perfectly well-known in England that British subjects of Greek extraction have been freely giving credit and supplies to Greece, there seems to be no reason why the Muslims of India and their sympathisers should not give credit and supplies to Turkey if they wish to do so; and that they wish to do so there can be no doubt. Even those Muslims who, in patient expectation or despair still cling to Government, need have no hesitation in espousing such a cause as this; and all those men of wealth who have fought shy of the Khilafat movement for whatever reasons could now stand forth to make it a success. Gentlemen who would never dream of donning khadi have thus an opportunity to show themselves true Muslims, obedient to the Sacred Law which bids men strive for El Islam not only with their lives but with their wealth and property. Are the rich men of the brotherhood of Islam, which ought to be the army of Allah, less capable of public spirit than Greek criminals? Are they content to see Islam destroyed in Thrace and Anatolia?

THE PRINCE OF WALES'S VISIT.

When a coterie of individuals, however highly situated, presume to "resolve" this and "resolve" that in the name of the "people" while the people themselves are bitterly opposed to the resolutions passed in their name and bitterly deny the title of these busibodies to speak or do anything in the name of the people, it is inevitable that a fiasco, such as was enacted at Calcutta in connection with the proposed welcome to the Prince of Wales, should take place. The vicissitudes of the Sheriff's meeting at Calcutta recall Bombay's experiences of the Sheriff's meeting held three years ago for commemorating Lord Willingdon's "services" to the presidency. But the organisers of the meeting in Calcutta seem to have possessed more cunning, if less courage and honesty, than their prototypes in Bombay. When they found the advertised place of meeting packed with a hostile audience, they resorted to the trick of changing the venue at the last moment without previous notice to the "public" in whose name they had presumed to act. And at the new place of meeting they took rigorous steps to exclude all but themselves and their following. The "Englishman"'s description of the measures taken on the occasion is eloquent testimony to the so-called public character of the meeting "Elaborate precautions" says the journal, "were taken at the Town Hall by the authorities to prevent any non-co-operators gaining admission to the meeting. European and Indian police armed with lathis, guarded the approaches while near the portico were Indian armed police and a detachment of Gurkha military police. The meeting itself was held on the south verandah of the Town Hall, facing the maidan. A taut rope barrier was stretched across the steps guarded by a strong contingent of parawallahs. In the roadway itself a few European sergeants kept order and controlled the traffic." Yet neither Lord Ronaldshay, who presided, nor Sir Surendranath Banerjea and other Indian speakers at the meeting, felt any shame in speaking and "resolving" in the name of the "citizens of Calcutta." The real citizens of Calcutta, however, made it quite clear, as did the citizens of Bombay three years ago, that a purely officially managed "welcome", however resplendent, can never be a welcome from the people. If the Prince of Wales cannot see through the hollowness and dishonesty of the whole show—so much the worse for everybody. If His Royal Highness is really anxious to come in contact with the real people of India, there are ways as well as time to do so which it would not be difficult for him to find out if he refuses to be made a tool of by the Indian bureaucracy for their own aggrandisement.

ART IN BOMBAY.

Mr. W. E. G. Solomon's lecture upon Bombay art, the full text of which we published lately, has we understand aroused a good deal of discussion and dispute; in which the adverse criticisms might be thus epitomised. "Can any good thing come out of Bombay; and out of the J. J. School of Art in particular?" We have been privileged to see some of the work in preparation for the mural decoration of the Durbar Hall of Government House; and we can say in language which Bombay will understand that H. E. the Governor is getting a good deal more than his money's worth. The same is the case with the order of an Indian gentleman for a frieze for the decoration of his house or place of business: he will possess a really valuable work of truly Indian art. Indeed out of Bombay has come, as the result of one man's sympathy, and insight, a thing so good that all the world will soon acclaim it. All that it needs, in order to develop freely is patronage from the rich people of Bombay. The suggestion lately made by a contemporary that art can exist or ought to be able to exist without patronage, is manifestly absurd; for art is the work of artists, and artists like all other men, must live, and, being much more sensitive than other men need more encouragement. It is too much to expect from any Government the sympathy that is required for the encouragement of high art and its devotees. Not one Governor in a hundred could be expected to possess the love for art and courage to avow it which Sir George Lloyd has shown in his patronage of the poor artists of the Bombay School who, from the orthodox governmental standpoint, are unprofitable students since they are never likely to develop into drawing-masters or any other sort of schedulable drudge of Government. The Government of India might have offered them the vast wall spaces of New Delhi, instead of bringing out from England artists who have no such instinct for the beautifying of wall spaces as the artists of the Bombay School have shown that they possess. These students are born masters of the art of mural decoration; and it would be a sin if they were set to work as journeymen on the designs of Mr. This or Sir Somebody So-and-So; which is all that the Government of India is, we hear, prepared to let the Indian artists do at Delhi. It is difficult to understand, in view of theirachievements and the marked advance they show in each new work, why the mural decoration work at Delhi should not be handed over to the Bombay School of Art as such But we have long since given up as hopeless all attempts to fathom the mentality of Government Departments It remains then for the rich folk of Bombay to encourage these poor artists, for their own renown and for the future glory of their city. We can assure them that their patronage will not be "wasted." They will get their money's worth.

Notes of the Day.

"The First Time in History"!

A correspondent sends us a newspaper cutting from America containing an account of the victorious entry of the Turkish army into Kars by an eye-witness, an American lady employed in Armenian relief work. The writer says that the Turkish troops did not Massacre the Armenians on that occasion "for the first time in history." It happened to be the first time in history that that particular American lady had witnessed the victorious entry of a Turkish army into a city, where there were a number of Armenians. Victorious Turkish armies have, at some time or other entered every town and village where Armenians dwell, and the number of Armenians in those regions is still noticeable! The writer refers to the frenzy of panic which, none the less possessed the Armenians wish whom she had to deal. We regard such panic as the cause of more than half the stories of Armenian massacres which have so agonised the West. From our own experience we should say that highly-coloured stories are generally told by fugitives who never stopped to see what really happened. The real witnesses of such events are never garrulous.

Propaganda in America.

A correspondent, who went to America last October from Europe, writes under date July 29:—

I have been in this country since Oct. 20 and have been more or less a close observer of American politics. My interest has been more acute in matters relating to "Islam" and "India," as the two are viewed in this country. I have found, to my great discomfort, that anti-Muslim (Armenian, Greek and British) and anti-Indian (British) groups in this country have been carrying on an awfully malicious, bitter, false and nefarious propaganda against Islam and against India. Their efforts are supported not only by the interested opinion in this country, but their nationals across the Atlantic support them in all possible ways. The Turk, consequently, has become synonymous with "a brute" and one whose vileness leaves the "Huns" as novices. The Britishers in this country have been at particular pains to promote this feeling of hatred against the "infidels." India and the semi-savage inhabitants of that great "Colony" of Britain have not been held in any esteem either by the Americans. The name Indian suggests to them a resemblance between the Red "Indians" of America and East Indians. The word "Hindoo" creates a less unfavourable impression; but they don't know who the Hindoos are". Our correspondent goes on to tell how the British and Canadians take a pleasure in enlightening their Yankee kinsman explaining that the Hindus are "like Africans," and continually fight among themselves. If it were not for the presence of the British "the world would hear of daily fratricidal wars. In fact they are a people deserving of no more consideration than the negroes and Red Indians of this country and must never be taken to be as human as the Chinese, Coreans, Philippinos, Japanese and Armenians. If Mahatma Gandhi is determined," writes our correspondent "to force England to recognise India's claims, the Indian National Congress cannot afford to minimise the need of Indian propaganda in the U. S. A." While we do not dispute the desirability of combating the lies about Islam and India which are current in the United States and other countries, we believe that no-one can effectively help India until India helps herself. Mahatma Gandhi's solid work in India has done more for India even in America than any propaganda could have done.

Gandhi Cap in Goa.

A Goa correspondent writes:—

After reading the accounts of the grand khadi gathering on the 1st of August on the Chowpati sands in commemoration of the Anniversary of the late Lokamanya Tilak, the general public began to think of using Swadeshi clothes. Especially the younger generation, the students of the Government Lyceum and the Medical School, held meetings and decided to wear Gandhi caps and thus express their sympathy for the movement. So some students bought Gandhi caps and went to the Lyceum on the 18th instant but to their surprise, the Rector of the Lyceum, a native Christian clergyman, probably thinking this white cap would upset Christianity, lost his head and not only asked the boys not to wear these caps but actually abused the Hindu community as a whole. (Vide: the Portuguese supplement purposely published in reply to the above outburst of the Rector, sent herewith for your perusal. He ordered the boys to come with changed caps on the next day. The result of this was that all Hindoo boys without an exception about 350 bought the caps and boldly went to the School on the morning of the 19th instant, and took their seats in their respective classes. Two of the class teachers, worthy assistants of the worthy rector, in view of the verbal order of the Rector asked the boys to go home and refused to take their lessons. But the boys were firm, they would not change the caps whatever might be the consequences. In the evening, a council of all the professors of the Lyceum was held and as there was a strong difference of opinion in the staff, the worthy Rector sought an audience of his Excellency the Governor-General for the prohibition order against the caps. We understand, however, that the wise and far-sighted advice of his Excellency the Governor-General, who, by the way, we understand took the meddling rector to task for unnecessarily hurting the feelings of the Hindus, put a stop to this incident. We are very glad to inform you that now every Hindu student is allowed to attend the Lyceum with the Gandhi cap on.

According to the Portuguese newspaper enclosed by our correspondent, the Rector used very strong language, warning the "heathen" that a mere order would suffice for their extermination!

Racial Prestige.

After some months of careful study of the city of Bombay, or at least that little corner of it which lies between the "Chronicle" Office and Apollo Bunder, we have come to the conclusion that the Bombay police are men who "sleep o'nights"; though their love of slumber may occasionally be a cause of lack of rest to other citizens. On many nights during our sojourn in this much praised city we have been disturbed by brawling in Apollo Bunder. More than once the "row" has grown to formidable proportions—we recall particularly one occasion when some drunken sailors were concerned—but never yet have we set eyes on a policeman or seen anybody interfering in the name of law and order. The cause of this annoyance we are told is in the regulations, which do not permit an Indian constable to arrest a European; therefor the Indian police give a wide berth to a quarter where Europeans make disturbance almost nightly. Surely there must be a way to keep the King's peace in Apollo Bunder and still maintain prestige for drunken Europeans. When Ibrahim Pasha was in Damascus, some Muslim notables complained that Christians, under his regime, were riding horses. After considering the complaint, he gave permission for Muslims, if they pleased, to ride on camels, a much higher seat. We would suggest to the authorities that *two* Indian constables should be given competency to arrest any *one* European delinquent.

Wanted: Manners!

What scant respect the present "rulers" of Burma pay to the sentiments of the people, even when these sentiments spring from deep-seated religious beliefs, may be seen from the persistent refusal of Sir R. Craddock's Government to heed the protests of the Burmese public against the use of foot-wear by European officials within the sacred precincts of the Shwe Dagoon Pagoda. Looking to the fact that the Burmese profess a religion which enjoins non-killing of animals, and regard as a sacrilege the display in temples of anything suggestive of animal slaughter, their objection to the use of leather boots in the temple grounds is not difficult to understand. Indeed, anyone in Burma, let alone officials, who attached any sanctity to a followman's religious beliefs, would have refrained from wounding the religious susceptibilities of the Burmese. Every Burman and every visitor to the Shwe Dagoon Pagoda removes his shoes before entering the temple grounds. But the Burma Government has enforced an exception in the case of its own officials, so that to the general prohibitory notice, displayed at the entrance to the grounds, are added the words, "except Government officers on duty". The Government has prevailed on the subservient trustees of the Pagoda to consent to this exception. But the matter does not concern the trustees alone; it affects the entire Burmese public, who, to a man, are firmly opposed to the exception and deeply resent the insult to their religion. The Government of Burma, in this matter, is hardly honouring the solemn pledge given to the people of this country in the Queen's Proclamation of 1858, which stated, "We declare it to be our Royal will and pleasure that none be in anywise favoured, none molested or disquieted, by reason of their religious faith or observances, but that all shall alike enjoy the equal and impartial protection of law; and we do strictly charge and enjoin all those who may be in authority under us that they abstain from all interference with the religious belief or worship of our subjects, on pain of our highest displeasure." The public of Rangoon are much exercised over the prospect of the Prince of Wales too, when he visits Rangoon next year, unintentionally desecrating the holy grounds of the Pagoda with his boots, and have called upon the trustees of the Pagoda to take steps to withdraw the exception in favour of officials.

THE WRECK OF R. 38.

"CREAM OF AIRSHIP SERVICE GONE."

CAPTAIN WANN'S STORY OF THE CRASH.

SENSATION IN LONDON AND NEWYORK.

"ALL OVER IN FIVE SECONDS"

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 10 a.m., Aug. 27.

The wreck of the airship R38 lies half a mile south of the Corporation Pier at Hull in two portions which cannot be seen at high tide. One of the survivors describing the accident said that it was all over in a moment. The petrol tanks exploded and volumes of smoke and fire issued forth. Some men jumped overboard, but he stuck to the ship and went down with stern section which stuck on the little sandbank where he was rescued. Some poor fellows had no chance whatever particularly those in the control car.

ON HER FOURTH TRIAL.

At the time of the disaster R38 was carrying out her fourth long trial with additional modifications rendered necessary from the experience of actual flying. The third trial on July 17th lasted nine hours and a speed of fifty knots an hour was obtained easily. During the flight it was found that the girders weakened, but the flight was nevertheless continued and as a result of experience the girders were subsequently reinforced. The last communications from the airship were the wireless message despatched at five o'clock announcing her intention to land at Howden at six-thirty and finally the routine message flashed at five thirty-four.

Commander Lou's Maxfield who was killed commanded the American naval air station at Painbeuf in France in the war. Flight-Lieut. Wann accomplished a remarkable feat not only of bravery, but also of airmanship in diverting the course of descent so that vessel fell into water instead of on the city.

DEEPEST SYMPATHY EXPRESSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 7 p.m., Aug. 27.

Major Pritchard, who is missing, represented the Air Ministry on board R38. The United States Navy has sent a message to the Air Ministry expressing deepest sympathy and hope that early reports with regard to the loss of life will prove to be exaggerated. The Air Ministry has replied gratefully acknowledging the message and deploring the sacrifice of so many gallant Americans. The Air Ministry is opening searching inquiry immediately and it is possible that investigations may commence to-day.

LONDON PRESS ON THE TRAGEDY.

MAJOR SCOTT'S TRIBUTE TO KILLED OFFICERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 2 p.m., Aug. 27.

The news of the appalling disaster to R38 first reached London in the shape of private messages. It spread quickly in West End causing painful sensation. Late editions of the newspapers were hastily issued, but the majority of the people had left for home and were not aware of the terrible occurrence until morning. The daily papers are full of illustrations connected with the tragedy. Leading articles deplore the disaster, dwell upon the great grief shared by the British and the Americans and describe the deaths of the crews as equally honourable as those of the soldiers killed in battle.

HER AIRWORTHINESS.

Rumours concerning the air-worthiness of R38 were circulated some days before the disaster. Their origin was uncertain, but they were sufficient to lead an official of the American Embassy to inform an interviewer that the authorities had the utmost confidence in her. He admitted that in the early trials she showed a tendency towards buckling, but stated that that had been remedied. He denied that she had bumped and damaged herself badly.

Both Pulham and Lakehurst (New Jersey) where four hundred and fifty officers and men were stationed in anticipation of arrival of the airship were greatly shocked on hearing the news. A hangar had been specially erected at Lakehurst which cost a million sterling.

Major Scott, who commanded R34 on her trans-Atlantic flight paying a tribute to several of those who have been lost, expressed the opinion that Flight-Lieut. Thomas was Britain's finest airship officer. Major Scott added that Major Pritchard had crossed the Atlantic in R34 and added:—The very cream of the airship service has gone, if these men have been killed.

AIR MINISTRY QUITE IN DARK.

The officials of the Air Ministry are still quite in the dark to-day as regards the cause of the disaster. One expressed the opinion that the high speed trials has possibly led to the weakening of the girder, thereby putting greater strain on the other girders, thus causing collapse of the envelope or that the breaking of metal in any part, not itself fatal, might have caused a spark which set fire to gases. R38 carried parachutes for every member of the crew. An official at the office of the American Naval Attaché said he was not in a position to make a statement on the disaster as the airship had not been handed over to them. They were simply concerned with the disposal of the bodies of the American victims. A telegram from Hull reports that large quantities of the wreckage have been carried up the Humber by the tide and it is expected that most of the bodies will be recovered in the upper reaches.

GENERAL MENTZ ON EFFECT OF THE DISASTER.

General Mentz, the South African Minister of Defence, who is progressing satisfactorily after an operation to his eye, expressed the opinion in an interview with Reuter with reference to the disaster that the discussions regarding development of airships which occupied considerable time of the Imperial Conference now took on a new phase. He could not see how it was possible at present to proceed with the proposed experiments and felt that many more trials would have to be made and constructions reviewed before the Dominions could embark on the scheme in the mind of the Conference, involving long distance trips at regular and not infrequent intervals. General Mentz recalled that during important investigations the Sub-Committee of the Conference of which he was a member came into constant touch with three prominent officers who were among those killed in the disaster and although they were considered the last word in an expert advice on airships they were unable to prevent an accident. Therefore although he had not lost faith in airships, he reiterated the necessity for widely extended experiments, before they could come to practical use.

PEOPLE IN NEW YORK APPALLED.

PRESS ON THEORY OF DIRIGIBLE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 3 p.m., Aug. 27.

New York.—The approaching Atlantic flight of R38 had recently monopolised public attention and was the principal feature in all the newspapers. The news of the disaster descended like a thunderbolt and has left the people appalled. The morning papers are filled with descriptions of the disaster and publish photographs and sketches of the ill-fated craft and her officers.

A leader in "The World" says:—The theory of the dirigible remains essentially sound. It will not be abandoned, but the production of inexpensive non-inflammable gas must precede further rapid development.

Mr. Moffett, the Chief of the Naval Bureau of Aeronautics is reported to have declared:—"The brave men will not have lost their lives in vain. We shall carry on building as many dirigibles as the Congress authorise."

The Navy Department has suffered a severe blow since the disaster means greater handicaps than ever in obtaining Congressional authorisation for further developments.

The flying officers express the opinion that the disaster was accentuated by inflammable hydrogen with which the airship was filled. It is noteworthy that the Navy intended to use the non-inflammable helium gas when the vessel reached the United States.

CAPTAIN WANN'S NARRATIVE

A VIOLENT CRACK FOLLOWED BY EXPLOSION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 2-35 p.m., Aug. 27.

Captain Wann who commanded R38 was seriously burned but is progressing favourably. Interviewed in the Infirmary he said:—The whole thing happened in five seconds. Nothing happened till we were leaving Hull for sea *en route* for Pulham. Then there was suddenly a violent crack. I felt the foremost car, from which I was controlling the ship fall and rise again at a high angle. I pulled over all the water ballast possible to right it and then came the big explosion which probably killed many of the crew. I jumped out of the car as we entered water and was under the wreckage for fifteen minutes. I do not

(Continued on next page.)

"FUNDAMENTALLY UNJUST."

GOVT. PROPOSALS REJECTED BY DAIL EIREANN.

TEXT OF MR. DE VALERA'S REPLY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 26.

The following is the text of de Valera's reply to Mr. Lloyd George:—"The Dail Eireann by unanimous vote has rejected the proposals of your Government. From your letter of August 18th it was clear that the principle we were asked to accept was that the "geographical propinquity" of Ireland to Britain imposed a condition of subordination of Ireland's right to Britain's strategic interests as she conceives them and that by very length and persistence of the efforts the[illegible] in the past to compel Ireland's made [illegible] in foreign domination imposed acquiescence [illegible] acceptance of that domination a condition of [illegible]

We cannot believe that [illegible] your Government the principle intended to commit itself to [illegible] international morality and fatal to the world's peace. If a small nation's right to independence is forfeit when a more powerful neighbour covets its territory for military and other advantages it is supposed to confer, there is an end to liberty. No longer can a small nation claim the right to separate sovereign existence. Holland and Denmark can be made subservient to Germany, Belgium to Germany or France, Portugal to Spain. If nations that have been forcibly annexed to the Empires lose thereby their title to independence there can be for them no rebirth to freedom.

A FUNDAMENTALLY FALSE BASIS.

In Ireland's case to speak of her seceding from a partnership she has not accepted or from an allegiance she has not undertaken to render is fundamentally false, just as the claim to subordinate her independence to British strategy is fundamentally unjust. To neither can we as representatives of the nation lend countenance. If our fusal to betray the nation's honour and the trust reposed in us to be made the issue of war by Great Britain, we deplore it.

We are conscious of our responsibilities to the living as we are mindful of our obligations to the heroic dead. We have not sought war and do not seek war, but if war is made upon us we must and shall defend ourselves, confident that whether our defence is successful or unsuccessful nobody of representative Irishmen and Irishwomen will ever propose to the nation to surrender its birthright. We long for the end of the conflict between Britain and Ireland. If your Government is determined to impose its will upon us by force, and antecedent to negotiation, to insist upon conditions involving surrender of our whole national position and to make the negotiation a mockery, the responsibility for the continuance of conflict rests with you.

JUST AND HONOURABLE PEACE WANTED.

On the basis of the broad guiding principle of Government by consent of the governed peace can be secured, peace that will be just and honourable to all and fruitful of concord and enduring amity. To negotiate such a peace, the Dail Eireann is ready to appoint representatives and, if your Government accepts the principle proposed, to invest them with plenary powers to meet and arrange with you for its application in detail."

PREMIER'S "PROFOUND DISAPPOINTMENT."

REPLY TO MR DE VALERA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 3 p.m. Aug. 28.

In his reply to Mr. De Valera, Mr. Lloyd

Continued on page 10.)

PASSENGER AEROPLANE EXPLODES.

MAILBAG PICKED UP.

NO SURVIVOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 7-30 p.m. Aug. 28.

Aeroplane employed on London-Brussels aerial mail exploded in mid-air off Calais at [illegible]-day and fell into the sea. The mid-day [illegible]icked up. The machine mail bag has been p[illegible] is believed to have been Belgian owned. There is no news of survivors.

HERR ERZBERGER MURDERED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 3 p.m. Aug. 28.

Berlin.—Herr Erzberger, ex-Minister of Finance and Vice-Premier, has been murdered. His body has been discovered near Griesbach in Baden, pierced by revolver shots. A previous attempt on his life was made in January last year.

ALLEGED CAUSE OF THE CRIME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 8 p.m. Aug. 28.

Berlin.—Herr Erzberger was travelling from Griesbach to Hochenbriebis accompanied by Herr Diez Centrist, Member of the Reichstag, when he was attacked by two men who fired killing Erzberger and wounding Diez, the crime is believed to be connected with the recent violent Pan-German Campaign. Herr Erzberger was supposed to be the real author of the present Chancellor's policy and the Pan-Germans believed that he was preparing to return to Public Life whence he has disappeared since his libel action against Helferrick.

Do You Want - - -
Swaraj - - - - -
In October? - - - -

Then Boycott Foreign Cloth Completely

BY 30th SEPTEMBER.

GIVE UP YOUR FOREIGN CLOTHES TO

RASHTRIYA SHALA BOYS,

TO BE BURNT OR SENT

OUT OF THE COUNTRY.

U. S. CONGRESS ADJOURNED

TWO BILLS ADOPTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON Aug. 25.
Recd. 2-35 p.m., Aug. 27.

Washington.—The Congress has adjourned until September 21st. The House Representatives passed a Bill continuing the dye embargo for three months and the Senate adopted Agricultural Credits Bill. Both the measures have been sent to the President.

WASHINGTON CONFERENCE.

JAPAN AND DISARMAMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Aug. 27.

Japan's note of acceptance to the Washington Conference on November 11th couched in highly appreciative language It says that the people and the Governmen of Japan will warmly welcome the limitation of armaments.

The note again emphasises that Japan vitally interested in preservation of Peace in Pacific and Far East and that she has devoted her utmost efforts to secure its permanence which will always be her prime concern. Japan hopes that the Conference will secure really useful results and will prove a practical success and hopes that agenda will be agreed upon beforehand.

CABLE ITEMS.

The death of Admiral C. J. Barlow is announced.

The Salvation Army has embarked on the enterprising step of chartering the Wilson liner Calypso to proceed to India in consequence of the difficulty of securing accommodation for 126 Salvation Army officers.

Belgrade.—The Baranya district in Hungary has been evacuated. This was demanded by the Conference of Ambassadors after Baranya had proclamed itself an independent republic.

MARTIAL LAW IN MALABAR.

SUMMARY COURT TRIALS.

MOPLAH EXCESSES.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Aug. 26.

In connection with the Malabar disturbances an Extraordinary Gazette publishes Ordinance No. II of 1921 to provide for proclamation of Martial Law, to empower military authorities to make regulations and issue orders to provide for public safety maintenance and restoration of order [illegible] trial of certain offences by special [illegible] instituted under this Ordinance [illegible] for other matters connected with the administration of Martial Law. For the present Martial Law shall apply to Calavanad, Ponnani, Eranad and Calicut in Malabar district, and shall be administered by military commanders not below the rank of Lieut.-Colonel. The military commanders shall make regulations, if possible, after consultation with the senior civil officer in direct charge of the administration of the area, although not bound to follow his advice, trying to avoid interference with ordinary avocations of life and specifying in regulations penalty for their contravention. Martial Law orders may be made to supplement regulations, but not inconsistent with regulations.

SUMMARY COURTS.

Summary courts of criminal jurisdiction may be constituted wherein any Magistrate may be appointed to exercise powers of a summary court, provided these courts try offences committed in the administration area in which such court was constituted and after such date (whether before or after the date of proclamation of Martial Law in the area) as the Governor General in Council may in respect of such area by notification in the Gazette of India direct in this behalf. Summary courts shall try offences against regulations of Martial Law orders, unless directed by military commanders to be tried by ordinary criminal court. Offences connected with events necessitating Martial Law, may be tried by summary courts. Ordinary civil courts shall continue to exercise civil jurisdiction in Martial Law areas, provided they did not interfere with Martial Law orders. Summary courts shall with certain conditions follow procedure laid down in the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898 for trial of warrant cases and may pass any sentence authorised by law or by regulations under this Ordinance provided such courts shall not pass a sentence of imprisonment for a term exceeding two years or of fine exceeding one thousand rupees, but shall not try a person for offence which is punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding five years.

NO APPEAL FROM ANY ORDER.

Every person before summary courts shall be entitled to be defended by legal practitioners and there shall be no appeal from any order or Ordinance of a summary court. Powers of summary courts which shall be limited to commission of offence by use of criminal force within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code sentence of whipping to be executed as far as possible in privacy. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be construed as in derogation of any powers for maintenance of law and order exercisable by the Governor-General in Council or any othert authority.

VALIDITY OF SENTENCES.

The Ordinance validates Martial Law sentences passed prior to proclamation and declares that no sentence, finding or order passed by a summary court shall be invalid by reason only of any error, omission or irregularity in any proceedings before or during the trial, unless such error, omission or irregularity has in fact occasioned a failure of justice. All actions of officers under this Ordinance or in exercise of military control shall be profected, provided such a person has acted in good faith and in reasonable belief, that his action was of proceeding by or on behalf of Government against any person in respect of any matter whatsoever.

MARTIAL LAW ORD'NANCE.

SUMMARY COURT TRIALS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA Aug. 26.

It is notified under the Martial Law Ordinance that summary court trials shall take effect from the 19th August 1921.

SITUATION IN MOPLAH LAND.

MADRAS GOVT COMMUNIQUE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Aug. 26.

With regard to the Malabar Moplah riots the Madras Government have issued the following communiqué in the Fort St. George, dated 26th August:—

The following telegram has been received from the General Officer Commanding, Wellington, concerning the military operations in Malabar. Repair of the road from Calicut to Malappuram and the railway southwards to Tirur is proceeding satisfactorily. The railway from Shoranur to Pallipuram has been repaired. The concentration of necessary troops is completed and the country in areas occupied by troops is quiet. The total casualties to troops since the rebellion broke out have been one officer (Lieut. Johnstone attached to Leinsters) murdered and two men missing. The health of the troops is excellent. All troops are in the best of spirits. H. M. S. Comus has arrived at Calicut and will remain there for the present. The Asiatic line s. s. Nawab has left Bombay for Calicut and is expected to arrive on Sunday with ample supplies. Mr. F. B. Evans, I.C.S., has been appointed special civil officer with the Officer Commanding troops, Malabar, until such time as communications with the District Magistrate, Malabar, are completely restored.

REPORT FROM CALICUT.

The District Magistrate, Calicut, reports that dacoity looting and murder of Hindus are occurring all over Ernad, Vallyanad, Ponnani and the eastern parts of Calicut taluq. The road to Malapuram from Cali[illegible] has been repaired for nine miles and a [illegible] the relief of Malapuram is ad[illegible] Magistrate confirms [illegible] column for the [illegible] Road[illegible]va[illegible]ong. The District [illegible] the re[illegible]port of the murder of Inspector [illegible] man, Ma[illegible]puram special force, and his Moplah orderly on August 20th. The postal authorities report serious rioting at Kannamangalam near Calicut on the Calicut-Vayitri Road. This is not referred to, however, by the District Magistrate. It must not be overlooked that the District Magistrate at Calicut is isolated from the greater part of the district and his information is therefore necessarily incomplete. Information has reached Government from a well-known Hindu vakil of Walluvanad how he fled from Moplah violence on August 23rd and reached Madras on the 24th morning, that besides sacking public offices at Angadipuram and destroying currency notes, records and stamps, the rebels plundered important Hindu houses in the neighbourhood and carried off jewels, cash and paddy and on his way to the railway he saw small bands of Moplahs looting private granaries. He states that one of the features of the rebellion is wholesale destruction of liquor shops throughout the disturbed area. He also reports that police stations throughout Walluvanad has been raided and rebels have forced wealthy *jenmis* to give up their arms. From another source information has been received of the safety of Mr. Narayanana Ayar, Sub-Magistrate Tirur who was at first reported to be a prisoner in the hands of Moplahs.

NEWS FROM VARIOUS SOURCES.

The "New India" publishes that a small body of South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles was sent last night to guard the railway lines under reconstruction near Tirur and Calicut.

According to a communiqué issued by the Postmaster-General, dated 25th mails for Malabar and South Canara will be diverted via Mysore and thence carried to Tellicherry via Mercara by hired motor bus.

According to the 'Madras Mail's" own correspondent at Calicut Telegraph lines will probably require months to restore as posts and wires had been chopped up. Two Moplahs who are reported to have brought Nilambur Raja's letter stating that he is again threatened and asking for assistance are under arrest. H. M. S. Comus is awaiting instructions from the military authorities to land troops. Should there be any trouble in Calicut the Moplah quarters will at once be bombarded.

A correspondent wires to the "Madras Mail" from Pollachi that Mr. Giddy, Assistant Manager of Pannimade estate on Poonachi hills was assaulted a week ago by Moplah coolies working on the estate because he wanted to enforce discipline among coolies. The Assistant Manager took shelter in the bungalow of the manager of the estate which was besieged for two or three days, but the manager managed the situation averting danger.

H. M. S. COMUS.

CALICUT, Aug. 26.

This afternoon vast throngs watched reinforcements disembarking from H. M. S. Comus and party of those who landed marched through big bazar or Moplah town with police guides and colours flying. Besides Mr. Tippets it is reported that Messrs. Hovers and Norman and Hytton have escaped from their estates and arrived at West Hill safe.

SITUATION TILL 25TH.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Aug. 26.

The following news has been received at the Army Headquarters, Simla, in connection with the Moplah riots situation up to the evening of the 25th instant:—

The Railway has been repaired up to nine miles towards Malappuram from Calicut. Situation at Calicut is tranquil. A column has been despatched from Calicut for Malappuram. The Railway bridge at a mile three hundred and seventy-seven is being repaired. As soon as this has been done a force from Podanur moves towards Kuttipuram. Repairs of railway from Kuttipuram towards Tirur are in hand. The Force of the 86th Carnatic Infantry has been despatched to Trichinopoly to relieve Karur. The South Indian Railway Auxiliary force have posted guard over the Kaveri bridge at Erode. Health of the troops is very good throughout.

The following telegram has been received at the Army Headquarters, Simla, from the Officer Commanding detachment, eighty-sixth Carnatics, Karur:—Arrived Karur station 09-00 hours, relieved the beseiged party of police, the Deputy Superintendent of Police and the theatre company. At 09-00 hours previous to my arrival the Deputy Superintendent of Police, Karur,

(Continued on next page.)

ORIGIN OF MOPLAH RIOTS.

ATTEMPT TO ARREST HIGH PRIEST.

FIRING ON CROWD OF 3000 MOPLAHS.

MR. YAKUB HASAN CONDEMNS COLLECTOR'S ACTION.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Aug. 27.

Presiding over the 27th session of the Madras Provincial Conference today at Tanjore, Janab Yakub Hasan in the course of his address said, if India became free and had Swaraj, it could out of free-will and choice consent to be a member of the British Commonwealth and would then be in a position to use its influence with the Commonwealth to bring about independence rather than retard their development and progress. Mr. Hasan condemned the policy pursued by the District Collector of Malabar in respect to the Khilafat movement. The Collector, said Mr. Hasan, even attempted to arrest the High Priest, whom the Moplah held in great reverence, with the help of military force, who opened fire on three thousand Moplahs that went to the rescue of the Musalair. Once the blood of the Moplahs is up, there is no knowing what it may lead to. The leaders of the country who have influence on Moplahs alone can pacify them.

GREEK RETIREMENT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, August 25.
Recd. 3 p.m. Aug. 28.

Constantinople.—A Kemalist communique dated 24th states that on the Western front strong Greek detachments continue the advance, but at Afium-Kara Hissar, the Greeks are retiring in the direction of Aslanar in consequence of the offensive.

SET-BACK IN ESKISHEHR SECTION.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, August 25.
Recd. 3 p.m. Aug. 28.

Paris.—A telegram from Constantinople gives a communique from the commander at Ismidt, stating that in the Eskishehr section, after five days' battle the Greeks have received a set back and have retreated in the direction of Eskishehr. They are being pursued.

GREEK OPERATIONS.

CONTACT WITH ENEMY FORCE GAINED

(Reuter's Telegram.)

SMYRNA, Aug. 26.

A Greek military communique dated 23rd says that after long marches on both banks of the river Sakari and through great salt deserts the Greeks have come into contact with the main enemy force south of the river Gheoukson, a tributory of the Sakari.

INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE.

PROTOCOL RATIFIED BY SIAM AND URUGUAY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON Aug 25.
Recd. 2-35 p.m., Aug 27

Geneva.—Siam and Uruguay have ratified the protocol of the International Court Justice.

LOST GOLD RECOVERED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 7 p.m., Aug. 27.

It is understood that a greater part of six million sterling's worth of gold bullion which was on board s. s. Laurentic when she was wrecked in Lough Swilly in 1917 has now been recovered by the Naval Salvage Party whose vessels are being paid off.

CHOLERA IN RUSSIA.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

HELSINGFORS, Aug. 26.

Russian official statistics show that 78,011 cases of cholera have been registered in Russia since January 1921.

CHARITIES.

KHULNA FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

	Rs.
B. R. Shroff	25
Dr. B. V. Ved	20
Jamnadas Gokuldas	37-8

PUNJAB RELIEF FUND.

	Rs.
Messrs. Makund and Co.	100
Jamnadas Gokuldas	37-8

MARTIAL LAW IN MALABAR

(Continued from previous page.)

fired ten rounds killing one Mahomedan rioter and wounding two others. The theatre is damaged, furniture burnt. Mob used no arms. The situation at 18-30 hours is quiet. The probable cause of disturbance is Khilafat. The party at Karur asked the theatre party to give the benefit of performance in aid of their funds and they refused.

ARRIVAL OF TROOP AT PALLIPURAM.

DESTRUCTION OF BRIDGES.

(Associated Press.)

CALICUT, Aug. 26.

Messrs. Gandhi and Mahomed Ali have been invited by the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee to visit Malabar at the earliest possible moment to pacify the fanatical Moplahs and thus put an end to disturbances.

Four more Moplahs were arrested yesterday in the act of spying and destroying public roads. A report from Manjeri says that almost all the huge avenue trees have been cut down by rioters and thrown on roads all over the Taluk. All the bridges and culverts have been destroyed with a view to obstruct the entry of troops in motor cars, buses and lorries to the scenes of trouble. Complete Swaraj appears to have been proclaimed by the Moplah fanatics in all the disturbed areas and green flags hoisted in all such places. The troops have arrived at Pallipuram side from Bangalore and proceeded yesterday to Ernad to quell the rising.

WIDE SPREAD VIOLENCE & ROBBERY

SIMLA, Aug. 27.

The General Staff of the Army Headquarters has received the following report of the situation on the 26th up to 5 p.m. from the Headquarters, Madras District, Wellington:—

No further developments to report regarding the military situation in Malabar. The troops are making steady progress. Widespread robbery and violence directed against Hindu population in Ernad and Walluvanad taluks are reported. A Mahomedan riot in Karur was dealt with by police supported by a small detachment of Indian infantry. A patrol train from Calicut reached Tirur and rescued two men of Leinsters previously reported missing. Calicut is quiet. The moveable column from Calicut reported within four miles of Malappuram is still advancing.

NORMAL SITUATION AT KARUR.

A later message received at the Army Headquarters states that at midday on the 26th the District Magistrate at Karur considered the situation restored to normal and military detachment accordingly left Karur for Trichinopoly on the afternoon of the 26th.

MR. LOCKIE MISSING.

CALICUT, Aug. 26.

Mr. Lockie of the Pierce Leslie and Co. who was understood to be returning to Calicut via Nadgani and Nilambur, has not been heard of and anxiety is felt.

GUARDING THE RAILWAY

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Aug. 27.

According to the "Madras Mail's" Cochin correspondent two hundred men of Travancore Nair Brigade are proceeding to Alwaye to guard the Snoranur-Cochin railway passing through Travancore territory to cope with any contingency that may arise. Similar arrangements are being made by the Cochin Government. Moplahs in British and Native Cochin are reported to be quiet.

The "Madras Mail's" Calicut correspondent wires that military from Cannanore has been ordered to Quilandy to deal with rebel bands reported advancing in that direction. Mr. Hurtis, Divisional Magistrate, has hastened to the danger area.

ARREST OF A MOPLAH CONSTABLE.

(Associated Press.)

CALICUT, Aug. 27.

A Moplah constable of Kalapakencheri has been arrested and brought here. He is alleged to have joined the rioters, looted his own station, removed all arms and ammunition and led a mob of not less than four thousand. The Moplah orderly of Mr. Mainwearing, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Western Range forgot himself and his position and joined the rebels immediately on hearing the war cry of his co-religionists.

It was reported that a large mob of Moplahs had collected at Quilandy, North Malabar. A detachment of 83rd Wallajah Light Infantry has been ordered to proceed there and they must have arrived there by this time from Cannanore. Mobs are also reported to have collected at Wynad.

DAILY ARRESTS OF MOPLAHS.

(Associated Press.)

CALICUT, Aug. 27.

Moplahs are being arrested daily for complicity in the rebellion and several have been brought in by the military escort accompanying repair trains on damaged lines. One of the arrested is a Moplah ex-constable who deserted the police and joined the rebels. Another Moplah constable who similarly deserted is still at large. A small force of native infantry has been ordered from Cannanore to Quilandy to tackle the rebel gangs who have been reported as advancing towards Quilandy station. The railway line has been restored up to Tirur and two passenger and one goods trains standing there since last Saturday have all come with their engines and traffic men safe.

"NO FURTHER DEVELOPMENT."

TROOPS MAKING STEADY PROGRESS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Aug. 27.

A Government communique dated 27th August on Malabar riot says:—The General Officer Commanding, Wellington, has sent the following telegram on the military situation in Malabar:—

"No further development to report regarding military situation in Malabar, where troops are making steady progress. Widespread robbery and violence directed against Hindu population in Ernad and Walluvanad Taluq is reported. A patrol train from Calicut reached Tirur, rescued two men of Leinsters previously reported missing. Calicut is quiet. A moveable column from Calicut reported to be within four miles of Malappuram is still advancing."

RIOTING IN THE INTERIOR.

The District Magistrate, Malabar, reports the situation on the 26th at 15 hours to be as follows:—"Railway has been restored except for about 10 much damaged miles and through communication is expected in about 4 days. Internal situation is worse. Wholesale arson, looting and occasional murders are reported from all parts of the affected area. Large parties of Moplah rebels are entering Kurumuranad taluk inland from Calicut taluk. Mr. Tippetts of the Calicut estate has just escaped with his life and a rescue party has been sent for Mr. Norman of Kinalur estate. Troops have also been requisitioned from Cannanore to meet and disperse these roving gangs North of Calicut. Since the arrival of H. M. S. "Comus" Calicut has been quiet, but there has been a large influx of deserters from Ernad taluk. To help in restoring public confidence, an Armed party from "Comus" was to land in Calicut on the 26th. Reports of escape of Mr. Brown of Kerala estate and Mr. Colebrook and of the murder of Mr. Eaton of Pullangod estate are confirmed, also the arrival at Calicut of three Europeans who were taken prisoners by Moplahs at Tirur. Mrs. Brown and Mrs. Eaton are safe in Calicut. Owing to the disorganisation of business and communications caused by the rebellion the whole of the affected area is now threatened with famine. Fires have been observed up Calicut-Vayitiri road. Forest officer's bungalow at Nilambur with Range officer's quarters and lines there have been gutted. The District officer, Mr. Chandy, the rangers and forest subordinates are all prisoners. The Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Palghat, reports that gangs of Moplah rebels are roaming about Ponani taluk boasting that they have now got Swaraj and consequently are plundering houses and destroying all liquor shops. Several rebels captured by the railway police have been confined in Palghat jail. Thuppanad and other bridges on the Palghat Mannarghat Road have been damaged and the road is blocked. Looting and black-mailing by rebels are going on at Thuppanad, Kongad and neighbouring places. Palghat is safe."

ARMS TO PLANTERS.

In reply to a telegram from the United Planters Association of Southern India, Government have given them such information as they possess about the safety of various planters. Orders have been issued for the supply of emergency arms and ammunition to Planter Units of the Auxiliary Force at Pandalur, Meppadi and Vayiri in Wynaad.

DECLARATION OF MARTIAL LOW,

MADRAS, August 27.

An ordinance declaring that Martial Law prevails in the affected area in Malabar has been promulgated by the Governor-General.

DUE PROCLAMATIONOF MARTIAL LAW.

REINFORCEMENTS FROM BANGALORE ARRIVE.

(Associated Press.)

CALICUT, Aug. 28.

It is understood that Martial Law will be duly proclaimed and enforced in Malabar from to-day forward, and that Mr. F. B. Evans, I.C.S., District Magistrate of Malabar, who has been deputed here on special duty, will be civil adviseer to military authorities. Four or five regiments of British soldiers including a cavalry regiment have already arrived from Bangalore, and all are marching towards the scene of disturbance. A number of Numbudiries have been forcibly converted to Mohomedanism, and it is understood that the rebels were carrying on this process of conversion very actively. According to the latest reports Tirur, Tanur, Parappanangadi, and other places have been practically deserted by rebels who appear to have taken shelter on the hills and temples in the interior parts of Ernad.

Yesterday a band of armed Moplas trespassed into the house of a native physician at Mayanad, tortured him and his wife, confined them to pillars and looted their house. It is alleged that the woman was made to lie on the ground, a pestle was placed on her neck and two Moplahs sat on either end of it as she refused to part with her Jewels.

PARTIAL RESTORATION OF RY. LINE

(Associated Press.)

The D. T. S., Shornur wires:—The Railway line between Shornur in Malabar District and Calicut has been restored to the extent that one mail train in each direction will be despatched daily until further advice.

FREE FIGHT AT TIRUR.

The Olavakkot correspondent of the 'Madras Mail" wrote as follows under date August 22.

From refugees who arrived by the mail train from Shoranur I learnt that a serious fight was going on in Tirurvangadi village between the Government forces and the Moplahs and that firing was being heard in Tanur and Parappanangadi railway stations.

ENGLISH PRESS COMMENTS.

DEMAND FOR SAFETY OF EUROPEANS

(Reuter's Special Service.)

LONDON, Aug. 26
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Aug. 28.

The Moplah disturbances are given much prominence in the newspapers to-day.

The "Pall Mall Gazette" hopes there will be no dribbling of inadequate reinforcements but an immediate despatch of troops adequate to administer an early and decisive defeat to Moplahs.

The "Westminister Gazette" hopes that the authorities will have sufficient forces at their disposal to safeguard the European population of Calicut, but adds that the consciousness of strength makes it the more easy to exercise the restraint necessary in emergencies where disturbances are due purely to local causes.

The "Manchester Guardian" appreciates the difficulty of dealing with the "childish people in passion" and hopes that there will be no repetition of the Punjab affair.

The journal thinks that this ugly incident is not connected with the larger Indian unrest but it is untimely and, therefore, disquieting.

The "Daily Express" voices satisfaction that there is a strong man at the head of affairs in India who knows how promptly and effectively to extinguish the spark which the turbulent Moplahs have kindled. The paper says that the rising emphasises very forcibly the necessity for the maintenance of British Power in India.

ALI BROS. ON THE BRAIN.

The "Daily Telegraph" asks if Government has adopted sufficient precautions to guard against the mischievous activities of the Ali Brothers at Calicut, some months ago, and expresses surprise that measures have not been taken to see that the potential disturbers are not provided with weapons of offence with which they are apparently well furnished. The journal regrets any lack of official rigour as a result of which Indians are in possession of fire-arms contrary to regulations, and says that the matter demands a close investigation. It also dwells upon India's need for a Government which can keep down disorder in the interests of the immense majority of toilers who desire to pass their lives peacefully. It says the fact that Britain on the whole has performed that duty successfully constitutes our claim to guide and control the Indian at least for the present.

THE WRECK OF R. 38.

(Continued from previous page.)

know how I was rescued as I was unconscious when I was picked up. The ship did the full power trial all right and when we were returning we reduced the speed from sixty to fifty knots near Hull. Possibly several girders broke owing to some structural weakness, but it is impossible to tell. I am not aware of any fire before the explosion.

The other patients in the Infirmary are too ill to speak. A body, believed to be that of the American Commander Maxfield, was picked up in the Humber to-day.

A THRILLING STORY.

HEROIC OF FLYING OFFICER WICK

(Reuter's Telegram)

LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 2-35 p.m., Aug. 27.

Bateman, who was representing the National Physical Laboratory dwelt in the course of a thrilling story of the accident on the heroism of the Flying Officer Wicks, in charge of the wireless. He remained at his post sending out messages until he was burnt to death. Another of those missing is Campbell, Superintendent of the Royal Airship Works, who was to have accompanied the airship to the United States. He was the chief designer and superintendent of construction. R38 was recognised as the foremost airship by the designers in the United Kingdom.

MR. MASSEY ON THE DISASTER.

DEVELOPMENT OF COMMERCIAL AIRSHIPS THROWN BACK.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON Aug. 25.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., Aug. 27.

Before leaving Euston *en route* for New Zealand today Mr. Massey said that the R38 disaster had thrown the development of commercial airships back many years. We wanted to prove by the trans-Atlantic flight of R38 that the idea was practicable.

LIST OF LIVES SAVED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 2-35 p.m., Aug. 27.

The following is the list of those saved from R38:—Captain Wann, injured; the leading Aircraftsman Davies, injured; Corporal Potter, injured, the American rigger, Walker uninjured, Bateman of the National Physical Laboratory, uninjured.

HIS MAJESTY'S MESSAGE OF SYMPATH

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON, Aug. 25.
Recd. 2-35 p.m., Aug. 27.

The King has sent the following message to the Air Ministry:—I am grieved and shocked at the terrible disaster resulting in the loss of many valuable lives American and British and deeply sympathise with the relatives.

COURT OF INQUIRY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 26.

It is officially announced that the Court of Inquiry to investigate the airship accident will meet at Howden on the 27th instant under the presidency of Air Vice-marshal Sir John Salmond. The inquiry which will be private will include a United States naval representative.

An unsuccessful effort was made at low tide yesterday evening to shift the wreckage and release the bodies most probably entombed beneath it. A crane will be installed for the purpose. It is now believed that there were 51 on board the vessel, which would make the death roll 46.

"FUNDAMENTALLY UNJUST."

(Continued from page 9.)

George emphasises, the Government's profound disappointment with Mr. De Valera's letter, which, he says, is written as if no negotiations had occurred. The Government proposals went to the limit of their powers with a view to reconciling British and Irish interests and they have been approved as liberal by the whole civilised world, even in quarters sympathetic to extreme Irish claims. Mr. De Valera's letter does not recognise this and further negotiations would be futile unless definite progress is made towards the acceptance of the basis.

WHAT GOVERNMENT PROPOSALS MEAN.

Government proposed to give Ireland control of every nerve fibre of her national existence; she would have her own language, her own religious life, complete power of taxation and finance, only agreeing to keep the trade and transport as free as possible to Britain. Ireland would have uncontrolled authority in education, law, land, agriculture, conditions of labour, industry, health, homes of the people and land defence. Thus, she would be free in every aspect of national activity, expression and development. Even the States of America do not enjoy such rights.

"PARTNERSHIP IN COMMONWEALTH."

The proposals, moreover, invite Ireland to be a partner in the commonwealth of free nations united by allegiance to the King. Government considers the proposals fulfil your wish as regards the principle of 'government by consent of governed.' Mr. Lloyd George points out that De Valera in advancing his claims has disowned all the famous Irish leaders from Grattan to Parnell and Redmond.

PHYSICAL AND HISTORICAN INTERDEPENDENCE.

De Valera's argument that the relations of Ireland with the Empire can be compared with those of Holland and Belgium with Germany are premises no British Government can ever accept. He points out that no political principle can be applied without recognising the limitations imposed by physical and historical facts. We believe that permanent reconciliation between Britain and Ireland cannot be attained without the recognition of physical and historical interdependence which makes complete political and economic separation impracticable for both. We cannot discuss a settlement involving Ireland's refusal to accept our invitation to free and equal partnership in the British Commonwealth under one Sovereign. We are reluctant to precipitate the issue, but the prolongation of present conditions is dangerous.

The action which is being taken in various directions must ultimately lead to a deplorable termination of truce.

SCOPE FOR FURTHER NEGOTIATIONS.

Mr. Lloyd George concludes:—We are prepared to make every allowance as to the time to secure peace. We cannot prolong mere exchange of notes. It is essential that some definite and immediate progress should be made towards the basis upon which further negotiations can usefully proceed. Your letter unfortunately does not show such progress. In this and my previous letters I have set forth considerations which must govern the attitude of Government to any negotiations undertaken. If you are prepared to examine how far these considerations can be reconciled with the aspirations you represent, I shall be happy to meet you and your colleagues.

PUBLIC SESSION OF DAIL EIREANN.

MR. DE VALERA RE-ELECTED PRESIDENT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 3 p.m. Aug. 28.

Unprecedented scenes of excitement occurred in Dublin at the opening of the public session of the Dail Eireann. Public anxiety to know whether Mr. De Valera's reply meant peace or war was intense. The session opened without prayers and Mr. De Valera formally submitted his own and the Cabinet's resignations. Amid enthusiasm Mr. De Valera was re-elected President.

Mr. De Valera in his speech referred to his colleague's in the Cabinet and declared that they had worked as a team and intended to continue to do so. The English who thought that they were going to divide Ireland were going to be disappointed. Whatever happened Ireland would face the enemies as a united nation. Mr. De Valera read a letter from Mr. Lloyd George and said he did not intend to comment upon it, but added:—We cannot change our position because it is fundamentally sound and just. On that rock we shall stand.

PRESS COMMENTS.

DOOR OF NEGOTIATIONS BANGED BUT NOT BOLTED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 3 p.m. Aug. 28.

Though Mr. De Valeras letter is a flat rejection of the Government's offer, the papers to-day cling to the belief that there will not be a renewal of warfare. The "Westminster Gazette" remarks that it is a great relief to find the peace door is not closed and the "Star" says that the door has been banged but not bolted.

The "Evening Standard" says:—Certain negative satisfaction is felt in London as regards the tone of the letter. It is significant that it does not mention the word republic, while betraying certain anxiety that negotiations should not be closed.

The "Pall Mall Gazette" understands that Mr. Lloyd George's view is that although Mr. De Valeras reply is unsatisfactory, negotiations can proceed but undoubtedly they would be prolonged.

DAIL EIREANN SANCTIONS LOAN.

IN U. S. A. AND IRELAND.

LONDON, August 26.
Recd. 7-30 p.m. Aug. 28.

Dail Eireann has adopted the proposal to raise a loan of twenty million dollars in America and five hundred thousand pounds sterling in Ireland. All Cabinet Ministers have been re-elected.

MARTIAL LAW AGAIN.

WILL LORD READING MOVE?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is an irony of fate, that whilst

(1) The Punjab wrongs are not yet righted;

(2) Whilst the Viceroy is going over the cases of the Punjab political prisoners;

(3) Whilst assurances were given to us, that the Reformed Councils would make the imposition of Martial Law most distant and difficult;

(4) Whilst the Duke of Connaught desired us to forget and forgive;

(5) Whilst the Viceroy has been assuring us of giving even-handed justice; and

(6) Whilst the sores of the Punjab tragedy are still unhealed; it is indeed a great pity; that Government should have deemed it necessary to impose Martial Law in Malabar.

All India condemns the acts of violence of Moplas, more so at this moment, when Nationalist India has made up its mind to carry on the struggle of non-violence. We do not know definitely at this stage as to the exact causes of this outburst; nor do we know precisely as to what dark hands have directed this disturbance. This much is certain:—

(1) That the Moplas are more or less a fanatical section of Moslems in Malabar;

(2) That they have been greatly perturbed by the sad fate of the Khilafat, consequent on the breach of solemn pledges by Mr. Lloyd George:

(3) That they were now and again appeased by the Khilafat leaders during their tour in Malabar;

(4) That it was the Madras Government that meddled in this matter, and barred Mr. Yakub Hasan's movements;

(5) That it was the same Government that detained Mr. Hasan for five months in H. M.'s House of Correction;

(6) That it is the same Madras Government, that has upheld the bureaucracy of its Malabar officials in spite of disturbances in that district;

(7) It is the same Government that has shut out Mr. Yakub Hasan from going to Malabar, which, under his restraining influence, would have remained more controlled and composed;

(8) And it is the same Government that is now disallowing Mr. Hasan from proceeding to the disturbed areas, where he undertakes to appease the Moplas;

(9) It is also clear, that the outburst of the Moplas is not solely against the Government and the Europeans;

(10) The Moplas have not spared the Hindus, their homes or their temple;

(11) This cannot be the result of Khilafat agitation, for Hindus have stood by the side of Moslems in respect of Lloyd George's pledges;

(12) And Khilafat workers have all along preached and practised non-violence;

(13) It is, therefore, clear that whatever may be the immediate cause of this outburst, there is no doubt, that the Moplas have given vent to their pent-up feelings and have broken loose, in the absence of restraining influence, which the Madras Government has shut out even now.

But that cannot and will not justify the most immoral acts of the Moplas, which we condemn with all gravity, as opposed to our pious policy of Non-Violent Non-Cooperation. And while we try to analyse and criticise the situation, we must be perfectly plain and pertinent in our expressions. May I say, Sir,

(1) That we are surprised to see Lord Reading stationed in Simla to-day;

(2) He, that went to Lahore and Amritsar in the scorching sun, can as well pay a surprise visit to Malabar to-day;

(3) He, that is going over the Punjab cases in the serenity of Simla, may as well see and study another tragedy on the spot to-day;

(4) If the murder of one official in upper India brought down Sir Harcourt Butler from the hills;

(5) If the Lucknow Mosque case drew Lord Hardinge to that historic city for an amicable settlement;

(6) Is it too much to expect Lord Reading to visit Malabar now in company with Gandhiji, Pundit ji and Maulana Abdul Bari?

(7) Will it not check the excesses of the bureaucracy under Martial Law?

(8) Will it not save more damage, hardships, humiliation and human life?

(9) Will it not assuage public feeling and remove old sores?

(10) Will it not restore peace and goodwill immediately in Malabar?

(11) Did the Cabinet impose Martial Law in any part of Britain.

(a) When the miners broke out and threatened destruction?

(b) When the Railwaymen gave similar ultimatums?

(c) And when even some British ranks had been restive in Aldershot?

(12) Then why does the Government of India deal with India differently? Is it Equity? Is it Equality? Is it the much-advertised Equal Partnership?

Sir, this is the moment of Lord Reading to show us, that he means what he says; that he is out here to see and study and to impart equal justice. Can H. E. conscientiously stay at Simla and sanction the bungling policy of the Madras Government? Or will he, like Harun-ul-Rashid, hasten to Malabar and end this unholy outburst, this mischievous Martial Law, and its endless hardships? India expects Lord Reading to follow the footsteps of Lord Hardinge, to visit Malabar without delay and to vindicate justice to-day.—Yours, etc.,

BARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA.

PIKETING OF F. WARD.

REQUEST TO COMMITTEE MEMBERS.

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the F Ward District Congress Committee was held on the 25th instant, under the presidentship of Mr. Velji Lakhamsi. Mr. Bhiyang Shamia was appointed a superintendent of the Charka Department to introduce more Charkas in the ward and open Charka classes at suitable centres.

On the request of Mr. V. A. Desai it was resolved to request all the members of the Managing Committee to be present at the picketing centres in the ward.

BOMBAY REFORMS CONFERENCE.

SPECIAL PROVINCIAL REFORMS CONFERENCE

Under the Auspices of the National Home Rule League, will be held at the

EMPIRE THEATRE, FORT, BOMBAY.

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

To-day at 12 noon: To-morrow at 11-30 a. m.

PRESIDENT

Mrs. ANNIE BESANT

Delegates tickets Rs. 5, Reception Committee Tickets Rs. 10 and Visitors' Tickets can be had at the Empire Theatre.

THE LESSON OF THE PUNJAB.

MR. YAKUB HASSAN'S APPEAL.

Mr. Yakub Hassan writes, dated 23rd August.

On my return from Bombay this morning I was very much distressed to read in the local papers an account of the recent unfortunate happening in Malabar. From the moment I was released from Jail I have been receiving very disquieting news from Malabar. Taking advantage of the self-restraint the Moplahs were exercising at the advice of the Khilafat and Congress workers and because no resistance was being offered to the Police interference even in their social and religious gatherings the Police was emboldened to rough ride over their feelings and sentiments, commit petty acts of tyranny and terrorism and persecute the leaders big and small on flimsy pretences, hand them up before officials on slightest excuses and have them rebuked or punished. Meetings even to hear religious sermons were prohibited or broken up unceremoniously. Khilafat and Congress workers who preached non-violence were hampered and molested at every step. On the other hand anti-Khilafat-counter demonstrations were set up by the Government officials at which some renegade so called Mullahs made speeches that caused greater irritation than even the repressive and provocative action of the officials. The lying Fatwas of these renegade moulvies in the pay or influence of the Government were distributed broadcast which only added fuel to the fire, whereas the Fatwas of recognized and revered ulemas for whom the moplahs along with their co-religionists in other parts of India have great reverence and who laid greatest possible stress on the non-violent character of the movement, were suppressed or proscribed. This provocation which was systematically carried on by the Government ever since my arrest seems to have tried the patience of the moplahs and brought it to a breaking point. The Government communique, which as usual is one sided and takes an officially inspired and distorted view of the matter shows that the recent incident occurred as follows. Moplah rackets are alleged to have assaulted Tiyya toddy drawers at Tanalur near. Tirur and to have broken their pots. A crowd of Moplahs alleged to be armed prevented the police from making any arrests. As usual the Police would not brook this affront and Mr. Thomas the famous District Magistrate went to Tirurvangadi with a party of the Leinster Regiment and a body of Special Police to arrest the leaders of a supposed anti-drink organization. As usual exaggerated news spread far and wide and three thousand Moplahs are said to have collected and marched on towards Tirurvangadi. They were dispersed by fire and there were of course casualties. This incident is said to exasperate the moplahs (instead of cowing them down) and the disturbance may spread over a large area unless checked by those who have influence over the Moplahs.

At such a juncture if I and my colleagues in Madras are allowed to visit the scene of disturbance I feel confident that we will be able to appease the people and restore normal condition in no time. Government must know by this time that we are sincerely anxious in the interest of our own movement to insure non-violence at all costs and our hold on the people is recognised to be such as to make our chances of restoring peace absolutely certain. I wish the Madras Government will take a lesson from the Punjab, allow the leaders of the people to handle the situation before it is too late and prevent the repetition of the Jalianwalabagh. The Government cannot but know and realise in their heart of hearts that it is Mr. Lloyd George who is responsible for rousing the religious frenzy and resentment of the Moplahs against the Government in the matter of the Khilafat and the much abused agitator has been only pouring oil on the troubled waters. The Government will only complete the work begun by Mr. Lloyd George at most as far as Madras Presidency is concerned if it allows its false notions of official prestige to outweigh the greater issue which is always involved whenever a section of Indian population is goaded beyond its endurance.—"The Hindu."

RAIPUR LAWYERS SUSPEND PRACTICE

The Secretary of the Provincial Congress Committee, Raipur, wire under date August 25:—

"All Non-Cooperating advocates and pleaders, have signed a statement for intimation to the Judicial Commissioner declaring that they had suspended their practice by virtue, and in pursuance, of the Non-Cooperation resolution of the Congress.

At a meeting of the Prince of Wales General Reception committee of Rangoon, the Managing Committee was appointed with the Chief Judge as President, and was decided that the Municipality should present an address of welcome and Port Commissioners be asked to make arrangements for the reception of the Prince at the wharf and public bodies to decorate their buildings.—A. P.

A mysterious and sensational murder case in which a Chinaman, a dealer in china silk was murdered near Nau Gaza about three miles north east of Delhi is under investigation by the Delhi Police.

A Sukkur message of August 25th says breach between Radhan and Sita road stations on Ruk-Dadu section is repaired and through communication restored from to-day. (A. P.)

Messrs N. C. Kelkar, and Gokhale addressed crowded meetings at Belgaum on Swadeshi, and N. C. O. Cloth merchants resolved not to give orders for foreign cloth till the end of the year.

In Calcutta on the 21st instant all the Hindu and Mohammedan Volunteer Corps were assembled in the court yard of the Juma Mosque. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad spoke to them for an hour on their duty and explained how great was responsibility like uniform they were put on.

NEEDS OF SEVA SADAN.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S APPEAL TO RICH

His Excellency the Governor at the opening ceremony of the House dedicated to the Poona Seva Sadan Society on Thursday in the course of his speech, said:—

If the need for accommodation was urgent last year when Lady Lloyd visited the Seva Sadan how much more urgent must it be now, when in the space of twelve months the number of students has increased by 200 from 750 to over 950. This increase in numbers has naturally added greatly to the difficulties the Seva Sadan has had to face, but out of it have accrued two great advantages, the first of which is the further proof that benefactors are ready still as they always have been in the past to come forward to assist this institution in its hour of need: Sir Vithaldas Thakersey has indeed set a wonderful example of wise philanthropy and I am glad to have this opportunity of heartily endorsing all that Mr. Devadhar has said in praise of his benefactions.

ESTABLISHMENT OF DISPENSARIES.

Government have for a long time been pressing forward by every possible means the establishment of dispensaries in all important centres, and if this can be supplemented by a steady stream of trained nurses and medical practitioners into all districts of the mofussil the advantages to the health and therefore of the prosperity of the Bombay population will be incalculable. It is because I am so certain of this, that I particularly welcome to-day's opportunity of associating myself with the work of the Society and of congratulating it most heartily upon its rapid progress and expansion.

ASSURANCE OF GOVERNMENT SUPPORT.

I need hardly re-affirm that, the work of the Society has had and will continue to have the full support of Government, and in regard to your present needs I will have immediate inquiries made as to what can be done to satisfy them. But for the new work which you contemplate something more is needed than official support. The work is being undertaken for the poorer classes among the people and what is really needed for its success is the unstinted and continued assistance of all classes.

Heavy rain fell in Rangoon on Wednesday. Streets were flooded and the transport was difficult. (A. P.)

A Silchar, Message of August 23rd says in unveiling at the Church a tablet to the memory of eight members of the Surma Valley Light Horse who fall in the great War, His Excellency, Sir William Marris, said that one hundred and one officers and men of the crops, one-third of its full strength, saw active service during the war, and of them these eight made a great sacrifice. All they had they

RASHTRIYA SWADESHI BHANDAR.

OPENING CEREMONY BY MRS NAIDU

The opening ceremony of the Rashtriya Shoodh Swadeshi Bhandar was performed by Shrimati Sarojini Naidu when Her Highness Nazli Begum Saheb, Zaleiya Begum Saheb, Jenab Moazamalli, Shrj. Desai, Trikamdas Purshottamdas, Ratanbai Trikamdas, Jamnabai Purshottamdas, Shrj. Anisali, Sirajalli and others were present.

In welcoming Shrimati Naidu, Atiya Begum said:—I feel very proud to-day to welcome you here on an occasion which is a small attempt of mine to give advantage and impetus to Shoodh Swadeshism and the spreading of it in the right way among the masses and that I should be fortunate enough in having the help of Messrs. Kamalnath B. Sangiri and M. G. Bhandare is my good luck. I consider Swadeshism as my own personal affair and consider you also as belonging to us essentially. We have known each other for nearly a quarter of century through the medium of the Indian Ladies Magazine. Your songs were just beginning to echo in the Valleys of Hind and I was making frail attempts to write under the *Nom de Plume* "Shabinda." Our friendship has grown stauncher with time and you can imagine how truly glad I am that a day has come when I can ask you to perform the opening ceremony of a National work which we have undertaken.

MRS. NAIDU'S SPEECH.

Shrimati Sarojini, in replying, said:—Nazli Begum Saheb, Zaleiya Begum Saheb, and Atiya Begum, I am full of emotion today and I feel delighted with you for asking me to open your Bhandar—as I have known you for long and also know in the whole length and breadth of India how much you have worked for Swadeshi all your life, how you have introduced and spread the beautiful handworks and handwoven fabrics, and raised the aesthetic sense of beauty generally. In the same spirit your Bhandar will help to achieve our goal and obtain Swarajya by means of Swadeshism. Now with the greatest pleasure I declare the Rashtriya Shoodh Swadeshi Bhandar duly opened. After opening the Bhandar, Shrimati Sarojini Naidu presented a magnificent Shoodh Khadi Sarri with a handsome border, prepared in the South, to the Stores. In return Atiya Begum presented three lovely Sarries with golden borders to Shrimati Naidu.

With *pan-supari* and sweets to the guests present, and especially with the distribution of *Chunas* to the poor, the ceremony terminated.

Orders were given for suspension of Mr. Bhikhabhai Vyas Delol, a school teacher who was transferred from the Godhra co-operating Municipality on account of the class boys shouting "Bande Mataram" and his associating with the Shikshak Samaj memorial for the Municipal election

DHARWAR SHOOTING CASE.

POLICE CONSTABLES EXAMINED.

(From our Special Correspondent.)

DHARWAR, Aug. 26.

The hearing was resumed of the Dharwar arson and rioting case before Mr. Waterfield, District Judge, the accused not taking any part in the proceedings. The same police *bundobast* is there and the accused are in the same holiday mood as on the first day. They come and go from the Court to the jail singing national songs all the way.

Head constable Mahomed Sharif Mahomed Usman was the first witness today, and he gave an account of the events since the very beganning up to the firing on the crowd. He said while he was putting out the fire, one of the accused was again setting fire to the *tatti*.

Police constable Abdul Razak pointed out almost all the accused as doing one thing or another in the riot: some were bringing stones, some throwing them at the shops and the police and others inciting the mob. them at the shops and the police and others inciting the mob.

Moulasab Habisab head constable, was the third witness. He said the police fired in the air, because they wire unable to fire into the crowd. As soon as the first volley was fired in the air, the crowd rushed forward saying that the police had no right to fire and let them be dealt with as the police were treated at Malegaon. The witness also repeated the cries about burning. Shivlingapa was the man who ordered firing. Shivlingapa however, had received only a scratch on his face and nothing more. In regard to the third firing, they had to do it because the crowd said "Let us see the wildle thing through as only two men have been killed and let us do as was done at Malegaon." The witness pointed out some men among the accused whose names he knew, and others whom he had seen before. This witness again and again repeated the Malegaon incident.

The fourth witness was the man who had fainted after being hit by a stone.

The Court then adjourned for lunch.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DHARWAR, Aug 26.

The court resumed the hearing of the Dharwar riot case.

The first witness, a head constable, stated to the court that Abdul Rahiman was setting fire to Tatti when the police were extinguishing it. The next witness, Abdul Rajak who was posted at the liquor shop on the 1st July evening stated that there was much crowd, he saw many drinkers molested. he shut himself through fear in the toddy shop and came out after the third firing. The next witness examined was a constable who corroborated the evidence of the previous witness. The fourth witness constable Babbi, stated he came with a party which was sent for from the Head

The crowd was making disturbance. Shivalingappa took the party to the liquor shop and asked the crowd to disperse. Crowd said "we won't go without killing one or two of you" and began stone throwing. One stone struck the witness on his chest whereupon the witness swooned and fell down. To the court the witness stated that he could not recognise among the crowd.

After lunch constable Paul Israel stated that some persons tried to snatch his gun and threw him down. Then seeing senior Sub Inspector those persons left him and rushed upon him. Then the witness getting up joined his party. The crowd rushed towards the police shouting "burn the houses of mamlatdar, foujdar and police katcheri". The Sub Inspector warned the crowd to disperse which was not done. Before the firing the crowd shouted "we or they must be killed". Even after the third firing some people dispersed and some stood there. Another constable stated to the

NATAL FRANCHISE ORDINANCE.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL WITHHOLDS CONSENT

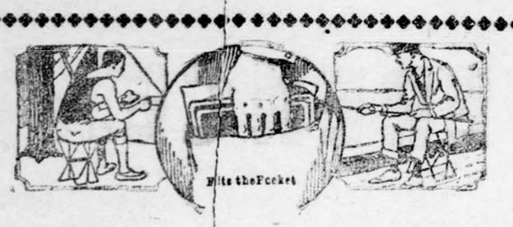
(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 26.

The following communique is issued: The Natal Townships Franchise Ordinance 1921 was recently passed by the Natal Provincial Council, amending the Natal Local Townships Law of 1881 in such a way as to prevent the Asiatics in future from acquiring municipal franchise in Natal. The Government of India at once telegraphed to the Secretary of State enquiring privately protesting against this legislation. An official announcement has now been received that the Governor-General has withheld his consent to the Ordinance.

In the Bangalore Mosque case the District and Sessions Judge has passed an order granting the injunction prayed for by Karidas and Co. Holders and their friends who had been excluded from the Mosque as the result of influence by the Khilafat Committee. The Mosque is now open to all worshippers as before.

Doctor M. R. Cholkar, a prominent private medical practitioner, Congressman and Non-Cooperator has, been elected President of the Nagpur Municipality in place of Doctor H. S. Gour Dr. Cholkar was successful by a majority of five votes. Mr. Mohamed Samiulla Khan pleader, Khilafat worker and Non-Cooperator was also elected Vice President by majority of one vote.



NEFF

All-Steel

FOLDING STOOL

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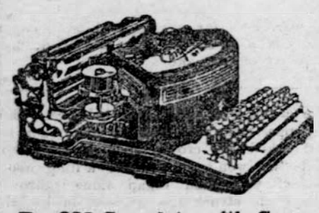

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CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 29TH OF AUGUST, 1921.

BEFORE THE HON MR. JUSTICE PRATT

In the Division Court No. 46.
Short Causes (Rent Suits).

2266-21—Vachha and Co., Hormusji Bezonji Bamjji v Edulji Hormasji Desai and anr.

1960-21—Captain & V, Harroon Suleman and Co., a firm v Usman Hassan Japanwalla, Vachha and Co

363-21—Dubash and Co., Shivdas Mulchand v Hari Govind Desai and anr, Merwan ji K and Co.

389-21—Dubash and Co., Shivdas Mulchand v Multani Ramchandra Nathmal and ors.

1485-21—Unwalla P and P, Kansare Jenabhai Chhaganlal v Dr Mohanlal Maganlal and ors Pandia and Co.

2356-21—Thakoredas and Co, Chhaganlal Nagardas v Nagindas Jugjiwan.

2958-20—Wadia G & Co, Limjibhoy Burjorji Mistry v J R Freitas and ors, Moti and D.

1880-20—Mulla and M, Mahomed I M Rowji v Abdulla Husein and ors, Pandia & Co., Mer K & Co.

1761-21—Mulla and M, Cawasji Jamsetji Kapadia and ors v Hormasjee Jamsetjee Mistry and ors, Edg G W & Co

1307-21—Mulla and M, Rustomji Ardeshir Cooper v Uttamchand Hirji a firm, Shroff and Co.

367-21—Captain & V, Navibai widow Nusserwanji Khatsetji Bhesani Co. a firm, Merwanji K & Co.

3246-19—Mulla & M, Rustomji Ardeshir Cooper v Chunilal Datpatiau, Dap F & D.

1133-21—Payne & Co., Rustomji Ardeshir Cooper v Uttamchand Hirji a firm & anr, Daph F & D, Vachha & Co.

1132-21—Payne & Co., Rustomji Ardeshir Cooper v Nanilal Deepchand & ors Daph F & D.

1493-21—Mulla & M, Rustomji Ardeshir Cooper v, Dhirajlal Varajlal & Co. a firm, Daph F & D.

BEFORE THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE KAJIJI.

In the Division Court No. 40.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.

L A Ref 8-20—J C G Bowen, In Re Government v Nanabhoy H Moos, Ard D & Co., Little & Co.

Short Causes.

Short Causes.

1659-21—Kanga & S, N V Khandwalla & Co. a firm v Bulakhidas Tribhuwandas a anr, Amin & D.

2314-21—Capt & V, Mahomed Yusof Haji Tyeb Mooran v Calemahomed Haji Ahmed Nooram & anr, Thakordas & Co., Payne & Co.

1543-21—Ard H D & Co., Thakordas Gocouldas v Mathuradas Parbhoodayal firm, Jam R & D.

1333-19—Bhimji & Co., Goculdas Rowji firm v Manilal Motilal a firm, Mah & D, Per Appeal Courts Order dated 29-7-21.

Long Causes.

2811-20—Hiralal Th and Co, Gulam Hussein Bundeali Haji v Valli Mahomed Haji Gani, H B Chothia.

393-21—Malvi M R and Co., Khimji Khetsey and Co a firm v Jetha Hira and anr, Hiralal Th and Co.

S C 449-21—Hiralal Th and Co, Jetha Hira v Khimji Khetsey a firm, Malvi H R and Co.

1305-18—N C Dalal & Co., Vithaldass Karsondas v Shah Krishna Nagindas, Pandia & Co.

3200-19—Payne and Co, Fazalbhoy Ibrahim v The Bank of Bombay, Crawford B & Co.

3240-19—Raghavayya N and Co, Shivax Cambatta v Jehangir Nusserwanji Modi, Shroff and V.

489-21—Mulji and Th, Nanalal Bhagirath a firm v Ramkuvar Heraka a firm, Motilal and D.

1673-20—Daphtary F and D, Haji Shaik Mahomed Shushtary v Simon Reuben & ors, Little and Co.

401-21—Mulji and Th, Punamchand Hakamchand and ors v Khemchand Vardichand a firm, Moti and D.

2032-21—Bhai K and G, Vassonji Sons & Co v Vadilal Purshottamdas and Co a firm, Motichand and D.

938-21—Craigie B and C, Ratilal Vrajlal and Co a firm v. Nagarsheth Sons and Co a firm, Daphtary F and D.

785-19—Little & Co., Mahomed Allibha Kalchwalla v Hulla Abdul Hussol Noorbhai Motiwalla & ors, Paya & Co.

2248-19—Manch & N, Peroz Dinshawji Coope v Messrs Ismail Hayz Cassam Sons, Payne & Co.

BEFORE THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE FAWCETT.

In the Division Court No. 49.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.

3165-19—Rustomji and G, Haji Moosa Haji v Motilal Ichhalal, Moti and D.

2069-19—Tyabji and D, Abdul Latiff Ayub Haji Jaffer and ors v Haroon Haji Jaffer, Jam R and D.

2532-19—Payne and Co, Abdul Allarakhia a firm v Abdul Aziz and ors, Mer K and Co.

2031-19—Malvi M R and Co, Radhakison Shambhukhdas a firm v Goverdhandas Kallianji, Mehta L and Co.

471-21—N C Dalal and Co, Nagindas Thakordas v Shanker Pandurang Chaudhari, Mulla and M.

982-21—Mirza M and M, Abdul Rahim Ebrahim Ludha and Co a firm v Bhimji Naranji, Tyabji and D, Bhimji and Co, Ard H D and Co.

421-21—Purnanand and C, Joshi Ratansey Kanji v Karsondas Chapsey, Madhavji and Co.

836-17—Amin and D, Wadilal Dajibhai and anr v Mohanlal Pitamber and ors, N C Dalal and Co.

3217-19—Ard H D and Co, Messrs Kalliandas Bros a firm v Multani Jugjivandas Chimandas a firm, Bhimji and Co.

BEFORE THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE KEMP.

In the Division Court No. 52.
Suits for hearing and Final disposal.
Long Causes.

3526-19—Shamrao M H and Co, Nanchand Walchand and Co a firm v Ratilal Mulji a firm, Purnanand and Cl.

3126-19—Dubash and Co, Sagarmal Ratanchand v Joharmal Shambhuji and anr, Smetham B and L.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE KINCAID.

In the Division Court No. 53.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Short Causes.

1778-21—Moti and D, Jasrupji Sardarmal a firm v Waghmal Kiratmal, Dubash and Co, Part heard 23-8-21.

2467-21—Manch and N, Shamji Raja and Co v Bhima Arsi Sukhani, Sab and G.

Long Causes.

2594-21—Payne and Co, Raghunath Khimraj v Pushi Tribhuvandas Gamli, Mulla and M.

3467-19—Amar and M, Bai Bhagirathibai widow and anr v Mahadeo Anant Kher, Chitnis K and M.

3494-19—Vachha and Co, Gopuram Harmukhrai v Popatlalji A and Co, Aganist 1st defendant only.

3504-19—Ard H D and Co, Pirozsham Jamshedji Mulla Phiroz v Ludha Ebrahim & Co a firm, Payne and Co.

2702-19—Merwanji K and Co, Bhagwandas Gangaram a firm v Virchand Vankatrai, Mehta L and Co.

2793-19—Sunderdas and Co, Mathuradas Kikabhai Popatlal a firm v Chaturbhuj a firm.

1331-19—Moti and D, A K Mody and Co a firm v The Autogenous Welding and Repairs, Mans H M and Co.

3430-19—Madhavji and Co, Jamnadas and Co a firm v Walter P Pavri and Co, F P Pavri.

1079-20—Madhavji and Co, Cursondas Madhavdas v Jamnadas Gordhandas, Ragh N and Co.

3511-19—M B Chotha, Hanubhai Premchand a firm v Keshavji Ramdas a firm, Ma

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Literature and Art.

THE CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTOR.

Chains, By S. Winsten, C. W. Danial Ltd., 5s. Modern warfare is not a sentimental affair. It is not less than organised butchery. But there is no doubt that during the war the authorities, that directed the great slaughter, were reduced to the necessity of adopting the illogical attitude of imprisoning both the murderers and those who "refused to kill." The social martyrdom which the conscientious objectors were made to suffer, for their courage and foresight, rendered the lot of the mere murderer comparatively enviable. It is no wonder, therefore, that the author of the little book of poems here reviewed, one of the victms in "chains" during the war, should hear the demoniacal laughter that greeted the cry-"Ours is a righteous war." It was beyond human capacity to avoid the bitter sarcasm apparent in his poems, for instance, those, entitled "Companions in Guard Room," "In Trance," "Slaughter," "A Bayonet Charge," "Two Hebrew Parables," "Watching the Conicts at Exercise," and "A Prison Service." Is this exxageration?—

"The vulture has taken to agriculture;
Fields strewn with corpses,
Coursed by streams of blood. . . .
Enough! What say the leaders about it all?
'Their blood must flow or our country fall,'
They both have for their battle call."

"He is not satisfied: the earth is large:
there is still room for more corpses."

Young children play at soldiers. . ."

His prison experiences show vividly the deadening effect of the agonies suffered by those who dared to express the truly sane convictions of the enlightened free. The maddening routine of daily life in prison is revealed some of his poems, particularly in "Waking in Prison", "Work", "Prison Hunger" "All Day," "Bitter Gold," 'A Convict Song," and "Exercise." Fortunately, the author's sanity, imagination and faith survive in spite of all these miseries. His imagination can conjure 'P'ctures" which enthral. He realises that he shares the inevitable sorrows as well as the joys "Of the emerging world." The prison walls around him proclaim the doom of all the petty cares that "dul the edge of mind."

"If Love in Freedom grows, if Love breaks through
The prison walls of pain and fear and care,
Then Freedom's worth my love. . ."

Love is the bed-rock of his faith. The tender affection, manifested in his poems, for his wife and child enables him to be

". . . worthy of my fatherhood:
By joy and hope in right activity.
By seeing my child in every one."

It is love that enables him to sing:—

"You search for stars
And find them in your heart."

Under the presure of the great war, he says, the "youth-spirit" sought to find itself and now:—

"Youth shall yet proclaim its rights.
We love and revere life. We shall not killl."

This book should be welcome particularly to the C. O.s who in this country are called the N. C. O.s.

AFTER THE WAR.

'The Treaty Settlement of Europe: Som Geographic and Ethnographic Aspects.' By H. J. Fleure Oxford University Press. The book is an attempt at explaining th hanges in the map of Europe as a conse uence of the Great War. The rise of ver many nation States, in Europe, will ot come as a surprise to the reader when remembers that at the conclusion of apoleonic Wars, thanks to secret treaties d the shifting opportunism of diplomates. e much talked of principle of nationality d to give way before that of legitimacy other words, dynastic interests. Subsequently, Europe saw the rise of two virile ation States—the German Confederation nd Italy—in 1870. Russia and the Dual Monarchy of Austria-Hungary, however, remained were conglomerations of warring nationalities whose only bond of union was allegiance to and a common sovereign.

The War, with its slogan of self-determination, acted as an impetus to national awakening in every land, and its result in Europe has been the breaking up of Empires nd the rise of nation States. curiously nough language being the sole criterion of nationality. Here was an opportunity for he peace-makers at Versailles to give lasting peace to Europe. Unfortunately secret diplomacy has not yet given up the host, with the result that Europe is a seething cauldron of political unrest, bringg in its train economic depression and untold misery, forcefully brought home to e world by the appalling famine in ussia. States have sprung up, which ke a fetish of sovereignty yet are unable maintain it. Latvia wars with Lithua- and Poland wars with both; while the ody of a League of nations the mere d maid of the Allies—keeps on sending es.

or have the Allies been so zealous of -determination either, particularly in case of ex-enemies, as the author kly admits. Fiume is the only instance ich the artillery of President Wilson's teen points was levelled, otherwise strategic interests have always prevailed in the shaping of frontiers.

The Balkan Cock-pit presents its own difficulties and the Allies by their iniquitous Treaty of Sevres have made confusion worse confounded. Here populations are so closely intermingled that no frontiers can be wholly satisfactory. Surely Greece can have no claim to Thrace.

The author makes a strong plea for co-operative action on the part of Europe, especially to save an ancient nerve centre of European civilisation like Vienna. The author remarks, and rightly, that the sovereignty of small States is in practice always limited. The comparative success of the Little Entente of Czecho-Slovakia, Roumania and Cugo-Slavia makes the hope possible that when Europe recovers from her wartime madness, she will settle down to some sort of co-operative activity.

But the author is not actuated by altrisum, in his plea for a united Europe He advocates it, because it would facilitate the exploitation of the East. This is surely counting without the host. The East is in no mood to be expoited, whether by the big Powers or by Europe as an entity.

THE PUNJAB ATROCITIES.

"A Review of the Atrocities in the Punjab." (in Kanarese). Published by the Dharma Prakasha Press, Mangalore.

This is only a translation, into Kanarese or Kannada language, of the Congress Committee's Report on the Punjab atrocities with a fore-word by the compiler and is intended to educate public opinion in Karnata (the Canarese country) on the great lesson conveyed by those atrocities.

There are certain wounds which always leave their ugly scars behind and there are certain insults can never be forgotten. Such are the wounds and insults conveyed by the Punjab atrocities! The wounds, burnt deep into the soul of united India and the insults to her dignity and self-respect as a nation as conveyed can never be fully understood by those who have never read an authentic account of these atrocities. Englishmen, possessing the least bit of self-respect and still cherishing their ideals of freedom, will bow their heads in shame when they read these pages which relate how a sister nation with a civilization older and nobler than theirs was brutally insulted by some of their own kith and kin. No patriotic Indian reading this account of the humiliation of his Motherland will throw aside the book on reading it without a grim determination to render all help that lies in his power to make the great Non-Cooperation movement a success. As a translation, we find that the book under review closely follows the original, and, but for a few provincialisms in the style and some printer's mistakes, is sure to make itself popular in all the scattered districts of the Karnata Province. We earnestly invite the Karnata Provincial Congress Committee at Gadag and also all minor centres of Congress activity in the Province to have this book widely circulated among those who cannot read English. The work has entailed much care and labour not to mention the heavy expense on the enterprising publishers and deserves success. The book ought to find a place in every Kannada (Kanarese) speaking home.

THE LOKAMANYA.

"The Heavenly Message of the Lokamanya. By Lakshman Narayan Joshi, Published by Shankar Hari Muley, Poona (in Marathi, Price As. 10).

This is a careful collection of the stirrin messages left by the Lokamanya to the nations of Europe who blinded by th glamour of their aggressive civilization trample on the liberties of weaker nations and also to those intensely patriotic fellow country men of his who are disappointed at the slow progress that India is makin towards the goal of liberty. There ar such beings in nature, (the compiler says as the owls, who love darkness rather tha light. But who, he asks, is there in all Maharashtra or even in all India who having read of the Lokamanya's noble life and stirring speeches can still be called man and yet prefer the bonds of slavery to the glorious status of a freeman? A collection of all the inspiring and noble sayings of the beloved patriot on the great European war and its bearing on current Indian political aspirations is here given in prophetic and stirring language that burns into the soul of the reader and straightway convinces without the necessity of detailed argument. The book is well worth reading by the Marathi knowing public and is priced only ten annas. It contains besides a beautiful portrait of the Lokamanya.

THE WORLD WAR.

—This is the title of an Epic by Jehangir Rustomji Patell. published by Erskine Macdonald, Ltd., London, price 5s. The book contains eleven cantoes, the first of which is entitled "The Ambition of the Kaiser for World Dominion," the rest celebrates the battles and campaigns their order up to "The Battles of Yser and Ypres," while the last Canto commemorates the "Death of Lord Roberts."

The work is evidently the result of patient reading and much thought on the part of the author, but it was a hopeless task which he set himself. It is impossible for any man to write a great Epic poem in a foreign tongue. It has never been done. To begin with, a perfect knowledge of the language in its ancient and modern forms is necessary. That is the first qualification, without which all other qualifications, are useless. Here, on the first and many succeeding pages the author writes "thou followed by the modern form of the past tense, i.e. "thou mocked," instead of the correct ancient form "mockedst." The couplet.

"Bereft of victory, bereft of might.
"The vanquished victor of a hundrer fight,"

Shows contempt for grammar for the sake of rhyme, and is followed immediately by

"Thou thought thyself in thy martial fire,"

Which is both colloquial and Archaic, and also ungrammatical.

The poetic gift is there but its expression is marred by incomplete command of language and metre.

INDUSTRIES IN BARODA.

The annual report of the Department of Commerce and Industry of the Baroda State is an instructive document for every one interested in the economic development of the country. The consciousness that the material resources of this continent have not been investigated and exploited to the extent they might have been seems to be gaining ground everywhere; and wherever the governing authority is not a helpless prey to alien exploiters, efforts are made, to inquire into and promote the material Welfare of the country. Smaller units must necessarily operate in a restricted sphere. In Baroda, there seems some desire to understand the root causes of the misery of the people as well as an endeavour to alleviate it as far as may be. We are not always able to agree to, or accept unquestioned, the principles underlying such efforts in the units above-named; but the defect in the enquiries seems more the result of insufficient clearing up of the problems investigated than of an absence of a *bona fide* desire to help. The unconscious influence of intangible factors such as class sympathy of the investigating officers might suggest expedients for industrial regeneration whose fundamental fallacies would in course of time be automatically exploded by a keener perception and better understanding of some of the evils of modern industrialism. A glance at appendix 1 discloses the system of aid in preliminary investigation into the profitability of new enterprise, and the conditions under which the cost of such an enterprise might be shared between the Government and the applicant. Financial and other concessions and facilities by the State to the same end are also outlined. The more effective aid—such as tariff arrangement, railway rates, mining consolidation and the like—are, of course, beyond the power of a single State. And it is for such factors as these that the need for a more consolidated policy for the whole of India for a fuller awakening in the peoples of India—becomes so urgent.

Messrs. Constable will shortly publish a work entitled "Harmones and Heredity: A Discussion of the Evolution of Adaptations and the Evolution of Species," by J. T. Cunningham, Lecturer in Zoology at East London College, University of London. An historical survey of theories or suggestions of chemical inheredity is given by way of introduction, and chapters are included on "Mendelism and the Heredity of Sex"; "Origin of Somatic Sex-Characters in Evolution"; and "Origin of Non-Sexual Characters."

A series of essays on "Hellenism and Christianity," by Edwyn Bevan, is announced by Messrs. Allen and Unwin. The author discusses, among other questions, "How far was Christianity, as is commonly said in certain quarters, derived from Greek-Oriental mystery religions?" "Is it true that the East can never be really influenced by Western Civilization?" "What foundation is there for the hope of continuous human progress?" and "What is the relation between Christian faith and Western rationalism?"

Professor S. Krishnaswami Aiyangar, of the University of Madras, is adding to his list of historical works on India a volume entitled "South India and her Muhammadan Invaders," which Mr. Milford is publishing immediately. The book is a side-shoot of the author's forthcoming "History of the Hindu Empire of Vijayanagar," containing the result of an investigation of the actual circumstances in which that empire came into being, and exhibiting "the glorious part played by the last great Hoysala of Mysore in saving South India and Indian culture for the Hindus."

Two little books on the marriage question are about to be published by the S.P.C.K., one by Dr. Chase, Bishop of Ely, entitled "What did Christ teach about Divorce?"; and the other by Professor G. H. Box and Dr. Charles Gore, entitled "Divorce in the New Testament."

Messrs. Allen and Unwin's forthcoming books include "Modern Men and Mummers," by Hesketh Pearson. Studies are included of Mrs. Asquith, Lloyd George, Winston Churchill, Dean Inge, Bernard Shaw, H. G. Wells, Hall Caine, Edmund Gosse, Joseph Conrad, G. K. Chesterton, Sir Herbert Tree, Sir George Alexander, and Sir Francis Galton.

Professor L. T. Hobhouse has a new work in preparation with Messrs. Allen and Unwin entitled "The Elements of Social Justice," written from the standpoint that politics must be subordinate to ethics, and that we must endeavour to see ethics not in fragments but as a whole. The same publishers also announce a study of "The Foundations of Social Science," by J. Mickel Williams.

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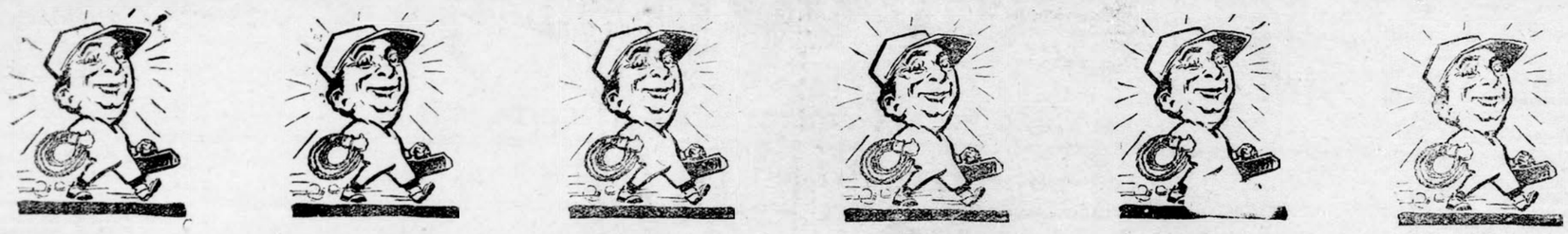

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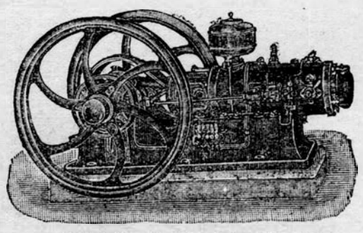

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